7 AUG. 1933

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VOL XXI NO 183 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, AUGUST 5, 1933 SIXTEEN PAGES

MAHATMA GETS ONE YEAR'S S. I.

RELEASED, RE-ARRESTED AND TRIED IN JAIL PRECINCTS

Trial Lasts For Half An Hour, Gandhiji Making Short Statement

"UNJUST SYSTEM THAT IS DRAGGING INDIA DOWN ECONOMICALLY AND MORALLY"

Out Of The Gloaming.

By the time the J.P.C. finishes its job, Sir Samuel Hoare and his under-study will have had a surfeit from the number of dinners they are given by Indian witnesses. Mr. Butler's difficulty lies not in doing justice to the fare, but to the persons who provide it. That is according to the family tradition.

* * * *

Bombay Presidency Landholders were not to be left behind and they too dined Mr. Butler, who looked up to them to provide the valuable stable elements in the future constitution. Poor fellows they have all got stakes in the country to which they are tied.—we do not know whether in the stable or out of it!

* * * *

They tried thrice in the Municipal Corporation to have an adjournment of the House, but failed, which proves that the stable elements to which Mr. Butler referred are strongly entrenched there. One more proof that the Butlers are always right!

* * * *

But since the Corporation discussed butter the very next moment the members must have mixed the two questions together, particularly as the Viceroy is in Bombay. "Muska" is a subject on which they can all descant wisely, and even generously.

* * * *

Talking of butter, we have before us a copy of "Bombay's Butter Bulletin," the latest enterprise of the old Dame of Bori Bunder "Bombay's Butter Bulletin" is born of the recent revelations regarding the adulteration of butter with fish oil, for which the "Bombay Chronicle" was responsible.

* * * *

The fishy smell of the business reminded the Old Girl of the old tag about fishing in troubled waters and she smelt an opportunity of doing a bit of good for herself

* * * *

So she started "Bombay's Butter Bulletin," which writes in a high falutin strain about the need for pure butter for the good of the community and the altruistic aim of Bori Bunder to guide honest butter merchants in the right path—which leads to the advertising columns of the "Times of India."

* * * *

Unfortunately the raw hand who was put on to the job has floundered on to the wrong track and the troop of potential advertisers who were to have been gently led up the garden path, have been infuriated by insinuations against the Indian butter-trade for the benefit of imported brands,—from whom a goodly contribution to the profits of the enterprise was also anticipated.

* * * *

Now the fat is literally in the fire. The latest issue of the "Bulletin" is devoted to a clearing up of "misunderstandings", but the explanations have only made matters worse and a grand remonstrance from the disgruntled butter merchants has been forwarded to Bori Bunder in place of orders for space, with fat cheques.

* * * *

Our advice to the Old Lady is to close down on this stunt before things get worse and before the attention of the Commissioner of Police is drawn to the fact that she is issuing an "Unauthorised News Sheet" and incurring severe penalties under the Press Emergency Powers Act and Ordinances and what not.

* * * *

Fancy Old Ma practising individual Civil Disobedience!

* * * *

All this talk about adulteration reminds us, further, about the article which recently appeared in the "Chronicle" about the awful conditions in which our daily bread is manufactured in some of the local bakeries.

* * * *

Some people might have thought that the revelations about cockroaches and what not getting mixed up with the bread were an exaggeration. But we have before us a portion of a loaf into which a spider has been inextricably kneaded.

* * * *

We don't feel at all grateful to the gentleman who has presented it to us. We wish he had kept it to himself, for we feel that we can never look at, much less eat, bread again.

* * * *

But we have our duty to perform, however unpleasant it may be, and the public must be protected. The "Spider In The Bread" is open to inspection by anyone who wants to see it, as well as the name of the well-known bakery from which it was produced.

* * * *

A nervous-looking old lady got in a lift at the top of a very high building. Presently it began to descend rapidly.

"I say, young man," she said hoarsely to the snub-nosed lift-boy, "what would happen if this lift should drop to the bottom?"

The boy turned quite pale at the idea.

"Gee ma'am," he exclaimed, "I'd lose my job!"

UNITE INSIDE CONGRESS

Formulate Concerted Action In Country

LEADER'S APPEAL

All Parties' Conference Should Be Summoned, Says Mr. B. Das

BOMBAY, Aug. 4.

Mr. B. Das, M.L.A., interviewed by Associated Press said:

"I deplore very much that H. E. the Viceroy did not grant an interview to Mahatma Gandhi. Thus a very good chance for reconciliation and peaceful solution of India's future has been lost. I am always an optimist and I believe India can still remain a contented partner in the British Empire. It seems misunderstandings have been growing and the Government of India have not appreciated the spirit of conciliation that was prevailing all over the country.

UNITE INSIDE CONGRESS.

It is high time now that there should be summoned an All Parties' Conference to take stock of the present political situation and to formulate concerted action in the country. The Congress Nationalists from their peculiar position as responsivists are the party that should summon this Conference of Congress and non-congress leaders at a suitable central place. Let us review the whole position and let us find out if we cannot unite inside the Congress once again for common action, so that India attains her full stature within the British Commonwealth of Nations. Too much stress is laid on policies and programmes than the ultimate goal and what the country wants is peaceful solution of her birth-right-Swaraj. Wise statesmanship and practical politics demand at least a review of the whole position and I do hope my appeal to Congress and non-Congress leaders at this juncture will not be in vain."

ENLARGED ORISSA.

Asked as to what he did in London Mr. Das said, "I went to work for an enlarged Orissa Province and I am quite sanguine that the White Paper boundaries of the Orissa Province would be enlarged to the advantage of Oriyas".—A.P.

Madras.—A Brahmin described as a Congress volunteer was produced at the Commissioner's Office on Friday. It is stated that the police arrested him on Thursday, near Senate House during the Convocation, as he was distributing certain leaflets and crying boycott slogans.—A.P.

DETAILS OF BRIEF TRIAL

Why Mahatma Broke Order

POONA, August 4.

The trial commenced at 3-15 this afternoon, before Mr. Ryam S. Israil, Additional District Magistrate, Poona, of Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi under Section 14 of Bombay Special (Emergency) Powers Act of 1932 at Yeravda Jail.

The trial took place in the Jail Superintendent's Office. Clad as sparsely as ever Gandhiji sat opposite to the Magistrate, wrapped in a Khaddar shawl.

THOSE PRESENT AT TRIAL

Mr. Mathurdas Tricumjee, Gandhiji's nephew, was the only outsider present at the trial, and he sat behind Gandhiji. A few police officers and Mr. Ragunath Vasudev Kurlekar, Police Prosecutor sat on the other side of the judicial clerk's desk.

Two press representatives completed those who witnessed the trial. Outside the jail a few motor cars in front of the jail gate were the only evidence showing that something unusual was happening inside the jail.

PLEA OF GUILTY.

After the Magistrate had explained the circumstances under which the trial was taking place Gandhiji suggested that as he intended to plead guilty to the charge, witnesses may not be examined. But the Magistrate informed Gandhiji that the procedure required him to record some evidence.

Gandhiji: "I think in 1922, when I pleaded guilty all evidence was dispensed with."

The Magistrate: "It is very kind of you. I understand what you say. It will of course simplify matters, but it is my duty to record some evidence. But I shall reduce it as much as possible".

POLICE OFFICIAL'S EVIDENCE.

The trial was then proceeded with. Mr. F.W. Ogorman, District Superintendent of Police who was the first prosecution witness stated: "It is within my knowledge that Gandhiji was served with a notice under the Bombay Special Powers Act, by the Government, this morning, which notice, among other things, directed him to remove himself outside the limits of the Yaravda village by 9-30 a.m. to-day.

Continuing the District Superintendent of Police stated "I was present when the order was served on Gandhiji by Lt.-Col. Martin, Superintendent, Yeravda Jail. Gandhiji endorsed the order in his own handwriting, refusing to abide by it. I will produce the order which was signed by Gandhiji in the presence of the Jail Superintendent.

AREA FOR RESIDENCE.

To a question asked to me by Gandhiji I informed him that the area prescribed by Government for his residence was that of the Poona City Municipality, and that if he continued to remain in the limits of Yeravda area or if he entered Poona Cantonment limits he would be infringing the terms of the said order.

This Gandhiji refused to do both orally and in writing. When Gandhiji entered a private taxi subsequently, he asked me that he should be driven to some secluded spot in Yeravda itself. This was accordingly done.

Gandhiji had at that time received his morning post which he desired to peruse.

Some time later, my Assistant Superintendent of Police returned bringing with him Gandhiji and Mr. Mahadev Desai under arrest. My Assistant Superintendent of Police informed me that Gandhiji had refused to comply with the terms of the Government order though he had informed him twice that he was violating the terms of the order by remaining in the limits of the Yeravda village."

CROSS-EXAMINATION NOT WANTED.

Asked by the court if he wished to cross-examine the witness, Gandhiji replied in the negative.

Lt.-Col. Martin, Superintendent of Yeravda Jail, who was examined next, deposed that the order produced in the court was served by him on Gandhiji at five minutes to nine this morning.

The next prosecution witness was the Assistant Superintendent of Police who had actually arrested Gandhiji. He deposed that he was present outside the jail when Gandhiji and Mr. Desai came out of the jail and entered a private taxi. The District Superintendent of Police instructed him to watch their movements, and see if they complied with the order that had been served on them.

ARRESTED AND BROUGHT BACK TO JAIL.

Gandhiji drove away and stopped at a secluded spot near the golf links. At 9-40 a.m., as they were still at the same spot he approached them and informed them that the time as stood in the Government order had expired and that if Gandhiji desired to comply with the order he should leave at once. Gandhiji stated that he did not wish to comply with the order.

Witness waited for ten minutes more, and at 9-50 a.m., told them both that if they did not leave Yeravda limits at once they would be liable for arrest.

Both replied that they did not intend to leave the spot and at 9-52 witness arrested them, and brought them back to the jail, where he handed them over to the jail authorities. He registered an offence under Section 14 and sent up the charge-sheet.

Gandhiji declined to cross-examine this witness also saying "no thanks".

TAXI-DRIVER'S EVIDENCE.

The taxi driver in whose taxi Gandhiji drove to the golf links and remained there was the next and the last witness. He corroborated the other witnesses.

To a question put by the court, Gandhiji stated that his age was 64, and that he was a Hindu by caste.

Magistrate: "What is your occupation?"

Gandhiji hesitated for a moment and said; "I am by occupation a spinner, a weaver and a farmer."

YERAVDA JAIL HIS RESIDENCE!

Magistrate: Your residence?

Gandhiji: Yeravda Jail now. (laughter).

Magistrate: Now, of course, but otherwise.

Gandhiji: Otherwise, Sabarmati in Ahmedabad district.

Magisrtate: Have you anything to say regarding the prosecution evidence recorded?

Gandhiji: I think that the statements that several prosecution witnesses have made are quite correct."

Gandhiji proceeding, stated that he desired to make a brief statement as to why he had committed a breach of the order.

MAHATMA'S STATEMENT.

The court consenting he dictated off-hand a brief statement in slow and measured tones. He stated: "I would like to make a brief statement as to what I have committed, what must be described as a wilful and deliberate breach of orders of the Government of Bombay. It cannot be a matter of pleasure to me to commit a breach of orders of a constituted authority. I am a lover of peace, nad I regard myself a good citizen vlountarily tendering obedience to the laws of the State to which I may belong.

"But there are occasions in the lifetime of a citizen when it becomes his painful duty to disobey laws and orders of his State. As is well-known such a painful duty came upon me in 1919, and I have not only regarded it as my duty to offer civil disobedience but also to preach it to others.

"GLARING INSTANCE."

Proceeding Gandhiji stated: "This law or Act under which I have been tried is a glaring instance in proof of my contention that the system under which India is being governed to-day is not merely unjust, but is dragging her down economically and morally

"I have had recently a spell of freedom and was in the midst of people and had an opportunity of coming into contact with a very large number of men and women. I made what was to me a most painful discovery, that men high and low, educated and uneducated, rich and poor, were demoralised, and were living in a perpetual fear of loss of liberty, and their possessions.

"It was a trial for me to live in the midst of that atmosphere. Being by nature from my childhood a confirmed believer in the methods of non-violence I sought shelter in self-suffering such as

(Continued on page 11.)

"Self-Suffering Only Way To Relieve Soul's Agony"

POONA, Aug. 4.

Mahatma Gandhi was released shortly after 9 this morning, and served with an order under Section 4 of the Bombay Special Emergency Powers Act by the District Magistrate of Poona, requiring Gandhiji not to leave the Poona City limits.

Gandhiji broke the order forthwith and was re-arrested and taken back to Yerrawada Jail where the trial took place at 3-15 p.m.

The trial took place in the Jail Superintendent's office.

MAGISTRATE'S 'NO'

Mahatma suggested to the Magistrate that as he intended to plead guilty to the charge, witnesses may not be examined. But the Magistrate said the procedure required him to record some evidence.

Mr. F. W. O'Gorman, District Superintendent of Police gave evidence.

MAHATMA'S BRIEF STATEMENT

Mahatma made a brief statement saying it had become his painful duty to break orders of a constituted authority. Being a confirmed believer in non-violence he had sought to take shelter under self-suffering, that being the only way in which he could relieve himself of the agony burning in him. It was for these reasons he was offering resistance to Government.

AWARD OF SENTENCES

Mahatmaji was sentenced to one year's simple imprisonment and placed in 'A' Class. Sjt. Mahadev Desai was then tried and healso got one year's simple imprisonment and was plac ed in 'B' Class.

ANTI-DUMPING BILL & AFTER

40 Industries Seek Protection

DECISION NOT YET

Examination Of A Few Applications

SIMLA, Aug. 4.

When the Anti-Dumping Bill was passed by the Assembly, Sir Joseph Bhore had warned industries not to regard it as a signal to rush to Government seeking protection. The Associated Press understands that about 40 industries have already applied under the Act. These include pottery, silk, soap, cement, wirenails, leather goods, glass and sugar candy.

These applications are being examined by the Government of India, and in respect of several of them, a questionnaire has been issued for answers, on receipt of which final decision will be taken regarding the amount of additional customs duty leviable on the articles imported, or sold at such abnormally low rates as to endanger the existence of the industry concerned in India.

EXAMINATION OF APPLICATIONS

Whatever the decision taken in respect of any particular industry, the notification concerning it will be placed before the legislature. The presence of the President of the Tariff Board, prior to proceeding to Jamshedpur to conduct the statutory inquiry into the steel industry, has been utilised for examination of some of these applications, while the research branch created in the Commerce Department is being already utilised for the operation of the anti-dumping Bill.

The complaints of industries which have applied are mainly directed against the low prices of articles coming, but no action is immediately possible as six months' notice renouncing the Indo-Japanese Trade Convention of 1905 expires only in the middle of October.

JAPANESE DELEGATION

Meanwhile though Simla does no officially known of the impending visit of the Japanese delegation for negotiations, there is expectation of discussion with them when they arrive sometime at the end of September that is after the close of the Autumn session of the Assembly.

The publication of the Tariff Board's report on the textile industry can be expected about the 20th instant.—A. P.

TROUBLE AGAIN ON GRAN CHACO FRONT

Bolivian Forces Repulsed With Heavy Losses

ASUNCION (Paraguay), Aug 4.

There has been a fresh outbreak of hostilities on Gran Chaco front according to a official Paraguayan communique.

Bolivian forces who had launched a strong attack on the Gondra sector, have been driven back with heavy losses. Meanwhile Bolivian aeroplanes and artillery are extremely active in other sectors.—Reuter.

LATE MR. J. M. SEN GUPTA

Committee To Perpetuate Memory Formed

CALCUTTA, August 4.

At a meeting of the citizens of Calcutta held this evening at the Town Hall, Sir P.C. Roy presiding, a committee was formed to devise ways and means to perpetuate the memory of J.M. Sen Cupta.—A.P.

TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word.

Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word Minimum charge is fixed at Re 1 for 16 words Abbreviations and numbers (upto 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under "Box No.—The Advertisement Department, The Bombay Chronicle", Old Custom House Road, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Numbers should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

"Overseas Tea leads in fragrance and taste",—Distributors, Stockists and Agents wanted all over on liberal terms. Apply: Overseas Corporation, Stephen House, 4 and 5, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta. (1024).

Experienced travelling canvassers for daily requisite, Decent salary and commission. Security essential. Apply Box No. 1039, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted candidates to qualify Overseers; Sub-Engineers through correspondence. British India Technical College (Registered by Government). Sukkur, Sind. (1015)

Wanted—An Assistant Secretary. Pay Rs. 450-25-600. Applications should be sent strictly in accordance with detailed advertisement, published in the "Hindu" of 22nd July, 1933. (A copy of the advertisement can be obtained only on sending a stamped and addressed envelope to the Bank of Hindustan, Ltd., Madras. (1028).

10. SITUATIONS WANTED.

Well-known highly qualified specialist French master desires school work and tuitions. Prepares even perfect beginners in one year for Matric or First Year. Address: D. H. Dighe, J. K. Building, 4, Gamdevi. (1038).

An energetic man experienced in typewriting, correspondence and accountancy wants employment. Spare time preferred. Please write to Box No. 1019, "Bombay Chronicle."

A Weaving Master possessing expert Technical knowledge of Weaving, Sizing and finishing, and extensive practical experience of five years, working for the last seven years in a Mill of 580 Looms under the management of a reputable firm desires a change of place and an employment in a Mill of long standing owing to the climate of the present situation being not agreeable to his family. Apply Box No. 1041, "Bombay Chronicle."

13. SHOPS & ROOMS TO LET.

Space Available For Flash Light Advertisements; also Shops and Rooms at Shri Hari Nivas, Gowalia Tank, Oppo. Fire Brigade. Apply to: Purshotam Govindjee, 62-66, Vithalwadi. Telephone No. 23518. (1040).

14. HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

To Let—A flat well ventilated independent and open on all sides in China Bag compound for Rs. 100. See Mr. Ravilal H. Kikani, China Bag, Girgaum. (1032).

20. OFFICES TO LET.

For Solicitors—Well-lighted and airy Office premises in Meadows Street. Reasonable Rent. Apply Box No. 123, "Bombay Chronicle."

124. FRUITS & VEGETABLES.

Manufacturers and Suppliers of Fruits and Flowers grafts on large scale. Free catalogue Dilkhush Nursery, Vyara, Baroda State. (1007).

74. AGENCIES WANTED

Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle," Daily and Sunday Editions, particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkas, Sd. Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezwada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada, Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar, Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra, Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer, Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi, Simla, Wardha-Castle Rock, Arvi, Ellichpur, Hinganghat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, Mhow and Amraoti. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle," Co., Ltd., P. O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

A Bargain—Norwegian Glazed Newsprint paper 30" x 40"—50lbs. and 35" x 45"—62lbs. For Sale at one Anna and Six Pies per pound. Apply "Bombay Chronicle" Co Ltd.

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per Column inch Per Insertion
1st Insertion ...	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion ...	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion ...	Rs 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions ...	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified Short Advertisement Columns

NOTICE

No. 77 of 1933.

Chief Customs Office,
Jamnagar, 28th July, 1933.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for general information that Nawanagar State is going to farm out by Public Auction the contract of selling country liquors of local preparation and imported English liquors for one year or a suitable period from 1st September, 1933.

Persons desirous of submitting offers to keep the Ijara are requested to be present at our Office on 21-8-1933 morning.

Conditions of the contract will be explained at the time of the auction.

DWARKADAS L. SARAYA,
Chief Customs Officer,
Nawanagar State

7062

Public Notices

NOTICE

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that on SATURDAY, the 5th August, 1933, the areas noted below will be CLOSED to vehicular traffic and reserved for public purposes between the hours of 3 p.m. and 9 p.m. on account of the "Cocoanut Day" Fair:—

WAUDBY ROAD from its junction with Ravelin Street to its junction with Hornby Road;

CRUICKSHANK ROAD (North-bound vehicular traffic only will be allowed on this Road. Tram traffic will be allowed both ways);

1ST MARINE STREET:

GIRGAUM ROAD from its junction with Princess Street to its junction with Dhobi Talao will be closed to South-bound vehicular traffic except trams;

KALBADEVI ROAD from its junction with Princess Street to its junction with Carnac Road will be closed to North-bound vehicular traffic except trams;

CARNAC ROAD from its junction with Sheik Memon Street to its junction with Kalbadevi Road will be closed to West-bound vehicular traffic except trams;

NOTE—No cross traffic will be allowed at the Dhobi Talao junction.

SANDHURST ROAD from its junction with French Bridge to Chaupati;

CHAUPATI from the old level crossing to its junction with Babulnath Road; *Hughes Road* from its junction with Sandhurst Bridge to its junction with French Road; *French Road* from its junction with Chaupati to Chaupati Back Road; and *Harvey Road* from its junction with Chaupati to Chaupati Back Road.

Vehicles proceeding from Walkeshwar and Cumballa Hill towards the Fort and *vice versa* will have to proceed along the following Roads:—

WALKESHWAR TO FORT—Via Walkeshwar Road, Babulnath Road, Hughes Road, Harvey Road, past Fire Brigade Station on to Frere Bridge, Lamington Road and New Queen's Road,

CUMBALLA HILL TO FORT.—Via Gowalia Tank Road, Nana's Chowk, over Kennedy Bridge, Girgaum Road and New Queen's Road.

FORT TO WALKESHWAR.—Via New Queen's Road, French Bridge, French Road, Chaupati Back Road, Babulnath Road and Walkeshwar Road.

FORT TO CUMBALLA HILL.—Via New Queen's Road, Girgaum Road, over Kennedy Bridge, Nana's Chowk and Gowalia Tank Road.

This order is made under Subsection (4) of Section 23 of Act IV of 1902.

P. A. KELLY,
Commissioner of Police.

Head Police Office:
Bombay, 26th July, 1933.

7068

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAYS CO. LTD.

NOTICE

BEST Omnibuses will also be diverted as per above Police orders

7069

The New Swadeshi Mills of Ahmedabad Ltd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from THURSDAY, the 10th August, to THURSDAY, the 24th August, 1933, both days inclusive.

7078

The Indian Automobile Co., Ltd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Registered Office of the Company is removed from 310, Lamington Road, to 4, APOLLO STREET, FORT, BOMBAY, from the 1st August, 1933.

7074

Public Notice

King Edward VII Memorial Hospital AND Seth G. S. Medical College, Bombay

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited from Registered Medical Practitioners for the post of an Honorary Assistant Surgeon at the K. E. M. Hospital and Seth G. S. M. College. Applications should reach the undersigned on or before 29th August 1933, on forms to be obtained from the Dean's Office. The terms and conditions of the appointment can be had on application from the same Office.

Applicants should possess the following minimum requirements:

1. A postgraduate qualification in Surgery of any recognized University or Institution in India or abroad.
2. They must have held a resident surgical appointment for a period of at least six months at a recognized hospital and should produce a list of operations performed by them.
3. They should produce testimonials for having sufficient experience in surgery and surgical teaching, one of which must be from the head of the institution where they obtained the experience.

V. R. KHANOLKAR,
Ag. Dean.

Parel, Bombay 12.

7067

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client has agreed to purchase from JAGJIWANDAS MAYARAM BHATT, the undermentioned property. All persons having any interest in or claim to the said property or any portion thereof by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 121, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY ABOVE REFERRED TO:

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the tenements and hereditaments standing thereon situate lying and being on the East side of Ghod Bunder Road, being part of land known as Netwada in Kasba Malad, Pot Tukdi Bandra Tukdi and District Thana in the Registration sub-district of Bandra containing by admeasurement (691) six hundred and ninety-one square yards or thereabouts having no Survey Number as Malad being a Khoti village there has been no Survey of land there and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Abdul Hamid Habibbhoy, Proprietor of the Malad village, on or towards the West by the Ghod Bunder Road, on or towards the South by the property formerly belonging to Gokuldas Walji (and now to the purchaser) and on or towards the North by the property formerly belonging to the estate of Ramji Thakersey deceased and now to Maganlal Kakalbhoy.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the tenements and hereditaments standing thereon situate, lying and being on the East side of Ghod Bunder Road, being part of land known as Netwade in Kasba Malad Pot Tukdi Bandra Tukdi and District Thana in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, containing by admeasurement (1381) one thousand three hundred and eighty-one square yards or thereabouts having no Survey Number as Malad being a Khoti village there has been no Survey of land there and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Abdool Hamid Habibbhoy, proprietor of the Malad village, on or towards the West by the said Ghod Bunder Road, on or towards the South by a passage and beyond that by the property of Dwarkadas Ranchhoddas and on or towards the North by the property formerly belonging to the estate of Ramji Thakersey deceased and now to Maganlal Kakalbhoy and beyond that by the proposed Public Road and the property of Malad Khote.

Dated this 4th day of August, 1933.

CAPTAIN & VAIDYA,
Purchasers' Attorneys.

7077

AUCTION SALES

CRAWFORD & Co..

AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT AMBIVLI (ANDHERI).

By order of the Official Assignee of Bombay and Assignee of the estate and effects of insolvent Stanislaus Anthony Miranda, Messrs. Crawford and Co., will sell by Public Auction on Tuesday, the 8th of August 1933 at 4-30 p. m (S. T.) at their rooms at 122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, the right, title and interest of the said insolvent and of the Mortgagees Messrs. Balaji Shivram Pansare and Yeshwant Shivram Pansare in the property at Ambivli (Andheri) mentioned below

All that piece of land together with dwelling house standing thereon situate at Ambivli near Andheri Taluka South Salsette admeasuring about 830 square yards bearing N A. Survey No. 65 B (10) and assessed Notified Area under House No. 26 Ambivli Gauthan.

CRAWFORD & CO.

BENNETT & Co.

120, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay

AUCTION SALE OF 107 BALES AFRICAN COTTON.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will on MONDAY, the 7th August, 1933, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at Messrs. Narandas Rajaram & Co.'s Godown No. E 85, Sewree Cotton Depot, by order of the Parties concerned:

107 Bales African Cotton "B.R." Quality.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

INDIAN MADE MOSQUITO CURTAINS.

Made of extra strong white netting, very lasting and beautiful. Coloured curtains too in beautiful shades of light-green and blue at the same prices.

Long.	Broad.	High.	Price.
6 ft.	4 ft.	4 ft.	Rs. 2-4.
6½ft.	4½ft.	4½ft.	Rs. 2-14.
7 ft.	5 ft.	5 ft.	Rs. 3-4.
7½ft.	6 ft.	6 ft.	Rs. 4-4

CENTRAL INDIA TRADING CO. 14/2, Old China Bazar Street, Calcutta.

COMING!

PADMA WITH NAVINCHANDRA IN

"PRITHVIRAJ-SANYOGITA"

(HINDI)

A Maharashtra Cinetone Production

THIRD WEEK

Ranjit's Rainproof Picture

"MISS 1933"

Families of all Community pour in like the stormy Rain

DON'T MISS THIS MISS 1933

Time. Sat, Sun. & Holidays Extra Show At 2-45
Daily 5-15, 8 and 10-30

at

IMPERIAL CINEMA

FOR TWO DAYS

Till Sunday Only

PRABHAT CINETONE'S Popular Gorgeous Talkie in Marathi

MAYA or ILLUSION

MACHHINDRA

featuring

Mrs. DURGA KHOTE in her greatest role

Time 3, 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p. m.

WEST END TALKIES

LAMINGTON ROAD

Those sweet melodies may still be haunting you !!

New Melodies And New Features in

OUR :

SARASWATEE CINETONE'S

next musical mythological talkie

BHAKTA PRALHAD

featuring

MASTER MOHAN and Miss RATNAPRABHA

WATCH FOR DATE AND THEATRE !

It is the generous heart of Pandavas that gave two weeks time for reconsideration of terms to Kauravas.

CHHATRAPATI CINETONE'S

Mythological Musical Marathi Talkie

KURUKSHETRA

Directed and starred by
SARDAR BALASAHEB YADAO

Supported by
MADHAVRAO JOSHI, SHINDE BHONSALE, NANDREKAR, SHARDA, SHALINI, ANUSUYA and others

Story by R. K. ChinchalikarB.A., (Hon.)
Recording by Messrs. Ghatge and Walawalkar.
Music by Mr. Bhoorji Khan Saheb
Photography by Kamble Brothers.

at the

MAJESTIC TALKIES

From 19th AUGUST

For booking apply to: Royal Film Company, Dadar, BOMBAY, 14.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra

on 15 December, 2016

CITY AND SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu—Shravan Shud 15, 1989.
Muslim—Rabi-ul-Akhar 11, 1352
Parsi—Aspandad 3, 1302.
Sunrise—7h. 16m.
Sunset—7h. 13m.
Hightide—11-51, 23-46.
Lowtide—5-04, 18-00.

PHASES OF THE MOON: Full Moon 6th August 1h. 2m. a.m. Last quarter 13th August 9h. 19m. a.m.

Cocoanut Day: Public Holiday. Banks closed.

The s.s. "Comorin" with English mails sails at 1 p.m.

MONDAY, August 7.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

TUESDAY, Aug. 8.

Improvement Committee, 4-10 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, Aug. 9.

Municipal Standing Committee 4-10 p.m.

GITA CLASS.—Swami Vishwanand will conduct the usual Gita Class at 8-30 a.m. on Sunday in the Library of the Ramkrishna Ashram, Khar.

MOTION PICTURE SOCIETY:—The first annual general meeting of the Society will be held to-day (Saturday), at 4-30 p.m. at the premises of Sree Krishna Film Co., Main Road, Dadar.

MUSICAL ART SOCIETY.—Under the auspices of the Musical Art Society a Concert will be given by Bai Majidanbai of Delhi at 9-30 p.m. to-day (Saturday) at The Moozaffar Abad Hall, near Grant Road Bridge, Bombay.

TEACHING OF KRISHNAMURTI.—Mr. F. J. Ginwala will take a public Study Class on "The Teachings of Krishnamurti" at 5-15 p.m. at the Blavatsky Lodge, Chaupaty, to-day (Saturday).

ASTHIKA SAMAJ. — Purohit Ranga Vadhyar will conduct Yajurvedi Upakarman to-day (Saturday) and Rigvedi Upakarmam on Sunday in the Samaj premises. Gokulashtami Uthsavam will be celebrated from 6th to 13th August.

RAKSHA BANDHAN UTSAV.—Under the auspices of the Hindu Anath Brahmacharya Ashram, "Raksha Bandhan Utsav" ceremony will be celebrated to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the Ashram premises. Gaiwadi, Kalbadevi Road.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

EDWARD—"Dr. Jekyll &Mr. Hyde" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinees, Saturday and Sunday: 4 p.m.

IMPERIAL—"Miss 1933". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinees, Saturday and Sunday: 2-45 p.m.

CAPITOL—"Rasputin and The Empress". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinees, Saturday and Sunday: 4 p.m.

CARLTON.—"The Love Race". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinees, Saturday and Sunday: 4 p.m.

PATHE—"A Farewell to Arms". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinees, Saturday and Sunday: 3-30 p.m. Sunday morning show, 10 a.m.

WELLINGTON— "The Blarney Stone". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinees, Saturday and Sunday: 3-30 p.m.

WEST END—"Maya Machhindra". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinees, Saturday and Sunday: 3 p.m.

MAJESTIC—"Sati Ansuya". Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m. Matinees, Saturday and Sunday: 2-30 p.m.

ROXY—"Let Me Explain Dear." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinees, Saturday and Sunday: 4 p.m.

KRISHNA—"Fairy of Punjab." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinees, Saturday and Sunday: 2-30 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

10-30 a.m.—Light Music: Master Dastur.

11-30 a.m.—The V. U. B. Quintet: (1) March, "Les Moujicks." (Renelle). (2) Waltz, "Luna," (Lincke) (3) Tango, "Malquerida". (Borsatto). (4) Suite "Ballet Egyptian" (Luigini). (5) Intermezzo. "The Drummer's Birthday". (Smith). (6) "Ozardas", (Monti). (7) Selection, "La Tosca", (Puccini). (8) Tango, "Pentimento." (Bossini). (9) Waltz, "Night of Love", (Lincke). (10) March "Strauss", Mazzacappo).

5-00 p.m.—The M. V. "Victoria" Sextet, Children's Hour.

6-30 p.m.—Uncle Dick will entertain.

7-00 p.m.—Mama Varerkar, Stories in Marathi.

8-45 p.m.—Weather Report and News Bulletin.

INDIAN PROGRAMME.

8-55 p.m.—News in Hindi.

9-10 p.m.—Light Music; Jaddanbai (of Calcutta) with Majid Khan, Sarangi.

11-00 p.m.—God Save the King-Emperor.

THE CAPITOL

(Bombay's Leading Talkie House)

BY INSISTENT POPULAR DEMAND

FOR FOUR DAYS ONLY

DAILY AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.

Matinees To-day & Sunday at 4 p.m.

FIRST SCREEN APPEARANCE TOGETHER !

JOHN ETHEL LIONEL BARRYMORE

in the most amazing spectacular drama ever brought to the screen!

RASPUTIN AND THE EMPRESS

A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer PICTURE

13 Stirring Parts !

with
RALPH MORGAN
DIANA WYNYARD, TAD ALEXANDER

A mighty screen drama that has stirred the imagination of the world!

PICKETING RESUMED IN BOMBAY AGAIN

Abidali, Mrs. Perin Captain And Seven Others Arrested At Mulji Jetha Market And Taken To Lock-Up

Lively scenes were witnessed at the Mulji Jetha Market in Shiek Memon Street on Friday afternoon, when four youngmen and five women suddenly appeared to picket shops that were dealing in foreign cloth.

Five minutes after their arrival, the police who had maintained a patient vigil since August 1, placed them under arrest and took them to the Princess Street Police Station.

Among those arrested are Messrs. Ganpathishanker Desai, Abidali Jafferbhoy, Bimal Sharma, D. N. Chaubal. It is understood that the Commissioner of Police had been given previous intimation by Ganpathishanker Desai that they proposed to picket these shops at 2 p.m.

The groups of men and women entered the Mulji Jetha Market at about 2 led by Mr. Desai and Mrs. Perin Captain. As the groups entered the Market and posted themselves for picketing they shouted congress slogans and the merchants, who had also previous intimation of the picketting all gathered together. A big crowd watched the picketting operations only for about five minutes by which time, the police came and put the pickets under arrest and marched them off to the lock-up.

EMPIRE BROADCASTING

4-30 p.m. — Omni-directional broadcast.

7-00 p.m.—Time Signal from Big Ben. News Bulletin and Announcements.

7-20 p.m.—Dance Music by Harry Roy and his Band.

8-00 p.m.—Scottish Studio Orchestra.

9-15 p.m.—Don Baker at the Organ of the Granada, Tooting.

9-45 p.m.—B.B.C. Dance Orchestra.

10-15 p.m.—Organ Recital by C. H. Trevor'

10-40 p.m.—News Bulletin and Announcements.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.— The P. and O. Mail steamer "Rawalpindi" with the mails from Bombay of 29th ultimo arrived at Aden at 6 a.m. on the 3rd instant and left there at 10 a.m. the same day.

YAJURVEDA SRAVANA UPAKARMA.—The South Indian public are hereby informed that the Yajurveda Upakarma will be performed according to Vedic customs to-day (Saturday) at Napoo Hall, G.I.P., Matunga, between 6 a.m. to 12 noon by Bramhasri Vaidyanatha Srouthi (known as Melatur Vadhyar).

SHRI SHRAVANI MAHOTSWA.—Under the auspices of Shri Vile Parle Sanskrit Pathshala the Shravani Mohotswa ceremony will be observed at Doctor C. C. Kittawalla's bungalow, Jagdish Park, to-day (Saturday) at 9 a.m. when Swami Shri Kaivalyanand Saraswati will deliver a lecture on "Upakarma" and "Karma Kand" and Mr. Mohanlal Shastri will perform the ceremony of Yagno Bavil.

FRESH YAGNOPAVITAM.— A Shravani social gathering of Aryan families will take place under the auspices of the Mumbai Pradesha Aryasamaj at "Katchi Dasha Shrimali's Wadi", Kandavadi Street, by the side of Chanda Ramji Girls' school, to-day (Saturday) between 8 and 12 a.m. (S.T.) for the Annual Thread-changing Ceremony or Fresa Yagnopavitam, to be followed by a Social and a free dinner to all those taking part in the ceremony.

PADMASHALI YOUTHS CLUB.—A general meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) (The Cocoanut Day) at 3 p.m. in Jilkar Bag, Kamatipura 9th Lane under the Presidentship of Dr. N. D. Savarkar, who will inaugurate the Bombay Padmashali Youths Club.

Y. M. C. A. LECTURE.—Mr. M. V. Venkateswaran of the League of Nations Bureau, will deliver a public lecture on "Disarmament and World Peace" at the Y.M.C.A. Reynolds Road, Byculla, to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m.

POLICE CHIEF'S NOTICE:—The attention of our Readers is hereby drawn to a public notice appearing on Page 2 by the City Police Chief notifying the areas closed to vehicular traffic to-day on account of the "Cocoanut-Day."

FREE CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—Under the patronage of the Grain Merchants' Association, a free charitable dispensary is to be opened at Mandvi, Kazi Sayed Street (Shak Gulli) from tomorrow (Sunday) for the benefit of the general public.

"SUPPORT BAKHLE'S BILL"

To-day's Public Meetings In City

Three meetings of Tenants of E & G. Wards will be held at the following places to-day (Saturday) to protest against the high rents, and to support the proposed bill which will be introduced by Mr. R. R. Bakhle before the coming Session of the Legislative Council:

AT PAREL.

Place:—Poibavri, Kamgar Maiden, Parel.
Time:—3-0 p.m.
President:—Mr. J. S. Sawant, Advocate.

AT LAL BAUG.

Place:—Lal Maiden, Lal Baug.
Time:—5-0 p.m.
President:—Dr. Asharam.

AT FERGUSSON ROAD.

Place:—People Maiden, Cornor of Fergusson Road.
Time:—7-0 p.m.
President:—Mr. Khimji Madon Bhoojpuria.

BUDDHA SOCIETY.—Under the auspices of the Buddha Society, a public lecture will be delivered by Prof. S. V. Phadnis, in the Hall of 'Anand Vihar', situated in the Nair Hospital Compound, next to Bombay Central Station, on Sunday at 9-30 a.m. (S.T.), on "Prof. Radhakrishna's Exposition of Buddhism.'

In the evening at 7 p.m. the Ruler of Aundh will deliver a lecture on Ajanta with Magic lantern slides."

SHRI RAM SANGIT VIDYALAYA.—The third Anniversary of the Shri Ram Sangit Vidyalaya will be celebrated at the Hirabaug Hall to-day (Saturday) between 4 and 8 p.m. when Sangit Ratna Prof. Narayanrao Vyas will preside. A variety musical concert will be given by the senior students of the Vidyalaya.

A Grand Variety Musical Concert will be held by Prof. Ramkrishna Phatak, Prof. Abbas Husein and others on Sunday at 9-30 p.m. at the Vidyalaya Hall (Opp. Ambewadi, Girgaon.)

SWADESHI EXHIBITION AT KARACHI

The Secretary of the All-India Swadeshi Exhibition, Karachi writes:—

Preparations are afoot for holding an All-India Swadeshi Exhibition at Karachi from the 5th September to 25th September 1933.

Apart from art, craft and agriculture there will be a machinery section where the demonstration of actual manufacturing process of various indigenous articles will be held.

About 200 stalls (10' x 8') will be built. For extra space, Ry. concession forms and further information an application be made to the Secretary, All-India Swadeshi Exhibition, Karachi.

NEW JEWISH CALENDAR

Mr. Jacob Samuel Indiapurkar, of the Britannic Durbar Printing Works, has published a very useful bilingual Jewish Calendar, which should be a boon to all members of the community, especially to Marathi speaking Hebrews, for, we understand, this is the first time that a Jewish Calendar has been issued in that language side by side with the English.

The corresponding date of the Western almanac are given alongside those of the Hebrew Calendar while there is a column containing the portions of Parashiyoth to be read on each day of the year.

We have no doubt the Calendar will prove very useful and popular. All communications regarding the Calendar should be sent to the Britannic Durbar Press, 38 Nanabhai Lane, Fort.

POONA RACES POSTPONED

Wet Weather Responsible For Decision

POONA, Aug. 4.

The Secretary of the Western India Turf Club states that the Second Day of the Poona Summer Meeting, which should have been held to-day has been postponed owing to wet weather.

NOBLEST OF PROFESSIONS

Mr. Mazumdar's Exhortation To Insurance Agents

Mr. S. C. Mazumdar, the Manager of the Hindusthan Co-op. Insurance Society Ltd., at a Tea Party given to the Companies Agents on July 30, in the course of his address said:

I am fully conscious that in an Insurance organisation the most important part that is played, is the part played by the agents and the field workers on whom depend entirely the success or failure of the organisation. I am rather new in the field of insurance and I believe with your solid and continued co-operation I shall be able to build up a very bright future for the Hindusthan and consequently for us all.

The insurance profession is one of the noblest professions with singular chances for national service without entailing heavy sacrifices on the part of the workers. On the other hand the workers have financial prospects not possible in other business or profession. Life Insurance is the only business that offers financial competence and scope for national service at the same time. For the young, ambitious, patriotic and independent spirted men the future offers bright and unlimited possibilities, brighter indeed than can be found in any other field in these dark times.

The word depression does not exist in the dictionary of life insurance business. These are especially favourable times to appeal to the accumulative and protective instincts of people in general and business investors in particular.

Film That Grips All The Time

Frank Borzage's Farewell To Arms' Showing At Pathe To-day Breaks New Grounds

It appears that the potentialities of the Great War as material for exploitation on the Screen have not been exhausted, for a good number of new films and successful ones—still deal with the romantic as well as the real an terrible aspects of the modern world's greatest cataclysm.

All the same, one is apt to be somewhat diffident in approaching a film that is based on a War romance. We have had so much of them; and we wonder when we hear of yet another whether it is to be a wearisome repetition of the old old love story with a happy ending, interspersed with scenes in the trenches and rushes over devastated areas amid clouds of smoke and flashes of exploding bombs that have been done to death in more senses than one.

"Farewell to Arms", Frank Borzage's screen adaptation of Ernest Hemingway's famous story, which is to be released at Pathe this evening, however, is something new and it is more real, more convincing, more impressive and more magnificent in its effects than any film production of the kind that I have seen. The story tells of the romance of a young American serving with the Italian Ambulance corps in the campaign on the Piave and a nurse in the hospital to which he is attached. Personally I am rather "fed-up" with nurses on the screen. They are awfully unreal and the sentiment they represent is purely exotic for the hospital nurse in real life is more often than a tough bit of goods.

But the little "Angel at the Bedside" portrayed by Helen Hayes is a different proposition. You can't help loving her. She gets you from the start, as she got the young American, portrayed by Gary Cooper, looking so handsome and debonair in his fetching Italian uniform, that you don't wonder how easily he got her, despite the fact that she slaps him for the first kiss he snatches.

That is the one silly and banal episode in an otherwise beautifully told and acted love-story—a story of two simple, ingenuous young people, who love at first sight, who give everything to one another like nature's children, as much as did Romeo and Juliet and all the other great lovers in the history of stage and novel, without a thought of anything but what each means to the other.

And the end leaves you with a heart-ache and, perhaps, if you can shed them, in tears; for greatly daring, Frank Borzage, whose work with this film brought him the Academy Award for the best direction of 1932, has broken the golden rule of a happy ending, and shows us at the last, the stricken lover holding the dead body of his mistress in his outstretched arms.

The war scenes are wonderful. Apart from their originality—they strike altogether new ground—the photographic effects open a new chapter in screen picturisation. And, incidentally, because they grip you, impress you, shake your nerves and drag you out of the beaten rut, they leave you overwhelmed with the hope that there will never be war of this kind again.

Nobody, who can appreciate a really great picture, should miss the opportunity of seeing this wonderful film.

B. G. H.

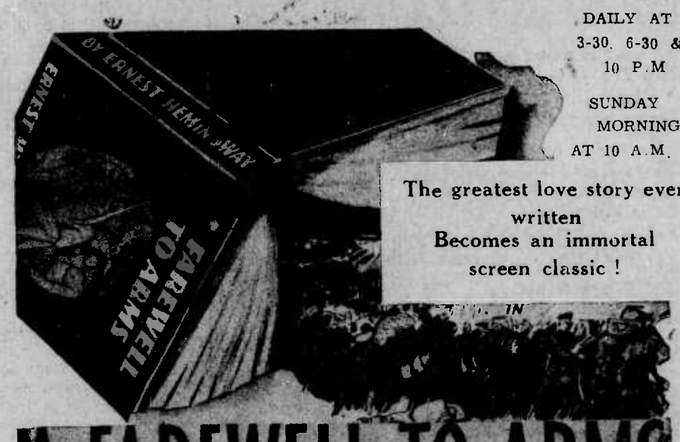
JAMNAGAR PRAJA PARISHAD

The Hon. Secretary of the Jamnagar Praja Parishad sends us the following communique:—

"As resolved by the Executive Committee of this Parishad, the President and the Members of the Committee received H. H. Jam Saheb Digvijaysinghji at the Bombay Central Station on H. H.'s first visit to Bombay, and welcomed him on behalf of the Navanagar State subjects resident in Bombay.

Since then the Committee of the Parishad has met His Highness at the Taj Mahal Hotel, and during the interview a full, frank and free discussion about the affairs and interests of the Navanagar State subject took place. His Highness showed great solicitude for our welfare and progress and as a result of this interview the formal address on behalf of the Parishad, as representing the State subjects residing in Bombay has been postponed for the present, but it is open for any Jamanagari to join in the address which some leading Jamanagar merchants in Bombay have organized in His Highness' honour.

PATHE CINEMA



DAILY AT 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M

SUNDAY MORNING AT 10 A.M.

The greatest love story ever written
Becomes an immortal screen classic !

IN

A FAREWELL TO ARMS

ERNEST HEMINGWAY'S GIGANTIC NOVEL OF LOVE! NOW ITS PAGES.

LIVE FOR EVER

BROUGHT TO THE SCREEN BY

FRANK BORZAGE

winner of academy award for the best direction of 1932.

HELEN HAYES

winner of academy award for the best acting of 1932.

GARY COOPER

ADOLPHE MENJOU

READ WHAT the papers say about this great picture.

"It is nothing less than superb."
"DAILY MAIL."

"One of the best talkies ever made."
"DAILY TELEGRAPH."

BOOK YOUR SEATS NOW FOR THIS GREAT SHOW!

SHIPPING NEWS

Exports And Imports

ARRIVALS.

Aug. 4.

Crown of Galicia, Watson, Newport.

Baron Kinniard, Menzee, New York.

Chindwara, Walsh, Karachi.

Victoria, Bonzamino, Genoa.

DEPARTURE.

Aug. 5.

Comorin, Cartwright, London.

LOADING.

Aug. 4.

Steamer Gogra for Karachi.

S S Victoria:—The M. Italiana mail steamer Victoria, arrived in harbour on Friday at 6-15 (a.m.) from Genoa, with mails, a general cargo and 161 passengers.

S S Comorin:—The P and O S N Coy's English mail steamer Comorin, will sail to-day from Bellard Pier Station for London, with the homeward mails, a general cargo and passengers.

ENGLISH MAIL REPORT.

S S Crown of Galicia:—The L'Drefuse Coy's steamer Crown of Galicia, arrived in harbour on Friday from Newport, with ballast.

S S Baron Kinnaird:—The L. Drefuse and Coy's steamer Baron Kinnaird, arrived in harbour on Friday from New York, with ballast.

S S Chindwara:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Chindwara, arrived in harbour on Friday from Karachi, with a cargo of 2,850 tons coal.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, Aug. 4.

3 Tango Maru, 4238, Kobe, 13|8 N Y Kaisha.

4 City of Bristol, 4345 Karachi, 11|8 K Nixon & Co.

6 White Fan, 2357, Port Said, 15|8 Strauss & Co.

8 Karanja, 4646, Durban, 9|8 M M & Co.

9 Goshu Maru, 3353, Colombo 5|8 M B Kaisha.

11 Clan Buchanan, 3288, Cochin J Finlay & Co.

12 Falkenfels, 3852, Karachi, 8|8 Lionel Edwards Ltd.

14 Anna 3192, Port Said 6|8 Strauss & Co.

15 Kepwick Hall, 2,810, Antwerp 14|8, Graham's Tdg Co.

16 Masula 4566, London, 4|8, M M & Co.

VICTORIA DOCK

1 Baron Ogilvy 2035, Port Said, 8|8, Louis Dreyfus and Co.

3 Barpeta, 1892, P Gulf 9|8, M M & Co.

7 Surada, 3382 Karachi, NF, M M & Co.

9 Wichita, 3856, New York 4|8 L Edwards.

10|11 Crown of Galicia, 2663, Port Said, NF, Louis Dreyfus & Co.

12|13 Gambhira, 3196, M'Coast, 7|8 M M & Co.

15 Oostcappelle 340 Malabar Coast 5|8 Merchant S N Co.

16 Laxmi 120, NF, NF, National Steamship Co.

PRINCE'S DOCK

C|R Gandara 3190 Rangoon, 5|8, M M and Co.

D|E Risaldar, 3092, Calcutta, 5|8 T Morrison and Co.

H Lalita, 283, M'Coast 5|8, Malabar Steamship Co.

P. Indira, 278, M'Coast, NF, Malabar Steamship Co.

MAGNESIA BISLERI

The well-known Italian Maker of Esanofele is now presenting to the Indian public his new Magnasia Bisleri. A preparation of pure Magnesia.

It effects are Quick Laxative effect, Disinfection of intestine, Beneficial action on Kidneys and Liver, Purification of blood Relief to arterio schlerosis. Very agreeable taste.

TRY ONE TUBE TO-DAY. Sold everywhere.
Sole Agents:— GORIO LTD. P. O. Box 159 Bombay.

"MERCKOZONE"

This is the name brand distinguishing HYDROGEN PEROXIDE (12 VOLS) MERCK from other and inferior brands of Hydrogen Peroxide.

The house of MERCK has over 260 years world wide reputation for the manufacture of chemicals of unequalled Purity and Reliability. Every bottle of Merckozone carries the MERCK reputation with it.

MERCKOZONE

is a safe and reliable antiseptic and germicide used by the highest medical authorities for cleansing and disinfecting wounds and sores, for gargling in throat affections, and as a mouth wash for sore gums, dental caries, pyorrhoea and foetid breath.

MERCKOZONE

is packed so as to avoid deterioration through keeping. It is sold by all Chemists and Stores.

In 4 oz. 10 oz. and 20 oz. PATENT BOTTLES.
MADE ONLY BY
E. MERCK, DARMSTADT, GERMANY.
B.C-1

BOOKS ON ART

Modern French Painters By Jan Gordon ...	Rs	15-12
The German Annual of Photography 1932 ...	Rs.	15-0
The Technique of Oil Painting By Richmond ...	Rs.	15-12
Crayon & Pastel work for Schools by Vanall ...	Rs.	6-0
Flower Painting in Water colour By C. Elwes ...	Rs	6-0
Art Appreciation By Margaret Dobson	Rs.	15-12
How to draw in Pen & Ink By J. Salway ...	Rs.	3-12
Figure Sketching By Bernice Oehler	Rs.	3-12
Fifty Figure Drawings	Rs.	3-12
The Human Form in Art By A. A. Braun ...	Rs.	11-4
Constructive Anatomy By G. B. Bridgeman ...	Rs.	11-4
Life Drawing By G. B. Bridgeman	Rs.	11-4

J. V. NAVLAKHI & CO., Kalkadevi Road, Bombay.

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON.

Straithard 3/8 P & O S N Co.
Naldera 10/8, P & O S N Co.
Cathay 17/8, P & O S N Co.
Soudan 17/8, P & O S N Co.

FROM PLYMOUTH

Durenda 13|8 M M & Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL

Clan Buchanan 30-7 J F Co.
City of Bristol 4/8, K N Co.
City of Khios 13|8 K N Co.
Elysia 23|8 G T Co.
City of Johannesburg 26|8 K N Co.

FROM HAMBURG

Folkenfels, 30|7 L Edward Ltd.
Trifels 10/8 L Edward Ltd.
Baronfels 18/8 L Edward Ltd.
Trauenfels 23|7 L Edwards Ltd.

FROM TRIESTE.

Cariguino 6|8 L T Co.
Col de Lana 23|8 L T Co.

FROM GENOA.

Arabia 23|8 M Italiana.

FROM NEW YORK

City of Windsor. 26/7, F F Campbell & Co.
President Pierce 10/8, F F Campbell & Co
President Monroe, 24/8 F F Campbell & Co
C/Durban 4/8 F F Campbell & Co.
C/Bath 15/8 F F Campbell & Co.

FROM KOBE

Tokiwa Maru 16|8 N Y Kaisha.
Gingo Maru 24|8 N Y Kaisha.
London Maru 8|8 O S Kaisha.
Atlas Maru 23|8 O S Kaisha.
Somali 6/8, P & O S N Co.
Ranpura 11/8, P & O S N Co.
Alipore 5/8, P & O S N Co.
Mirzapore 3/9 P & O S N Co.
Kidderpore 27/9 P & O S N Co.

FROM BRISBANE

Comorin 518 P & O S N Co.
Mooiton 1818 P & O S N Co.

FROM DURBAN

Takliwa 12|8 M M & Co.
Kenya 26/8, M M & Co.
Tairea 9/9. M M & Co.

SAILING DATES OF

ENGLISH MAIL.

Comorin 5|8 P & O S N Co.
Ranpura, 12|8 P & O S N Co.

OTHER STEAMER FOR LONDON

Musula 5/8 M M & Co.
Somali, NF, P & O S S Co.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

City of Bristol NF, K N Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Wichita, 2/8, L I Mannuel Co.
C/Windsor NF, F F Campbell Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Himalaya NF, L T Co.

FOR GENOA.

Victoria NF, M Italiana.

FOR HAMBURG.

Wildenfel, NF, L Edwards Ltd.

FOR PORT SAID.

Crown Galicia NF, L Dreyfus & Co.
Baron Ogilvy 3|8 L Dreyfus & Co.
Baron Kinnaird NF, L Dreyfus & Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Anna 2|8, Strauss & Co.
White Fan, 10/8, Strauss & Co.

FOR ROTTERDAM

Kepurckhall, 14/8, G T Co.

FOR HAMBURG

Varsova, 10|8, M M & Co.
Barpeta 9|8 M M & Co.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Risaldar, NF, T M Co.

FOR RANGOON.

Gandara N F, M M and Co.

FOR DURBAN.

Karanja 9|8, M M & Co.

GENERAL LANDING DATES.

Surada, G L D 4|8|33.
Oostcappelle, G L D 3|8|33
Gambhira, G L D 3|8|33
Jehangir, G L D 3|8|33
Kalavati, G L D 3|8|33

EXPORTS.

Aug. 4.

S S Masula from London:—32 bales animal skins, A L Hasham; 16 cases bristles, D Abraham and Sons; 1000 bags groundnut oil cakes, J Travers and Sons; 990 bags masoor, Ralli Bros; 187 bags Linseed, C Jivanlal and Co.

For Hull:—975 bags groundnut oil cakes, J Travers and Sons.

For Dunkirk:—55 bales cotton raw, Bombay Co.

S S C|Bristol for Manchester:—125 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros.

For Glasgow:—920 bags myrabollams. J Moolchand & Co.

For Dunkirk:—2000 pkts myrabollams, C Jivanlal and Co; 18000 pkts Linseed, Strauss and Co.

For Livrpecol:—179 bales Hemp, D Anandji.

S S Kepwick Hall for Rotterdam:—2000 bags groundnut oil cakes, H Rawji and Co.

For Ghent:—645 bales cotton raw, Volkart Bros; 110 bales cotton raw, A Potdar and Co.

For Antwerp:—63 bales cotton raw, N Rajaram and Co; 220 bales cotton raw, A Podar and Co.

S S Wildenfels for Hamburg:—90 bales cotton fly, Textile Products Ltd; 48 bales cotton fly, M Narottamdas; 55 bales cotton fly, Volkart Bros; 28 bales cotton fly, Katak and Co; 28 bags gum karaya, N Moolji and Co; 4 cases Casings, Ad. Meyer.

For Bremen:—362 bales cotton raw, Volkart Bros; 125 bales cotton raw, Textile Products Ltd.

For Stockholm:—20 bales cotton cuttings Patel & Co.

For Riga:—53 bales hemp, S Parmanand.

For Gdynia:—605 bales cotton raw, Volkart Bros.

S S Victoria for Genoa:—300 bags Linseed, R Ratilal and Co; 220 bales cotton raw, A Podar and Co.

S S Himalaya for Trieste:—1000 pkts myrabollams, C Jivanlal and Co; 1333 bags groundnut seeds, Cotton Agents Ltd; 110 bales cotton raw, Langley and Co; 330 bales cotton raw, K M Nathoo; 110 bales cotton raw, K Devchand and Co; 220 bales cotton raw, Japan Cotton Tdg., Co.; 63 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros; 330 bales cotton raw, Volkakrt Bros.

For Venice:—2666 bales groundnut seeds, Cotton Agents Ltd; 700 bales castor seeds, K Devchand and Co; 110 bales cotton raw, K Devchand and Co.

For Fiume:—1920 bags gingelly seeds, R Ratilal and Co.

S S Somali for Havre:—63 bales cotton raw, G K Kaisha Ltd.

S S Tango Maru for Tsingtao:—500 bales cotton raw, G K Kaisha.

IMPORTS.

Aug. 4.

S S Falkenfels, Agents L Edwards Ltd. from Hamburg:—280 cases paper, 20 cases medicines, 250 cases lamps, 100 cases iron ware, 30 cases rubber goods, 100 cases wires, 255 cases nails, 100 cases broken tiles, 50 cases slate pencils, 150 cases caraway seeds, 50 cases Aloes, 25 cases enamel ware, 24 cases Sewing Machinery, 35 cases spirits, 40 cases Textile, cases shoes, 6440 cases wire net-cases E'ware, 32 cases beer, 52 machinery, 25 cases camphor, 268 ting, 73 cases screws, 1351 drums spelter; 166 drums M.A.F. oil; 400 drums whale oil; 350 drums chemicals; 64 drums colour; 175 bndles y.m. sheets; 217 bundles copper sheets; 526 bundles tubes; 1078 drums aspen logs 260 drums dyes dry.

From Bremen.— 124 cases glassware; 48 cases iron ware; 100 cases aluminium circles; 194 cases paper; 215 cases iron flanges; 150 cases barytes; 150 cases millboards; 150 cases epsom salt; 60 cases amorees; 341 cases beer; 100 cases tortery; 37 cases bolts and nuts; 75 caes slates; 40 drums paint; 231 drums chemicals; 140 bundles rods; 20 bundles tubes, 394 bundles aspen wood.

From Antwerp:—3283 bundles dog spikes; 947 bundles railway; materials; 226 bundles steel beams 80 bundles steel billets; 255 bundles steel joists; 450 bundles steel rivets; 148 bundles channels; 276 bundles steel angles; 200 bundles steel rods; 438 bundles steel bars; 305 bundles steel sheets; 11199 bundles steel hooks; 219 bundles steel pipes; 50 bundles steel wire; 1600 bundles bolts arid nuts, 756 bundles nails; 97 cases syrup; 1160 cases tarch; 180 cases paper; 68 cases alum; 60 cases hardware 250 cases skimmed milk; 70 cases cheese; 110 cases soap; 40 cases gin; 128 cases chocolate; 266 cases beer; 600 cases chalk; 400 cases lime; 212 drums paint; 33 cases medicine; 200 drums chemicals; 170 drums dyes paste; 890 drums dyes dry; 200 case window glass; 290 bags dextrine; 1610 bags farina; 1473 bags sugar; 585 cases sugar machinery.

From Naples:—9,000 bags potatoes.

From Port Said:—350 kgs. chemicals; 45 bales cotton.

The most valuable private collection of timepieces in the world has been placed on exhibition in the Bavarian National Museum at Munich. The collection, assembled by the late Dr. von Bassermann-Jordan, the art historian, includes clocks by many famous craftsmen. The exhibition will last until autumn.

HEAVY RAINS IN THANA

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, Aug. 4.

About 25 inches of rain has been recorded at the Municipal Office during the last six days. The deficit of 14 inches in the total rainfall this year on July 29 as compared to the corresponding period last year has been made up by this time.

Inspite of the incessant rain and the vicinity of the Mumbara creek, the streets of Thana, which are on a comparatively higher level are unaffected by the rising of the water in the adjoining area.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 4-8-33.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 79.0 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.77 nches and a compensated aneroid 29.57 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001 in. for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

13 INCHES OF RAIN AT CUTTACK ON THURSDAY

Bay Storm Crosses East Coast And Depression Likely To Move Westwards

POONA, Aug. 4.

The Bay storm has crossed the coast yesterday between Balasore and Chandbali and lies this morning as a deep depressing near Sambalpur in Orissa. It is likely to move westwards.

The monsoon has been strong from Gujarat and Konkan to North Madras Coast, Orissa and Chota Nagpur. rainfall being locally heavy over the whole region, Cuttack reports 13 inches. The monsoon has also been active in Malabar, Lower Burma, Bengal, Punjab Hills Kashmir and Southwest Punjab.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, East United Provinces, Central India, Central Provinces, Konkan, Bombay Deccan, South Hyderabad and Malabar and local in Upper Burma, Punjab Hills, Southwest Punjab, Kashmir, West Rajputana, Gujarat, North Hyderabad and North Madras Coast; while a few falls have occurred in Bihar West United Provinces, North-West Frontier Provinces, East Rajputana, Mysore and Madras Deccan.

The Chief amount of rainfall are:—Gwa four; Rangoon, Bassein, and Houngoo two; Akyab one and a half; Cuttack thirteen; Sambanpur three; Saugor Island, Balasore and Chandbali two; Coxs Bazar, Barisal, and Darjeeling one and a half; Chaibasa one; Raipur five; Nowgong, Hoshangabad and Kanker three; Cawnpore, Guna, Indore, Amraoti and Jagdalpur one and a half; Allahabad, Nagpur, and Chanda one; Jubbulpore threequarters; Verava three three; Jodhpur two; Montgomery and Udaipur one and a half; Murree and Bhavanagar threequarters; Lyallpur, Multan and Cherat a half; Sonamarg and Dalhousie a quarter; Mahabaleshwar twelve; Khandala six; Ratnagiri three; Belgaum two; Karwar, Ahmednagar, Poona and Mangalore one and a half; Bombay, Marmagao and Gopalpur one; and Malegaon and Calicut three-quarters.

Forecast:—Rainfall will increase further in Burma, Bengal, Chota Nagpur, Central Provinces, Central India, Rajputana, Gujarat, Konkan and North Deccan and extend in Assam and possibly also into Lower Sind. The monsoon will continue active in Malabar, South Deccan, North Madras Coast, the southern divisions of United Provinces and scattered falls will recur in Kashmir and in and near Punjab Kumaon Hills. Heavy rainfall warning:—Locally heavy rain will continue in Orissa and Central Provinces, Konkan and Gujarat and extend in North Deccan, West Central India and South Rajputana and in Lower Burma during the next 48 hours.—A. P.

BOMBAY CITY RAINFALL

Bombay, Aug. 4.

Rainfall during 24 hours 8 a.m. of date 4-8-33: Colaba Point 1.18 in.; Fort 4.10 in., J. J. Hospital 1.28 in.; Cotton Laboratory Matunga 1.73 in.

Total since 1st June to date: Colaba Point 34.89 in.; Fort 55.42 in.; J. J. Hospital 41.25 in.; Cotton Laboratory, Matunga 39.46 in.

Total for the corresponding period of 1932: Colaba Point 36.75 in.; Fort 53.96 in.; J. J. Hospital 51.43 in.

Total for the corresponding period of 1931: Colaba Point 55.91 in.; Fort 62.44 in.; J. J. Hospital 57.03 in.

COLABA OBSERVATORY. BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 4-8-1933:

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.010 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.0 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.0 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 82.3 degrees (2.6 below normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 74.3 degrees (1.2 below normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 95 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. N-W.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 19 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 328 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 42 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10.

Rainfall in 24 hours 1.18 inches

Total rainfall during the month 10.47 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 37.74 inches.

Weather Remarks: Rain and squally.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER REPORT

The following table gives the details of rainfall for the 24 hours ended at 8 a.m. on Thursday, together with the rainfall departure from normal since June 1:—

Stations.	Past 24 hours	Since 1st June	Departure from normal
Agra		14.7	+2.2
Allahadbad		10.0	—7.9
Ahmednagar	0.4	8.0	—0.8
Ajmer	T	16.7	+6.7
Ahmedabad	0.5	14.8	—1.7
Akola		20.1	+4.6
Benares	0.7	12.7	—4.8
Chittagong		48.0	+3.1
Calcutta	0.3	33.3	+7.8
Cawnpore		9.8	—5.1
Patna	0.2	15.5	—5.7
Lucknow		7.0	—9.9
Jhansi		18.9	+1.6
Delhi		20.8	+9.5
Ranchi	1.1	22.1	—3.9
Ludhiana	0.2	9.2	—2.1
Lahore	0.1	5.6	—2.1
Rawalpindi	T	16.8	+6.2
Multan		0.5	—2.3
Srinagar	T	7.7	+3.7
Peshawar		1.8	—0.1
Quetta		2.5	+1.6
Rangoon	1.3	47.3	+6.0
Jubbulpore	0.7	20.9	—6.2
Nagpur	T	29.1	+5.1
Bombay	1.8	33.7	+10.4
Ratnagiri	5.3	82.0	+17.9
Poona	1.3	14.7	+2.4
Sholapur	0.1	9.6	+0.2
Hyderabad Dn	T	22.5	+10.9
Bangalore		7.5	+0.1
Mysore	0.1	6.4	+0.7
Calicut	1.1	73.3	+6.9
Madras		1.9	—4.4
Darjeeling		58.3	—1.2
Simla	T	22.6	—3.5
Colombo	0.1	17.6	+4.3
Jacobabad		3.1	+1.8
Hyderabad Sind		5.5	+0.2
Karachi		15.4	+11.4
Rajkot	0.1	14.8	—1.1
Bhopal	0.1	23.2	
Indore	0.7	25.4	+9.4
Mahableshwar ...	10.1	171.6	+8.6
Mussoorie	T	48.5	+12.4
Mount Abu	4.0	32.7	+3.6

T denotes rainfall from 1 to 4 cents.

MONSOON STRONG IN PENINSULA

Weekly Weather Report Mahableshwar Records 10 Inches Of Rain

POONA, August 3

Weekly weather report for the week-ending 2nd August:—

The monsoon was generally active over the country except Bengal, Bihar, Chota Nagpur, East United Provinces and Sind. It was particularly strong in the Peninsula as far north as Central Provinces, Gujarat and the hills of Northwest India. The Bay depression during the previous week crossed the coast near Saugor Island on 26th afternoon and thereafter merged into a seasonal trough of low pressure which extended from Northwest Frontier into the Bay off Orissa Coast. On the 26th morning widespread rain fell along and near the track of depression the monsoon being particularly strong in the Central parts of the country. During the week two depressions formed north of the Bay in connection with the passage of low pressure waves from the East across Burma. The first formed off the Orissa-Circars Coast on 29th. It crossed the coast between Gopalpur and Puri on 1st and rapidly filled up thereafter. It caused strong monsoon in the Peninsula, Central Provinces and Lower Burma during most of the week. The second depression formed on the 1st and lay centred about 120 miles southeast of Sandhead at the end of the week.

Following were some noteworthy heavy falls of rain recorded during the week:

Ratnagiri, Gwa and Amherst six each; Jagdalpur, Ajmer and Udaipur five each; Dehra Dun seven; Mahabaleshwar ten on 29th; Bombay five on 30th and six next day; Chanda and Pachmarhi six each on 31st; Veraval eleven and Surat nine on 1st.

Weekly report of progress of monsoon:—The rainfall for the week-ending 2nd August was scanty in Bengal, Bihar United Provinces and East Sind, fair in Chota Nagpur and Madras southeast; normal in Bay islands, Burma, Assam, Orissa, the Punjab, Southwest and Central India, Mysore and Malabar and excess elsewhe

CAS-PHEN-MINT

CASTROL OIL CONCENTRATED 1½ gr. | AGAR-AGAR 1½ gr. | PUREST & BEST PHENOLPHTHALEIN 1 gr. | SWEETENED CHOCOLATE 2 gr. | BEST AMERICAN PEPPERMINT ⅛ gr.

CORRECTS CONSTIPATION COMPLEXION

A PACKET OF 3 MINTS COSTS ONE ANNA ONLY
A CARTOONED BOTTLE OF 40 MINTS COSTS 12 ANNAS ONLY
STOCKED BY ALL PROGRESSIVE CHEMISTS & STORES
(Sole Selling Organigation for India.)
PARAGON PRODUCTS (FRENCH DRUGS) Co.
Ballard Estate, Fort, BOMBAY.

"PASSING SHOW" Brilliantine

Use always "PASSING SHOW" Brilliantine, prepared out of highly scented and precious Vasanas. Its continuous use will prevent falling of hairs and will keep the brain very cool. It makes hairs strong and beautiful. Test a bottle to-day.

Manufacturers:—ISMAIL SIDDICK & CO.
Sold everywhere.

LOOK AT THIS HAPPY MOTHER

She owes her immense pleasure and her good health to

LODHRA

A Sister's Testimony

I administered three bottles of LODHRA to my sister who was suffering from pain during menses. She is not only well again but a mother of two children .....
Sreemati P. KAMALAVATHI DEVI,
Sita Vilas, Rajamundry.

A BOON TO THE FAIR SEX.

At All Chemists

KESARI KUTEERAI
Indian Chemists & Druggists,
EGMORE, MADRAS.

Agents:—RATILAL BROS., Hasham Buildings 38, Church Gate St. Bombay 1.

A Page About Pictures And The People Who Make Them

SHOWN ON THE SCREEN

"FAREWELL TO ARMS" AT PATHE

The talkie version of Ernest Hemingway's famous novel "A Farewell to Arms," starring Helen Hayes, Gary Cooper and Adolphe Menjou, comes to the Pathe Cinema to-day. A notice of this screen drama appears on Page 3 of this issue.

"RASPUTIN AND THE EMPRESS" AGAIN AT CAPITOL

As the M. G. M.'s spectacular drama depicting Russian Court life entitled "Rasputin and the Empress" in 13 parts was shown by the Capitol in May last when the majority of Bombay's residents were out of the city, the management of the Capitol have been repeatedly requested by the public to revive this picture again.

After a great deal of adjustments in the bookings, the Capitol have been able to secure this picture again for showing for four days only, from to-day till Tuesday next.

The picture stars for the first time together "The Royal Family of the Theatre", John, Ethel and Lionel Barrymore, and depicts vividly the life of the ill-fated royal Russian family and Rasputin, the mad monk, whose machinations wrecked the Russian Empire and removed once and for all the pomp and panoply of the most colourful royal court in the world.

As there is a big rush at the booking office, the management request their atrons to secure their seats in advance.

"LOVE RACE" AT CARLTON

If laugh and grow fat is a true axiom, everyone who sees "the Love Race", will have to let out their clothes. Never has so much laughter been packed into so small a space. From the opening back-chat between Reggie Powley, played by Stanely Lupino and his stern father (Frank Perfitt), to the last uproarious scene in court where the judge and jury alike sway to the rhythm of Lupino's catchy song "Just Dance" there is not a dull moment.

The effervescent Stanely is ably supported by Jack Hobbs who gets him every minute into a fresh scrape while telling facile lies to extract him from the last and during the course of the evening Rita Payne, who has arrived on the scene to collect her suit case, misappropriated by Reggie at Victoria, as described in turn by Reggie's sister, Reggie's wife Bobbie's fiancee.

Further merriment is also supplied by Arty Ashe as Eustace, an inebriated taxi-driver who sleuches in and out of the house at intervals in search of "an'at with a white top" and is advised by the butler to "take more soda with it and he wouldn't be seeing such insects". "The Love Race" commences at the Carlton from to-day. ...

"GENE GERRARD" AT ROXY

Among the film comedians who have recently come to the fore, none, perhaps, has won such a measure of public favour as Gene Gerrard whose delightful antics are a sure cure for "driving away the blues" and putting the audience inec a hilarious mood. His latest picture "Let Me Explain, Dear," will be on view at the Roxy Cinema, New Queens Road, from Saturday.

Another noted player, Claude Hulbert, is featured in the cast which also includes Jane Carr and Viola Lyel. "A Little Bit of Bluff" is the original stage-play, but the film version offers a wider sweep of action and a more variegated background. In the story, George has an outing with "Mamie" which puts him into an awkward situation with his wife Angela, especially as Mamie's necklace is found in his pocket. George unsuccessfully tries to convince Angela that he had been to the Opera. Then follow a series of amusing situations that put Geodge in a veritable nightmare mood. But George was the most resourceful liar, and he finally succeeds in making his wife feel that she was in the wrong.

SPARKLING COMEDY AT WELLINGTON

"The Blarney Stone' with Tom Walls, the famous comedian, and Anne Grey the charming actress, of established reputation, will be the attraction this week at the Wellington Talkies, Dhobi Talao.

It is a fast moving comedy drama full of many breezy sequences that provide refreshing entertainment. Tom Walls gives a polished performance in an unusual role that adds fresh laurels to his previous career. It is a delight to watch his performance as a rollicking Irishman whose search for adventure leads him into many awkward situations, and he receives splendid support from Anne Grey who provides the feminine interest.

The story is built around Tim Fitzgerald whom his father had made to kiss the "Blarney Stone," as the result of which he acquired wonderful powers of eloquence—"The gift of the gab" associated with the stone. To save himself from the Sinn Feiners in his home country of Ireland, he runs away to England where he falls in love with Lady Ann Cranton, the lovely sister of his friend who has given him shelter. After a successful business career, Tim chooses to go to jail, accepting the blame for the fraud committed by his friend. Subsequently, the friend commits suicide leaving a letter clearing Tim. This revives the romance of Tim with Lady Ann Cranton.

"MAYA MACCHINDRA" AT WEST END

The West End Talkies at Lamington Road will continue to show till Sunday Prabhat Cinetone's popular Marathi talkie "Maya Macchindra" or "Illusion", featuring Mrs. Durga Khote. The picture has been drawing packed houses throughout the past week.

From Monday the theatre will be closed temporarily for renovation.

"DR. JEKYLL & MR. HYDE AT EDWARD THEATRE

This film is adopted from Robert Lowis Stevenson's famous story "Dr. Jeklyy & Mr. Hyde" Jekyll represents the "good" and Hyde the "bad" personalities of one individual Fredric March, handsome Paramount star, plays the dual role of "Dr Jekyll & Mr. Hyde," and the Hollywood Paramount studios have spared no resources in making the new 'talkie' version an artistic triumph. The photography enables the audience to see the handsome healthy young doctor transformed at once to an ape-like monster; and this camera technique is in its highest form.

"Dr. Jekyll & Mr. Hyde" film is one of the finest productions of the Paramount and wherever it has been shown, it has left a profound impression both on critics and the audience that the film was one of the best thrillers the talkie screen has ever given.

Besides March, Marian Hopkins Cockney street girl, and Rose Hobert play their roles to a great perfection and share with March the honours of making a really fine film.

"Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," featuring Fredrick March, now showing at the Edward Talkies.

A scene from Paramount's "A Farewell to Arms," starring Helen Hayes and Gary Cooper, commencing to-day at the Pathe Cinema.

LIONEL BARRYMORE in a scene from "RASPUTIN AND THE EMPRESS" which is coming again to Capitol Talkie to-day.

"My Ideal Of A Wife"

Hollywood Actors Tell You A Few Of Virtues They Expect In Their Spouses And Also Traits They Dislike

Hollywood is full of fascinating bachelors just waiting to be stampeded into matrimony.

The year 1933—not being leap year—ought to be a splendid time to round them up at the altar and make them believe that they arrived there of their own free will.

Yes?

Perhaps a few hints as to the preferences of the handsome gentlemen not now married may help ambitious maidens to corral a desirable prize, writes "The Picturegoer."

JOEL McCREA.

"Babies, lots of babies"! is Joel McCrea's first requisite.

"I've always hoped to marry the old-fashioned girl", he elaborates. "Being in the movies hasn't changed my ideals about women at all. She must be charming. She doesn't have to be beautiful. She must be sympathetic and intelligent. She must be well read. I think I would prefer having a kind of self-made woman if you get what I mean. Some one with lots of experience but who is not cynical.

"I don't like college girls. Most of them are cynical."

Joel sighed and pushed back his thickly waving hair.

"I'll probably be single a long time," he went on. "I realise I'm asking for the impossible—almost.

"Briefly, you might say that I want a girl right out of the old family album, who can be as modern in mentality as she chooses but who is really old-fashioned in her heart.

"I want a girl who can talk to me about to-day and who can rear children in yesterday's quantities!

RAMON NOVARRO.

Ramon Novarro complains that somebody is always asking him this question.

"If I marry in 1933 or any other year, it will be the right girl," he declares. "That's the only definition I can give.

"Marriage is so much a matter of companionship, of similar likes and dislikes, that all rules go by the board when the right person appears. I'm sure I shall know her when we meet, but I haven't the slightest idea what she'll be like until that day comes".

"Ramon's right about companionship," considers Phillips Holmes.

"There are plenty of girls a fellow likes to take to parties but how many are there who can be good company, not for just one evening, but for years?

"It's the same way from the girl's stand-point. How many men can she find who are real companions for every occasion and every day?

"When I find the one, you'll see my name under 'marriage licences' if the girl feels the same way.'

GARY COOPER

Gary Cooper's taste runs to girls who are athletic, who can play tennis, golf, swim and enjoy a camping trip or a hunting party.

"She should like to wear corduroy as well as satin," he insists, "and be as much at home in a hunting lodge as in the ballroom."

DAVID MANNERS.

"I have very definite ideas", asserts David Manners.

"You see, I have a certain financial objective in mind, and when I reach it I shall leave pictures and go off to a ranch to live. Therefore, I am interested only in the kind of girl to whom material things mean nothing.

"She should be of the stuff from which pioneer women were made. She should have an appreciation of music and art.

"I'm not attracted to any particular type of girl, but I suppose I admire natural blondes who have brown eyes. However, I may, pass any complexion. I'd like an independent thinker, who doesn't have to rely on me for inspiration. The clinging vine is out as far as I'm concerned."

WALTER BYRON

"When a fellow sits down and thinks of the kind of girl he'd like to marry, he never finds her!" sighs Walter Byron.

"I don't think it would matter if she were blonde or burnette so long as she was nice to look at and had my sort of sense of humour. I'd like her not to feel hurt if my own sense of humour happened to slide towards the sarcastic at times.

"She must be a girl who can get up in the morning and not waste half the day in bed.

"She should know how to make a good cup of coffee, but apart from coffee, she needn't know how to cook. We could learn that together."

"She needn't know how to ride or swim or play tennis or golf. I'm pretty fair at these things, and I can teach her."

TOM BROWN

Tom Brown, who is so young that he may change his mind, has come to the conclusion that he will never find the ideal girl.

"You see, I want too much", he explains.

"She must love music. She must be fond of a home, and yet like a good time and be peppy.

"She must be absolutely beautiful, physically and spiritually.

"So you see—what chance is there of finding her?"

We will take this up in a year or so, when Tom grows up.

LLYLE TALBOT

Llyle Talbot is one of the most popular bachelors in Hollywood. He says he hasn't any girl in mind, but these are the specifications for the ideal:

"Sense of humour and intelligence come first, so that you won't have to go to a night club or theatre every night.

"I think it's a good idea to say to yourself: 'Is this new girl the kind who would wear well on a desert island?' If she isn't, I'm only interested for a short time, because I like to sit and talk as well as to dance.

"I want someone who gets a big kick out of life.

"She needn't be a ravishing beauty. Charm is better. Most beautiful girls are not interesting.

"I want her to wear her clothes well so that I can be proud of her and show her off.

"I don't approve of the idea that the man must dominate so I'd like her to be a girl with a spirit of give and take."

"I'd look for a dark-haired girl in the show business", declares Russell. "She must be feminine-looking, yet interested in outdoor sports.

"She must have as many moods as possible. A girl who is the same yesterday, to-day and forever could never hold me."

JAMES DUNN.

James Dunn concluded with. "My girl will have to like radios, because I have 'em all over the house.

"I like a girl with a sweet disposition a will of her own and a lot of charm. I don't care for a girl with the social bee in her bonnet. I like outdoor sports and the girl I marry must enjoy playing a round of golf now and then.

"I hope she'll be able to laugh with me and not at me, because when I marry it's to be for keeps and we'll go hand-in-hand over the humps and into the hollows, for life."

CHAPLIN BUSY WITH NEW PICTURE

But No One Will Talk In It

Charlie Chaplin is definitely at work again.

He has given his solemn word to Mr. Murray Silverstone, managing director of United Artists, that he will deliver his new picture by the end of this year.

No one will talk in it.

The story is a modern one, based upon an idea that came to Charlie during his world-wide travels.

"In every country I visited," he said, "I found one particular problem. That is what I am going to deal with.

"I think it will prove of very topical and timely interest, and it will be expressed in pure pantomime."

The nature of the subject he declines to disclose.

Charlie is making an important departure from his past methods of production. "I am not shooting 'off the cuff' any more," he declared.

"This time I have a script and it is ready."

In addition to writing the story, playing the central part, and directing the picture, Chaplin will compose and arrange the music.

He has no qualms about keeping the picture entirely silent, apart from the music. "City Lights."

FREE DIVORCE PRIZE FOR MOVIE GOLFERS

Since the announcement of the Fairbanks-Pickford rupture, divorce has become so common at Hollywood that a notice posted on the board of the Lakeside Country Club has caused little surprise among members of the film colony.

The notice announced that a golf match is to be played shortly for a prize offered by a prominent Hollywood attorney. The prize is free divorce proceedings.

A number of film stars who are members of the club are busy practicing.

BRITISH FILMS NOT IN DEMAND

Empire Chambers Asks For Further State Aid

At the resumed session of the Congress of the Federation of Chambers of Commerce of the British Empire held in mail week in London, Colonel J. A. Cooper (Canada), moving a resolution urging that all possible assistance be given to facilitate the distribution and exhibition of British films, especially in the overseas parts of the Empire, deplored the fact that, while the standard of British films had improved, 80 per cent of the films shown in Canada were foreign. It was regrettable that such British stories as "Journey's End" and "Cavalcade" should be filmed abroad.

Mr. P. Mukerjee (Delhi) said producers of British films had not placed on the Indian market a sufficiency of films to enable a theatre to run on them all the year, though certainly British films there were cheaper than American.

Mr. Charles H. Luke (honorary delegate) asked why we should always have gangsters thrust at us. Where were the films of the "cowpunchers" of Calgary or the bushrangers of Australia?

The Fiji delegate drew attention to the effect on natives of cheap foreign films. The impression left by such films was that there was only one nation in the world—America.

The resolution was carried.

SCREEN TOPICS

NORMA SHEARER'S DILEMMA.

Do the Norma Shearer "fans" want her to be sentimental or sophisticated in her next picture?

Miss Shearer, who has just returned from a holiday says that she would dearly like to know.

You may take "Smilin' Through" as a sentimental example and "Strange Interval" as a sophisticated one.

Mr. Irving Thalberg, her husband and (as Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's production chief) her official superior, confesses that at the moment he does not know.

* * * *

CHARLIE'S FIRST DEFEAT.

Charlie Chaplin heretofore has always won his court battles, including frequent litigation with his former wife, Lita Grey Chaplin.

His first reverse was suffered a few weeks ago, when he lost a legal action in which he sought the right to be consulted regarding a trust fund established for the benefit of his two small sons.

A local bank was the trustee, and Chaplin contended he should be consulted regarding any investments, as he would be compelled to make good any deficit which might result from loss or depreciation.

But the court ruled otherwise.

* * * *

COLMAN AND GRETA.

Metro has been conducting a frenzied search for Ronald Colman in order to try to get him to play he lead opposite Greta Gargo in her new film, Christina.

They have been "paging" him half-way across the world.

A Garbo-Colman picture would have an immense appeal for the fans. 'Greta with the screen's greatest lover" would revive the glories of the days when the name of John Gilbert still thrilled us and he and the great Swedish star were the romantic rulers of the screen.

The M.-G.-M. moguls have been finding it difficult to provide leading men for their most glamorous employee since the team was broken up.

SHE MARRIES MILLIONAIRES.

It was interesting to see Peggy Hopkins Joyce playing Peggy Hopkins Joyce in "International House." Paramount's new contribution to the musical boom.

She even retains the Peggy Hopkins Joyce as her cast name.

Miss Joyce is an American institution. Her remarkable good fortune in falling in love with and marrying only millionaires is the envy and ambition of the entire feminine population of the United States.

So far she has collected four wealthy husbands and the finest collecton of jewellery in the world.

There might be a slight miscalculation about the number of husbands but the jewellery speaks for itself.

Once, on a previous visit to Hollywood she nearly collected Charlie Chaplin, who is a multi-millionaire. In the Hollywood clubs the betting was odds-on that the comedian would qualify, but the affair fell through.

* * * *

SHORT SHOTS.

"The Fountain," with Sidney Franklin (who made "Smilin' Through) directing, will be Diana Wynyard's first picture on her return to Hollywood—Dorothea Wieck's first American picture is now titled "White Woman."—Sylvia Sidney is to be Chevalier's leading lady in "The Way to Love."—Lee Games, the cameraman who photographed "Smilin' Through," "Shanghai Express" and "Zoo in Budapest," has been promoted to the ranks of Fox directors.—Leslie Howard has signed his first term with any company and will work for Warners.—Norma Shearer is scheduled to do "La Tendresse" next.—M.-G.-M. is planning a musical version of "The Garden of Allah."—Marie Dressler is coming to Europe for a long holiday as soon as she has completed "The Late Christopher Bean."—In a popularity contest recently staged in America by the National Girl Guides, Janet Gaynor polled more than 151,000 of 300 000 votes cast.

Star Turns In Hollywood

Restlessness and upset are abroad in Hollywood these days. The stars are changing their quarters rapidly—will they change their quality? Things are going to be difficult for the film "fan" in future. Hitherto it has been easy to remember that So-and-so works for Such-and-such a company, that Whosit is a Whatsit star. To-day—well, take a look at some of the recent changes.

Clive Brook has left Paramount and signed a contract with Radio Pictures. His first picture for them will be "The Family Man." So ran a communique a few days ago. For seven years Clive has been one of the brightest jewels in the crown of "Para." His association with them dates back to "You Never Know Women," soon after he had left British studios and sought fame in Hollywood. Not a filmgoer but would say, "Clive Brook? Oh, he's a Paramount star, of course!" Now comes the break albeit a perfectly friendly one.

And now rumour has it that Constance Bennett Has Signed with Darryl Zanuck to work exclusively for Twentieth Century Productions, Inc. Well, well! Certainly, Connie has not been with the one company for a period in any way comparable with the seven-years term of Clive Brook, but latterly the filmgoer has mentally noted her as a Radio star. If Mr. Zanuck has got her, it brings a whole row of feathers to his cap. Incidentally, this new company, Twentieth Century Productions, Inc., is the latest Hollywood sensation. They have signed up George Arliss, together with Loretta Young, for this twelve-super-pictures-a-year organization. What's more, Wallace, Beery and George Raft are to open the ball for the new production company with a film called "The Bowery."

Connie Bennett has still at least one more picture to make for Radio, this being "Free Lady", so that her new jib cannot start for while yet.

Universal, as no agreement could be reached on a new contract. Well, British Mr. Pratt has always been of a roving disposition—witness his recent flying visit to his native Britain to make "The Ghoul"—but Universal made him famous as the world's champion blood-curdler. It will seem odd to hear of Karloff under a new banner.

Helen Hayes is determined to leave M.-G.-M. on completion of "Another Language," but the studio is preparing "The Old Maid" as her next rather rude of the studio, don't you think But, anyway, she slipped off to Paramount for "A Farewell to Arms," so that M.-G.-M. have already plumbed the depths of Hayes-less sorrow. Just another example of Hollywood unrest.

"The Blarney Stone," now showing at the Wellington, presents Tom Walls and Anne Grey in a romantic scene.

INDIA AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA

Need Of Developing Cultural And Commerical Contacts: Visit Of Subash Bose To Prague Rouses Keen Interest In Indian Affairs

(From An Indian Correspondent.)

PRAGUE. July. 15.

The need and importance of India maintaining and developing direct contact in different spheres with foreign countries are realised in India at intervals. Quite recently, Dr. Tagore has made a powerful plea in this direction. But so far, very little has been done of a practical character. In other words, no steadily functioning apparatus for the purpose has been created. Lack of recognition of the value of foreign contacts in public leaders in India has, no doubt, been an important hindrance. The possibilities for creating a machinery for the maintenance of foreign co and of utilising and carefully selecting for the purpose the available material abroad among Indians and securing for it support at home, have not been properly explored. Attention has also been concentrated on one or two countries. In foreign relations it is not always the size of a country that matters so much, but the amount of utility derivable from contact with a land depending of the economic structure of the land as well as its political outlook. The issue of foreign contact implies the issue of foreign policy.

AN IMPORTANT INDUSTRIAL UNIT.

Subash Chunder Bose who recently has been raising pointedly the issue of developing contacts with foreign countries, has also, it is satisfactory to note, commenced to give the question a practical lead. Czechoslovakia has been the first country where Mr. Bose, after recovery from his illness, has taken up the problem actively and along definite lines. India as a whole, to a large extent, it would appear, has yet to discover the Republic of Czechoslovakia. It is not generally or sufficiently recognized in our country that Czechoslovakia is one of the most important industrial units in Europe. Already Czechoslovakia has a significant import trade with India, the extent of which is not fully realised in India, especially since the imports enter this country through foreign ports, and the statistics generally available afford no correct picture. A large part of this trade at the same time goes through middlemen of foreign countries.

At present, Czechoslovakia imports from India about twice as much as she exports to India. There is considerable scope for the development of trade between the two countries and to the exclusion of foreign middle-men to the common advantage of both the lands. Czechoslovakia could assume an important part in the industrial and technical development of India. It manufactures many of the important items in India's import trade particularly in the lines of machinery, glassware and porcelain. It has an advanced educational system, possessing efficient universities and up-to-date industrial and technical schools, affording the best opportunities for useful education for our students.

PRAGUE.

The defect, of course, has been and still is that the existence of such institutions and opportunities available at them, as indeed for practical training, are not known in India. Prague the capital of Czechoslovakia, it probably is not known in India, is one of the most important of the university centres in Europe, maintaining two universities, a Czech and a German, with all faculties represented in both, and a course of training as efficient and thorough as that in Germany. Architecturally Prague is perhaps the most picturesque town in Europea, geographically it is in the very heart of Europe, being midway between Berlin and Vienna, and economically it is less expensive than most of the important capital towns in Europe. Politically as well Czechoslovakia is an important unit maintaining in many ways the leadership of the Little Entente. The lack of colonial ambitions and expansionist aims is a point of additional significance in the cultivation of relations with it for a country like India.

SUBASH BOSE'S VISIT.

Subash Chunder Bose came to Prague about a fortnight back and stayed here just over ten days during which period he had opportunities for coming closely in contact with many responsible persons connected with public life, press education and trade and industry. Bose came with definite aims before him and wisely to an extent had taken care to equip himself in advance with approaches to useful and necessary contacts. The Ministry of Trade made arrangements for Bose being taken to Pilsen headquarters of Skoda Works, one of the largest machine construction factories in the world. Karlsbad, the world-famous watering station and a seat of porcelain industry Zeleznv Brod, the centre of Czechoslovakian glass industry, and a few other places.

Soon after his arrival in Prague, Bose was cordially received by the Lord Mayor of Prague who opened him all facilities to visit the water, gas and electricity works, to inspect the sanitary arrangements of the city of Prague and also to see the social welfare institutions, the most important of them being the Masaryk Homes for the poor and the invalid. Bose was also invited by the heads of some important industry concerns, by university professors, including the distinguished Sanskrit scholar Professor Dr. Lesny, and some well-known writers. He was also interviewed by representatives of a number of leading papeers. While here Bose also met and had discussions with the head of the Orient Institute. The Foreign Minister Dr. Benesh received Subash Chunder Bose to a short interview two days before his departure from Prague.

INDIAN MUSIC.

In conversations I had with him, Subash Chunder Bose told me that on all sides here he came across with deep interest in India and keen readiness to take up and support the scheme of promoting direct cultural and commercial contracts between the two countries and forming towards this end an Indo-Czechoslovakian Society. By responsible persons concerned, Bose has been assured that Indian students would received here with all cordiality and all available opportunities given to them for higher studies and practical training.

As a practical instance of this interest, bearing also the effect of Bose's activities for developing contacts between the two countries, I might state, that the Wireless here soon after the arrival last week of Prof. Deodhar, the Bombay musician, arranged for his singing to the Radio. Prof. Deodhar was also entertained to a private meeting where many distinguished music professors and critics were present and where he had opportunities for displaying vocal and instrumental music. I heard at this meeting, Professor Haba of the State Musical Academy and a leading figure in the music world, impressing on Prof. Deodhar again and again that the great task before the Indian [illegible] of new texts so [illegible] important and active role in the all-round emancipation of the Indian people. He welcomed very much the development in the direction of orchestral music.

SUPPORT FROM INDIA NEEDED.

Subash Chunder Bose during his stay here, actively spent in visiting a number of institutions and meeting and discussing wtth responsible persons, has created the basis for the erection of an institution for the promotion of direct contact between India and an important European State. The raising of the erection itself and its development will greatly depend on this preliminary work being followed up closely and carefully, which in turn will depend to a large extent also on the echo the idea finds in India. It is to be hoped that the scheme will find encouragement and

WHITE PAPER STANDS UP?

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, Aug. 4.

Reviewing the work of the Select Committee the "Times" finds that first and foremost, the White Paper "stands up" after the searching examination as a practicable scheme. Given Indian cooperation and goodwill, there was every reason to expect the new constitution to work without too much friction.

It was equally plain that success would largely depend upon the calibre of Governors-General, Governors and the attitude of the Legislature towards reserved subjects.

Communal rivalry remains an obstacle to political progress and justifies Government's insistence on minority safeguards. Financial difficulties remain but Sir Samuel Hoare has made it clear that if the financial situation permits the introduction of provincial autonomy, it would equally permit the establishment of the Federal Parliament. Here and in many other respects, Sir S. Hoare's evidence had an excellent effect on Indian delegates.

WORLD SCOUT JAMBORLE

The Principal of the I. P. Mission High School, Surat writes:—

In order to commemorate the World Scout Jamboree now in session at Godollo (Hungary), the Boy Scouts of the I. P. Mission High School, Surat, gave an interesting Camp Fire Programme on Wednesday before a large gathering, the Scout Band recently presented by Dr. H. G. Lakdawala, being in attendance. A cable of good wishes was sent to Godollo under the signature of Diwan Bahadur Thakurram Mehta, C. I. E. District Scout Commissioner of Surat.

CURRENCY ACCOUNTS.

The Dy. Controller of Currency Bombay, has issued the following Abstrcat of the accounts of the Currency Department on the 31st July 1933:—

(In thousands of rupees)

Notes in circulation	1,78,87,99
Reserve	
Coin and bullion:	
In India:	
Silver coin	95,28,02
Gold bullion	29,13,18
Silver bullion	9,84,00
In England:	
Gold bullion	.....
Silver bullion	.....
In His Majesty's Dominions:	
Gold bullion	.....
In transit between India, England and His Majesty's Dominions:	
Gold bullion	.....
Silver bullion	.....
Securities (purchase price):	
In India	44,62,70
In England	.....
Internal Bills of Exchange	.....

KASHMIR GOVT. GRANT LIBERAL REMISSIONS

Darbar Gives Effect To Glancy Commission's Recommendations And Abolishes Malikana

SRINAGAR, Aug. 2.

The Kashmir Government issued the following press communique on July 29:—

The following is a short resume showing the extent to which His Highness' Government have carried out the recommendations of the Glancy Commission during the period of one year since the publication of its report in March last.

The restrictions on the freedom of speech and association have been removed and the law on the subject has been amended on the lines in force in British India. This privilege has been appreciated by the public, and more than a dozen newspapers have come into existence within the short period of a year—a record which will not compare unfavourably with that of any other State in India.

It will be remembered that with a view to associating people more closely with the Government of the State, His Highness was pleased to entrust Mr. B. J. Glancy with the task of formulating proposals for constitutional reforms in the State in consultation with 2 official members and 12 non-official representatives of various communities and interests residing in the State. This conference favoured the establishment of a Popular Assembly, and made recommendations in regard to its composition, powers and functions. It was not, for obvious reasons possible to bring the Assembly into being immediately, for, the basic question of Franchise had to be settled first.

APPOINTMENT OF FRANCHISE COMMITTEE.

His Highness was accordingly pleased to appoint a Franchise Committee for the purpose with Sir Barjor Dalal, Kt., I.C.S., as President.

Some of the religious buildings which had during the last two or three centuries passed into the hands of the State were made over to the Muslim community in the last quarter of 1931, while orders for the transfer of others referred to in the Glancy Commission's Report were issued almost immediately after the publication of that Report. His Highness' Government were pleased to release several mosques in Kashmir, Jammu, Rajouri and Kotli Tehsils of the Mirpur District. No orders could, however, be passed with regard to a few religious places in which the interests of third parties were involved; and two, of such cases in Kashmir have been referred to the Conciliation Board for settlement.

EMPLOYMENT IN STATE SERVICES

While the Glancy Commission prescribed minimum qualifications for the various grades of services it refused to fix any proportion for the employment of any one community in the services of the State, as it considered that an immediate revolution of the machinery of the Government would be impossible. Owing to recent retrenchments not many vacancies in the State services have occurred of late. Whenever new men had to be employed, Muslims possessing necessary qualifications have been preferred. The Muslim element in the Police Department has been increased and Muslims are being recruited in increasing numbers as candidates for the posts of Tehsildars and Munsiffs.

The recommendations made by the Retrenchment Committee for the enhancement of fees in educational institutions have been held in abeyance temporarily on the representations of the Muslims, although considering the cheapness of education in the State as compared with the neighbouring Provinces in British India, the increase was long overdue and had ample justification in its support.

A proposal to create 235 Arabic teachers for the special benefit of the Muslims in the villages have been sanctioned by His Highness.

GOVERNMENT OWNED LAND.

One of the chief complaints that was placed before the Glancy Commission was that in various parts of the State, the ownership of the land was vested in the Govrnment itself, which levied Malikana in addition to the usual land revenue. This matter was considered by the Commission with great thoroughness, and it was recommended that His Highness might be pleased to grant a concession to the people in this connection and order the discontinuance of the Malikana, subject to payment of a light Nazrana. Orders have been recently passed by His Highness abolishing the Malikana altogether without payment of Nazrana of any kind. Thus going beyond the recommendations of the Glancy Commission which provided for the levy of Nazrana as a condition precedent for grant of this valuable boon.

Proprietary rights have also been granted in Kashmir and the Frontier Districts of Ladakh and Gilgit without recovery of any Nazrana.

When calculated in terms of money, His Highness' Government have thus remitted a sum of about 28 lakhs in favour of zamindars, which the State could ill afford to lose in these days of financial stringency.

Under Raj Tilak boon No. 4, village Assamis have been granted, free of charge, areas equivalent to 100 per cent of the cultivated area and 25 per cent. of this area is being reserved for grazing purposes. They have been further permitted to cut and prune trees planted on Khalsa lands, village paths, public roads and Kuhls in villages. Restrictions on Nautor have been removed in Kargil and Skardu Tehsils as recommended by the Glancy Commission. This concession has further been extended to other parts of the frontier in respect of Khalsa land, which also goes beyond the recommendations of the Glancy Commission. Yet another concession not contemplated by these recommendations has been granted to zamindars: His Highness' Government have been pleased to order that the holdings of zamindars who died without leaving heirs, instead of reverting to the State, should henceforth devolve on zamindars of the village concerned. By granting this one boon, the State has relinquished its right to thousands of rupees every year.

HELP TO INDUSTRIES.

Industrial labour in Srinagar is almost entirely Muslim, and to help this large labouring class to tide over the present economic difficulty, His Highness' Government have kept the Silk factory open even at the time of depression in the silk market; they have, moreover, granted handsome subsidies to the carpet factories, which though not Government concerns, provide livelihood to hundreds of families in the city.

His Highness' Government are quite alive to the necessity of providing new avenues of employment to the people by exploiting the resources of the State. Several industries hav already been started, while schemes for starting others a?re under consideration It is hoped that with the larger contentment of the people a peaceful atmosphere will be permanently secured to help the further progress of industries in the State.—A. P.

UPWARD TREND ON LONDON CHANGE

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, Aug. 3.

On the Stockk Exchange the revival of inflation rumours in America reflected a reactionary tendency in dollars which weakened 11 1|2 points to 4.56 1|2.

There was a corresponding upward trend in most of the speculative sections. The success of the new Canadian Loan further stimulated investment demand in gilt-edges. Wheat was reactionary owing to lack of fresh buying, while other commodities generally were quitely steady. Wall Street was not interesting.

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GUJERATI WIDOW'S DEATH MYSTERY

"Neighbour's" Sensational Allegations Against Police Officer And Doctor In Anonymous Letter To Coroner

Sensational allegations against a City Police Officer are made in an anonymous letter to the City Coroner in connection with the inquest over the body of a young Gujarati widow named Rukhibai Revashanker

The person, who signs the letter as "A Neighbour" states that the death of the woman was due to the aftereffects of abortion, which was done by administering drugs.

He tells the Coroner that a police officer, who is interested in the case is trying to hush up the real facts and asks the Coroner to place the case in the hands of a European officer for investigation.

At the inquest held over the body of the woman on Friday, two doctors, who attended on Rukhibai, a brother-in-law of hers with whom she was staying and Doctor Nunan gave evidence.

REFUSAL TO CREMATE.

From the evidence recorded it appears that when the dead body of Rukhibai was taken to the cremation ground on July 22, at 2-30, the cemetery clerk refused to allow the body to be cremated as there was no Doctor's Certificate. The Municipal Commissioner had given information saying that he had received a letter saying that the woman had died due to abortion. The Princess Sreet Police were informed, who removed the body to the morgue, where it was examined by Dr. Nunan.

PAIN IN JAW.

It was also stated in evidence that a few days back she complained of pain in the jaw and Dr. Tribhuvandas Hargovindas treated her and gave her injections. Later Dr. Yodh of the J. J. Hospital also treated her and gave her injections. Both the Doctors were of opinion that the woman was suffering from tetanus due to some wound in the leg, which she had got a few days previously.

INJECTIONS GIVEN.

Dr. Tribhuvandas giving evidence stated that he had his dispensary in Dadyseth Agyari Lane. He had been treating Rukhibai since July 16. On that day when he examined her he found her suffering from lock-jaw. She had also a fresh wound on the right toe whic had been recently healed up and hence he came to the conclusion that the woman was suffering from tetanus. He advised anti-tetanus serum and gave her injections After two days, finding that there was no improvement he called in Dr. Yodh who also examined her and gave her injections. On July 22, he was informed by her brother-in-law that she died and the clerk at the cemetery refused to allow the body to be cremated. The doctor on hearing this wrote out a certificate.

SUFFERING FROM LOCK-JAW.

Dr. Bhasker Yodh giving evidence stated that he knew Dr. Tribhuvandas Hargovindas professionally. On July 19, he was called for consultation by Dr. Hargovindas and went to a house in front of the Cathedral School in Bhuleshwar and found a young woman of about 25 suffering from lock-jaw and muscular spasms. After examining her, she informed him of a wound in the left foot sustained ten days previously. The scar had healed. After examining her, he was satisfied that the woman was suffering from tetanus and advised intra-venous and intra-muscular injections.

On July 22, he received a phone call saying that Rukhibai's heart was bad though the lock-jaw and spasms had improved, he went and examined her again and gave her injections. She died the same evening.

The Doctor was of opinion that sometimes tetanus may follow abortion but in cases of mechanically produced abortions tetanus is more likely.

BROTHER-IN-LAW'S EVIDENCE.

Rajaram Shivashanker, the Brahmin priest and brother-in-law of the deceased giving evidence stated that Rukhibai lived with him for the three weeks. Some days ago she complained of pain in the jaw and he called in Dr. Hargovindas who treated her. Later Dr. Yodh also came and treated her. She died on July 22.

When recalled, he stated that Rukhibai lived with him since January 1933. In May she went to her native place in Idar State and came back. She again went back in June and came back only recently. In answer to a question, he stated that he did not know that Rukhibai was pregnant.

"PREMATURE DELIVERY"

Dr. Nunan, who examined the body of Rukhibai, stated that there were signs of her having had a previous full time pregnancy and stated that there was "evidence of recent pregnancy and premature delivery, i.e., abortion". Proceeding the Doctor stated that there was no medical evidence to show of any criminal abortion by drugs." Death was due to tetanus. The cause was not obvious" whether it was from an old wound or from criminal abortion. It was not necessary that there should be some injury if there was an abortion.

Answering a question the Doctor stated that in such young healthy persons like the deceased natural abortion was not likely.

ANONYMOUS LETTER.

The anonymous letter which is addressed to the City Coroner states that the deceased was living with her brother-in-law for more than six months. She went to Idar State in the last week of June to get gold ornaments to defray the cost of a suit in the High Court. The deceased was three months' pregnant. By administering private medicine, the deceased got an abortion and she was suffering from subsequent ill effects. The writer of the letter states that there is a Police Officer" who is trying his level best to save the rascal (the man who was in illegal intimacy with the woman) for some ulterior motives". Further the letter says: It will be better if you place this case in the hands of a European", Continuing the letter says that the man responsible for the crime "boasts in public that what can the police do when the officer is in my hand".

"RICH MAN."

The writer of the letter continuing states that the Doctor used to visit the place at night, the writer appeals to the Coroner and says: "your prompt attention will help the analyser to give the proper report otherwise it will spoil the whole thing....is a rich man an dcould spend much to save himself. Abortion has taken place ten days before the death" and the contents of the womb were thrown away.

The writer says that there are two brothers and a near relative of the deceased in Bombay and asks the Coroner to call them as witnesses.

The inquest was postponed to August 7, when the deceased's brothers will be called to give evidence.

KURLA SWADESHI MILLS RE-OPEN

Thousand Workers Agree To Wage Cut

(From Our Correspondent.)

KURLA, Aug. 4.

The Swadeshi Mills, Kurla, which had closed down on May 13 last thereby throwing out 5,000 mill workers reopened yesterday morning with about a thousand workmen, who agreed to a wage-cut of 25 per cent.

ANTI-WAR LEAGUE FOR INDIA?

Provisional Committee Formed With Swami Kumaranand As President

Mr. Jamaluddin Makhmoor, Secretary Anti-War League, Bombay writes:—

Political workers opposed to war on grounds purely humanitarian met in an informal meeting recently held at Gateway Mansion, Apollo Bunder and after a prolonged discussion it was decided that an Anti-War League be formed in India.

A provisional committee has been formed with Swami Kumaranand member A I C C as president and Mr. Jamaluddin Makhmoor, a prominent nationalist of Rajputana as its secretary.

The League will soon place its programme before the public and will carry on an intensive propaganda through press and platforms for the prevention of war, destruction of war mentality and international peace. Those who are interested in League's humanitarian mission and want to join it in order to make it a powerful organization can communicate to the Anti-War League Office, Gateway Mansion, 40 Apollo Bunder, Bombay.

JUVENILE FOR BORSTAL INSTITUTE

Full Bench Reverses Sentence Of Two Years Rigorous

A Full Bench of the High Court consisting of the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia and Mr. Justice P. B. Shingne considered a legal point concerning the sentence in a kidnapping case.

Some time ago, Mr. Justice Mirza presiding over the Criminal Sessions, sentenced an 18-year-old boy, Laxman Shivram, to two years' rigorous imprisonment on the jury finding him guilty of kidnapping. The judge further ordered that the accused should serve the sentence at the Borstal Institute at Dharwar which was meant for juveniles.

Subsequently, on a representation being received, the Advocate-General granted a certificate that this was a fit case to be reviewed by a Full Bench in view of a technical error in the judge's order.

After hearing arguments in the case, the Full Bench altered the sentence of imprisonment to one of detention for the period at the Bostal Institute. This was necessary to comply with the provisions of the Borstal School Act.

Mr. Kolah appeared for the Crown and Mr. N. H. Jhabwalla appeared for the accused.

Miss Padmavati and her brother, Master Narendra, the famous Kohlapur singers, will give "Cocoanut-Day" concerts at Blavatsky Lodge to-day (Saturday) at 4 p.m. and to-morrow at the same time.

WIFE STIFFLED TO DEATH

Fisherman Gets 18 Months For "Culpable Homicide Not Amounting To Murder"

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, August 4.

The trial of Ditta Keshav Mangela, a fisherman of Bordi (in Dahanu Prant) who was charged with having murdered his young wife Kashi, concluded yesterday afternoon at the Sessions Court, Thana, two years after the date of offence.

The jury unanimously found the accused guilty of culpable homicide not amounting to murder with the knowledge but without the intention of causing the death of his wife on August 4, 1931. The jurors thought that though the accused was unsound in mind at the time of committing the offence they were doubtful as regards the degree of insanity, but they were sure that the insanity was not such as to bing him under the exceptions.

Mr. D. S. Oka, the additional Sessions Judge, accepting the unanimous verdict of the Jury convicted the accused of the offence under section 304 (2) I.P.C. Taking into consideration the derangement of his mind, the judge sentenced him to 18 months' rigorous imprisonment.

"STIFLED HER THROAT."

The facts are that on the evening of August 4, 1931, the accused beat his wife Kashi. He gave fist blows on her chest and stifled her throat. She died on the spot of fracture of ribs and strangulation. His father Keshav, who lived with another son in a separate room in the same house, overheard the beating and therefore requested the neighbours to go and stop the accused. They found that Kashi was lying dead and that the accused also lay a few yards away with his face towards the ground. They noticed that there were two small wounds on his head also. The accused appeared like a mad man at that time.

In his confession two days later before a Magistrate, the accused stated that he asked his wife to give him bread but she said that she would not give even if he died of hunger there and then. He, therefore became angry and caught hold of her throat and stifled it. Consequently she fell down and died. He denied having given fist blows on her chest.

"QUITE SANE".

Mr. B. V. Karlekar, the committing Magistrate, was of the opinion on August 25, 1931, that the accused was quite sane and understood proceedings well, though at the time of recording his confession, the accused had made sounds like a mad man.

However on November 26, 1931 when the accused was brought to stand his trial at the Sessions Court before Mr. M. W. Pradhan, the jury unanimously found that the accused was not in a fit state of mind to take his trial that day, so the proceedings were postponed.

AT MENTAL HOSPITAL.

The accused was kept at the Mental Hospital, Thana, till he was certified to be of sound mind to stand his trial which began on July 31 last.

Mr. S. S. Kazi, assistant public prosecutor, appeared on behalf of the Crown.

PRESIDENCY ROAD BOARD

Reconstituted Body Less Unweildy

The Director of Information, Bombay writes:—

The Government of Bombay have directed the reconstitution of the Road Board appointed originally in 1926. The new Board includes a representative of the Railways but otherwise is smaller than the old Board, which was found to be unwieldly.

The Board as reconstituted will be as follows:—

OFFICIAL MEMBERS

The Hon. Minister, Local Self-Government, President.

The Chief Engineer, Roads and Buildings.

The Secretary to Government, Finance Department.

The Secretary to Government, General Department.

The Commissioner in Sind or the Chief Engineer in Sind representing the Divisional Road Board, Sinw.

The Commissioner, Northern Division or the Superintending Engineer, Northern Circle representing the Divisional Committee of the Road Board for Northern Division.

The Commissioner, Central Division or the Superintending Engineer, Central Circle representing the Divisional Committee of the Road Board for Central Division.

The Commissioner, Southern Division or the Superintending Engineer, Southern Circle representing the Divisional Committee of the Road Board for Southern Division.

The Deputy Secretary to Government, Public Works Department (Roads and Buildings) Secretary.

NON-OFFICIAL MEMBERS

The following are the Non-official Members representing the Legislative Concil and the District Local Boards.

Sardar Rao Bahadur Bhimbhai R. Naik, MLC., (representing District Local Boards in the N. D.)

Rao Bahadur G. K. Chitale, MLC., (representing District Local Boards in the C. D.)

Rao Bahadur S. N. Angadi, MLC., annd Mr. G. S. Gangoli, MLC., representing District Local Boards in the S. D.)

Sir Shah Nawaz Khan Bhutto, (representing District Local Boards in Sind.)

Membes appointed by the Railway Board.

The Chief Engineer, Southern Command.

FROM VARIOUS BODIES

One member each of the following bodies:—

The Western India Automobile Association. The Indian Roads and Transport Development Association, Limited. The Indian Merchants' Chamber. The Bombay Chamber of Commerce. The Karachi Chamber of Commerce. The Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce.

LABOUR LEADER ARRESTED WHILE PICKETING

Hamals On Strike At Carnac Bunder Make Allegations Of Wage Reduction Against Parsi Contractor

There was a sensational development in the strike of the Hamals at Carnac Bunder on Friday morning when a labour leader Mr. A. N. Sheti of the Bombay Dock Workers' Union and three pickets were arrested by the police. The arrested persons were placed before the Hon. Magistrate charged with having caused obstruction. They were ordered to be released on bail of Rs. 15 each and their cases have been fixed for August 11. Mr. B. D. Mistri Advocate appeared on behalf of the accused.

HAMALS ON STRIKE.

The Hamals about 150 in number went on strike on the 1st inst. as a protest against the action of the new Parsi Contractor reducing their wages from about Rs. 40 per month to Rs. 25 per month. So long the B. B. & C. I. Railway Co., used to pay the Hamals directly at the rate of Rs. 1/8 per day. Since the 1st inst. the company introducd the new system of entrusting the work to a Parsi Contractor. The Parsi contractor has at one stroke reduced the wages of the workers by about Rs. 15 each.

On Wednesday the 2nd inst. the strikers approached the leaders of the Bombay Dock Workers Union and requested their help. Accordingly the leaders of the Dock Workers' Union organised a meeting of the strikers on Thursday evening and a strike committee was appointed to conduct the strike.

MR. SHETI ARRESTED.

The strike committee decided to picket the gates of the Carnac Bunder Goods Shed. Pickets were placed at the gate on Friday morning which angered the Contractor who it is alleged began to abuse the pickets. Seeing this Mr. A. N. Sheti, the general secretary of the Bombay Dock Workers' Union donned the strap of a volunteer and began to picket. It is alleged that the contractor, who had an Eddi-Polo stick in his hand, began to menace the workers and the pickets. All the while, the two police constables who were ostensibly there to keep order were silent and instead of checking the contractor ended their inactivity by arresting the four pickets including Mr. Sheti. The arrested persons were then taken to the Phalton Road police station in the Contractor's car.

The names of the other three arrested persons are Bahiru, Gaffar, and Aziz.

The arrests of the pickets and their leader has created excitement amongst the strikers and has strengthened their resolve to continue the strike.

WOMAN'S DEAD BODY IN UNUSED WELL

(From Our Correspondent.)

KURLA, August 4.

A dead body of an unknown woman was found yesterday morning by the Kurla police to be floating in an unused well between old Kurla and Ghatkopar. The police believe that the victim must be a Muslim girl aged about 17. The body being in a decomposed state sent to the local dispensary for post-mortem. exawination.

Police are making inquiries into the matter.

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Nodular, Tubercular, Aenasthetic, Para or mixed is promptly cured by internal and external specifics including those for fumigation and bath for 45 days at Rs. 10 per set. Postage extra.

Mr. P. Veeraswamy, Surveyor, Cocoanada: "I daresay completely cured by yours and yours alone."

Mr. S. R. C. Ayyar, Nagore:—Found your medicine very effective. Dr. G. A. Rao, L.M.P., Pudukottah:—I have advised patient to continue your medicines.

LEUCODERMA

or white patches, due to loss of pigmentation or colouring matter in the blood or any other causes are cured by specifics both internal and external at Rs. 7/8 per set Postage extra. Dr. B. M. Misra, L.M.S., in charge, Police Hospital, Puri:—I found good results. B. Singh, Esq., Port Blair:—My son got complete cure. J. L. Proctor, Bombay:—Cured my patches entirely. H. I. Shaik, Esq., Poona:—Spots vanished completely. Captain A. I. Shaik, Shikarpur, Sind: I have found Leucoderma Specific very useful. **Behar Chemical Works, Shree Gauranga Bhavan,** Bhagalpur, Tele. Add:—"Chemists", Bhagalpur, or from Thompson and Taylor, Ltd., Bombay.

Rs.20/12as. a month will secure for a man of 25 years Rs. 9,500 at age 55 or at death.

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NO NEED FOR ALL THIS STRAIN

WE are going through strenuous times. Many are so hypnotised by their troubles that they cannot let them go. They are forgetting what health and happiness is. They are besieged with aches and pains—nerviness—irritability and dozens of complaints too numerous to particularise. For those 'ASPRO' has a message—that 'ASPRO' will soothe the nerves—soothe the pain—enable one to "let go" and return again to one's birthright of good health. Try 'ASPRO'; banish your headaches—rheumatism—sleeplessness—nerve pains—nerviness, or irritability and assist Nature to restore your health. Instead of putting up with aches and pains—sleeplessness—nerviness—etc., just:—

ASPRO REG. TRADE MARK

FIRST AID FOR MOTHERS

Most children are subject to Toothache Earache, Colds and sudden bursts of Temperature. 'ASPRO' can be safely given to children so affected. It will soothe the pain away and quickly reduce Temperature.

HOW TO GIVE 'ASPRO' TO THE KIDDIES

Two simple methods of giving 'ASPRO' to the kiddies are: (a) with a little milk: or (b) break the tablet up and administer in a teaspoonful of jam. The dose is: children 3 to 6 years, 1/2 tablet; 6 to 14 years, 1 tablet; 14 to 18 years, 1 1/2 tablets. 'ASPRO' like any other medicine should not be given to babies under 3 years of age without medical advice.

LET 'ASPRO' SOOTHE THEM AWAY

CHEMIST WARDS OFF MALARIA

Dear Sirs,—I am an analytical chemist and was in business in Sydney for many years.

I am at present in the Solomon Islands where Malaria is very prevalent, and I can assure you I have warded off many an attack by the use of 'ASPRO' Tablets in myself and others, also given great relief in bad cases of Malaria and hastened recovery. They have a great advantage over quinine in that they are pleasant to take, and have none of the nerve-racking or deafening effects which almost invariably accompany the taking of any quantity of quinine.

My experience with 'ASPRO' is large, and during a prospecting tour through the Northern Territory of Australia, I and others with me took 'ASPRO' frequently, and none of us ever had one day's illness from Fever or Influenza.

Had I been without 'ASPRO' I would have probably been laid up with Malaria.

I am, Believe me, Yours sincerely.

(Signed) J. H. BERRY

SUNGLARE HEADACHES STOPPED EXCELLENT FOR FEVERISHNESS

P. O. Greenwood Park, North Coast, Natal.

Dear Sirs,—Many thanks for the 'ASPRO' safely received. I have used 'ASPRO' for a very long time now, and find them famous for bilious headaches, from which I am a sufferer. I always carry a couple of 'ASPRO' in my bag knowing they keep perfectly fresh in the waxed covering, and one taken in time will always stop a headache caused through the sun's glare especially when one spends a day at the beach. My little daughter of twelve years often complains of headache and the first thing she asks for is an 'ASPRO'. She says she knows it will be better in a few minutes. I find them excellent for all members of the family especially for feverishness and rheumatism, and knowing they are safe one does not hesitate to use them for children.

I remain, Yours truly,

S. G. ILLMAN (Mrs.)

JOHANNESBURG RESIDENT PRAISES 'ASPRO

Dear Sirs, 120 Kerk Street, Johannesburg

I feel I must write to tell you what I think about 'ASPRO'. For the last year I have suffered with headache and nerve shock. I was recommended by a friend to take 'ASPRO' Tablets and have had great relief in taking them.

I will never be without them.

You can use this letter to show others what a great benefit 'ASPRO' did for me.

Yours faithfully,

(Signed) I. GROBLER (Mrs.)

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Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 1 per cent. per annum. Interest on balances in excess of Rs. 1,00,000 allowed only by special arrangement. No credit will be given in accounts for interest amounting to less than Rs. 5 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened. Rules may be obtained on application.

The Bank acts as Executor and Trustee under Wills and Settlements and undertakes Trustee business generally. Rules on application.

A. G. GRAY, Manager.

'Justice' And 'Equality' Still Pious Dreams

In India Pride And Prestige Are Making Fair Dealing Difficult; If Not Impossible Says Prof. Radhakrishnan

The League of Nations International Commission on Intellectual Corporation held its annual session in Geneva during the second half of July. At the first meeting of this gathering on July 17th Professor Shotwell of Columbia University proposed the formation of a small Committee for the scientific study of social and political relations. Speaking on it Professor Radhakrishnan said:—

"The depression that we speak of is a feature of our minds as much as of the economic situation and it is gratifying to know that we in this Committee are not yet victims to it, though there is enough round about as to justify mental depression. Racial and national prejudices are much to the fore in the East as well as in the West. Justice and Equality are remote ideals, pious dreams. In India, pride and prestige are making fair-dealing and justice difficult, if not impossible. The World Conferences stand adjourned without arriving at definite results. Instead of being cast down by these sensational failures, we are still hopeful, and persist in the slow and steady work for the furtherance of world peace.

MUST FACE FACTS.

There is a general feeling that our discussions at this gathering are more or less academic and scholastic in character, and there is not much reality in our thinking. We are afraid of treading on the sensitive spots of nations, and therefore are content with abstract discussions on first principles which lead one nowhere. Our Committees of Arts and Letters and Sciences deal with neutral territory. If we want to escape this criticism we must face social and practical problems, though in a detached and objective way."

He then explained in a few words the psychological difficulties of the situation, and concluded:—

"Much depends on the personnel. It will not do to select members who love every country except their own; nor will it do to choose men who are already committed to definite conceptions of social order. Let us get together a few nationalists who are at the same time devoted to the international community and are aware of their obligations as citizens of the world."

The Sub-Committee of five set up in pursuance of this proposal includes Prof. Radhakrishnan.

Professor Gilbert Murray and Prof. Radhakrishnan addressed the International Union of Students in Geneva on Wednesday the 19th. Prof. Radhakrishnan said:—

Dr. Gilbert Murray has referred to the need for thought in these difficult times. I propose to add a few observations on this topic. We are living in great times. History is being made before our eyes. It is the duty of the intellectuals to interpret the events, direct their course and contribute to the march of events. Round about us parliamentary government involving the play and counterplay of varied interests and opinions is slowly giving place to dictatorship either of the right or of the left. The communist plan of a dictatorship for the benefit of the proletariat, on the middle-class tyranny, organised in the assumed interests of the nation makes thought difficult. If anyone thinks or speaks against the established power, he is either killed or put into prison. It is at the expense of the individual that the so-called economic salvation is attempted to be achieved.

NO FREEDOM OF THOUGHT

Freedom of thought and conscience, of speech and discussion is conspicuously absent in these times. The interests of the minorities are ruthlessly set aside. It is forgotten that man does not libe by bread alone. Even supposing we organise the world on sound and efficient lines, give every one a dole, or, as Hitler says, give every man a job and every woman a husband, we shall not make for true happiness. The ends of existence are those personal relationships like love and friendship which are beyond the scope of science and organisation. The most sacred moments of our life are those when we are most alone when we meditate on the deepest values; in his relations to his Maker or the woman he loves, man rises abobe the crowd and is most individual. It is not as accident that attempts are made to abolish religion and home for these refer to the ultimate, the intimate side of human life. We want to suppress thought, dehumanise man, convert him into a unit in a crowd, make use of him for 'national' purposes; we are all crippled humans; we cannot build up a better social order, unless we regain our individuality and have courage to assert ourselves.

The world has become very nearly one civilised society and yet 60 different sovereign states are trying to control this one society. It is a state of anarchy that prevails, a state of war or perpetual conflict. War is the normal condition of states, though it has two phases, one pacific, one belligerent. Human life is not yet humane. There is so much vulgarity, cruelty, and coarseness in it and we cannot remove them unless we have the courage to stand against the crowd, resist its pull and make it listen to us though it beats us down. Even the intellectuals, I am sorry to say, are not loyal to their ideas. When hot passions take hold of then they bid goodbye to their intelligence and slip into the rut. The uniforms we wear enter into our flesh, the silence of steel suppresses our thoughts and when national passions are roused, we are swept off like Gadarence swine.

We cannot build up a pacific world order by simply shouting for it. We cannot pick up pacifism in the Secretariat of the League of Nations. If there are individuals in the country who refuse to be stampeded, who are prepared to seal with their blood their faith in humanity, our goal can be brought nearer. It is no use waiting till the world is converted. Let us wage war against life's abominations, its lies and sorrows, not because we expect that our cause will win, but because we know our cause is just. How many of us are prepared to assert with lives:—"So long as one man is in prison, I am not free: so long as one country is subjet, I belong to it."

VERSATILE BENGALEE LADY DEAD

Late Mrs. Swarnalata Ghose Was One Of First To Break Away From Orthodoxy

The death took place at her residence in Calcutta on last Sunday morning of Mrs. Swarnalata Ghose, widow of the Mr. Manmohan Ghose, probably the first Indian Barrister to practise in India. With her death at the age of 80, there disappears one of the few links left of the pioneer Bengalis who broke through the trammels of orthodox prejudice and adapted all that is constructive in western culture without in any way losing that which is their heritage, braving the opposition and, not unoften, the ridicule of the more conservative section of their countrymen, says the "Amrita Bazar Patrika."

Mrs. Ghose was one of the outstanding personalities of her time, not only as the wife of her illustrious husband, to whom she was an ideal partner, but also as a woman of great charm, of versatile intellectual tastes and social accomplishments. Born in the village of Sripur, in Khulna, she was married at the age of five into a family which was, if anything, even more orthodox. But fate intervened to the extent of breaking the old prejudices in her husband's family and causing him to be sent to England from where he came back as a barrister, determined to adapt all that was best in English culture. Thus it was that he had his girl wife admitted into the Loretto Convent, Calcutta, in 1866 and spared no pains to her equipped for a life which a barrister's wife is expected to lead.

At the age of sixteen, after four years in school, Mrs. Ghose returned to her husband. During the first of her several voyages to Europe in company with her husband for the education of her son, she took charge of two other boys, one of whom and her son were placed under the care of the late Sir John Budd, and Lady Phear of Marpool Hall, Exmouth, Devonsire, where she and her husband also stayed for some time. Sir John Phear had been a puisne judge of the Calcutta High Court and had been a great friend of her husband. The two boys were no other than the Hon. Alhadj Nawab Bahadur Sir Abdelkerim Ghuznavi, of Dilduar, Member Executive Council, Bengal and the late Mr. S R Das, Law Member of the Viceroy's Council.

In her days she was an ideal hostess and she and her husband could cunt among their personal friends Lord and Lady Ripon, Lord and Lady Dufferin, Sir William Comer Petherarn, Lord and Lady Hobhouse, Sir Henry and Lady Cotton, Sir Herbert and Lady Holmwood, Sir Pheroze Sethna and Dadabhai Naoroji. Her husband's younger brother, Mr. Lalmohan Ghose was one of the best of Bengali's orators and was the first Indian to contest a seat in Parliament having stood for election from the constituency of Deptford in 1885.

WAR ON GAMBLING

The Secretary, Anti-Gambling League, writes:—

The Anti-Gambling League, welcomes and appreciates Mr. Survey's effort to do away with the prevalent menace of "Satta" gambling in the city in particular and the Presidency in general, tabling a resolution in the coming session of the Legislative Council. The resolution if carried—as it ought to, will do much for the poor. Let gambling be confined to a few rich only.

The past few months experience will prove, any proof were needed, that a crop of pice papers have sprung up in these days, mainly intended to allure and tempt those who are not accustomed to this vice. Tipping and forecasting should be banned altogether.

DR. PARANJPYE TO BE KAMALA LECTURER.

Dr. R P Paranjpe, Vice-Chancellor of the Lucknow University, has been recommended by the Syndicate of the Calcutta University, for appointment as the Kamala Lecturer of the University for the year 1933 to deliver a course of lectures on "Rationalism in Practice."

WEEK-END CRICKET.

The following players will represent the Young Mahomedan Cricket Club in a friendly match against the Ionion Sports C. C. on Sunday at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Esplanade Maidan.

I P Mansuri (Capt.); I J Mansuri; S C Merchant; A P Mansur; A U Mansuri; M A Shaikh; A V Mundis; O A Bhamla; A J Toffic K C Shah; M H M Nagori.

Reserves:—Nabishab; S L Memon and D M Shah.

WYATT CARRIES HIS BAT FOR 187

Pataudi Plays A Patient Innings

LONDON, Aug. 3.

Wyatt who carried his bat with 187 reached the boundary no less than seventeen times in course of his six hours' stay at the crease. He was badly missed by Walters at deep point when he was 183; otherwise he gave no chance.

The Nawab of Pataudi played a patient innings taking 2-1|2 hours for his 59 which included six hits to the ropes. With Nichol he added 87 for the third wicket.

Then followed a collapse, the last 8 wickets falling for 35 runs. Paine who was deadly with the ball took 6 wickets for 25 runs in his last spell.

Cutmore and O'Connor, for Essex, added 153 by stolid rather than brilliant cricket. The brightest batting, came from Eastman whose 38 included seven 4's.

Bowes who took seven of Glamorgan's wickets in their first venture conceding only 39 runs, was rising sharply.—Reuter's Special.

NEW HORSES FOR INDIA

Three horses exported by Hailey's Bloodstock Agency viz. Spenser, Bombshell and Will Scarlet, arrived in Bombay recently. The first named was dispatched to Calcutta, having been purchased by Sir David Ezra.

Sobrino and Dr. Strabismus will leave England at the end of the season. The last named ran second in mail week carrying the colours of Mr. P. B. Avasia.

Dinos who was purchased privately in mail week, has been shipped to India.

Calcutta Journalists Protest Against Censorship

Withholding Of News Of Gandhiji's Movements And Mutilation Of His Statement Belie Official Denials

At a meeting of the Council of the Indian Journalists' Association, Calcutta, held on July 31, Mr. J C Gupta presiding, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:—

That this meeting of the Council of the Indian Journalists' Association invites the attention of the public and of the Government to the disallowance by the Press Officer of Bengal for publication in the Press of important news items regarding the movements and even such statements of Mahatma Gandhi that cannot come by any stretch of language with the mischief of the Press (Emergency Powers) Act.

Such withholding of news and the mutilation of Mahatma Gandhi's statement on the Poona Conference of Congressmen are a complete answer to the Government's claim that there is no rigid censorship of Press in Bengal, on which the Association had recently correspondence with the Government of Bengal.

The Council is of opinion that if the policy as indicated in the withholding of news items of the character mentioned above is pursued it will be going even far beyond what is allowed by the drastic provisions of the Press Act.

The Council views with grave concern the situation that has arisen making it practically impossible for the Press to function as a purveyor of news even within the limits of the Press Act.

GOVERNOR'S ASPERSIONS

This meeting of the Council places on record its respectful but emphatic protest against the aspersions cast on the Indian newspapers by His Excellency the Governor of Bengal in the course of his address to the Public Security Committee at Dacca on the 14th instant.

This repudiates the suggestion that Indian newspapers are at all publishing any items of news or article in praise of particular terrorists.

Having carefully gone through the file of Calcutta newspapers since January 1932, this Council is unable to find a single instance to justify His Excellency's grave charges against the Indian Press.

REFORMS CENSORSHIP

This Association invites His Excellency's attention to the recent correspondence between this Association and His Excellency's Government on the question of rigorous Press censorship in Bengal and to the impossibility of such items as referred to by His Excellency getting published.

In view of the fact that the said pronouncement of His Excellency is likely to be made capital of by enemies of India, this Association requests His Excellency to withdraw the grave charges publicly, especially as Indian newspapers, far from encouraging terrorists, have always done everything humanly possible to dissuade terrorists and revolutionaries from violence of any kind.

That the numerous abductions of and criminal assaults on women call for the immediate mobilisation of public opinion and that as spokesmen of public opinion the Indian Press should give a lead

That a continuous and consistent censor in the Indian Press be initiated to move Government to check this revolting social crime.

This meeting congratulates 'Advance' on its successful fight against the order for the deposit of security under the Press Act and for having exposed through the law court the extent to which rigors of Press censorship are carried in Bengal.

WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE— WITHOUT CALOMEL

And You'll Jump Out of Bed in the Morning Feeling Great

If you wake up in the morning feeling sour and depressed; entirely lacking in vim and vigour, don't swallow a lot of salts, mineral water, oil or harsh purgatives and force them to make you suddenly sweet and buoyant and full of sunshine.

They can't do it. They only move the bowels and do not remove the cause. The real cause of your sunken feeling is your liver. It should pour out two pints of liquid, bile into your bowels daily.

If this bile is not flowing freely, your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Your stomach is filled with gas. You have a thick, bad taste, and your breath is foul, skin often breaks out in blemishes. Your head aches and you feel down and out. Your whole system is poisoned.

It takes those good, old CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS to get these two pints of bile flowing freely and make you feel "up top". They contain wonderful, harmless, gentle vegetable extracts especially effective when it comes to making the bile flow freely.

But don't ask for liver pills. Ask for Carter's Little Liver Pills. Always look for the name Carter's Little Liver Pills on the Red Package Label.

MIND YOUR EYE

"EYE-SUN" Cures Cataract and Imperfect Sights absolutely. No need of operation. Success guaranteed. If not, price refunded. Price Rs. 2 Harryasram, Panchpota (Jessore) Bengal.

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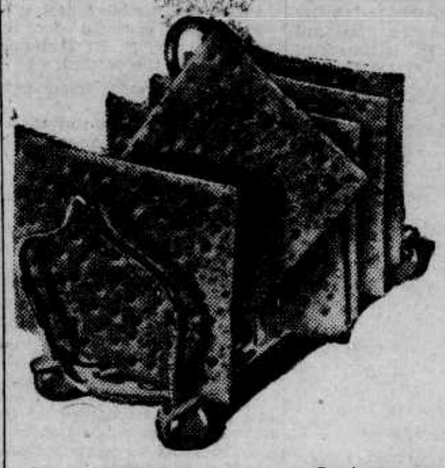

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"Vita-Weat" keeps you SLIM and makes you FIT, and also aids digestion. It is guaranteed entirely free from chemicals or preservatives. Being easily digested, "VITA-WEAT" CRISP-BREAD ensures the correct functioning of the body, thereby promoting Perfect Health.

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Permanent Birth Control
or 'stop con' is a vegetable product. When taken by a lady for seven days will stop conception permanently. Will not affect the general health or monthly. Already tried by hundreds of doctors and others. Results guaranteed Rs. 5 for full course. Postage extra. Agents wanted.
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Certainly not. You tell him definitely where you want to go. Likewise, you must insist on Scott's Porage Oats when you want the best.

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Hammer at your Brain?
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Thus, attacked from every quarter, your Health Trouble cannot stay—it **MUST GO!**

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Sold by all Chemists and Stores.

AFTER LAPSE OF 6 YEARS

Decision On Road Relief Scheme

COST OF 20 LAKHS

Ahmedabad Municipality's Venture

(From Our Correspondent.)
AHMEDABAD, Aug. 4.

The question of the relief road scheme was discussed this evening by the Municipality when many citizens also were present. The scheme it will be remembered has often been discussed in Municipality during the past six years.

Sjt. Balvantray Thakor and others lodged their protests.

President Manilal Chaturbhai stated that by the scheme, the Municipality will be put to a loss of twenty lacs. It meant taking a leap in the dark.

After discussion for an hour and a half the scheme was passed by 29 against 15, all Muslim and nominated members voting in favour.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES IN INDIA

Statistics For Quarter Ended 31st March 1933

In the current issue of the "Labour Gazette" the statistics of industrial disputes in British India for the first quarter of the year, 1933 published by the Government of India, Department of Industries and Labour, are discussed.

There were 28 disputes in progress during the quarter involving 48,535 workers and resulting in an aggregate time loss of 734,481 working days. Twelve of the disputes involving 12,412 work-people and resulting in a time loss of 232,865 working days occurred in the Bombay Presidency.

Thirteen of the disputes arose over wages questions, three over questions relating to leave and hours of work and six over the employment of individuals, one was a bonus dispute and the remaining five were due to 'miscellaneous' causes. All the disputes except four terminated during the quarter, the workers being successful, either partially or fully, in ten disputes and unsuccessful in the remainder.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES IN PRESIDENCY

During June 1933 there were ten industrial disputes, four in Bombay city, five in Ahmedabad and one at Chalisgaon. The number of workpeople involved in these disputes was 9,462 and the number of working days lost was 43,348.

WORKING CLASS COST OF LIVING

In July 1933 the working class cost of living index number for Bombay city with July 1914 prices equal to 100 was 103, i.e., one point lower than that of the preceding month. The index number for food articles remained stationary at 95.

IN AHMEDABAD.

In June 1933 the working class cost of living index number for Ahmedabad, with the average prices for the year ended July 1927 equal to 120, was 72, i.e., one point higher than that of the preceding month. The index number for food articles advanced by two points to 62.

IN SHOLAPUR.

In June, 1933 the working class cost of living index number for Sholapur, with the average prices for the year ended January 1928 equal to 100, was 70, i.e., two points higher than that of the preceding month. The index number for food articles advanced by three points to 59.

WHOLESALE PRICES IN BOMBAY

In June 1933 the Bombay wholesale prices index number with July 1914 prices equal to 100, was 98 against 97 in the preceding month. In comparison with the previous month, the index number for food grains advanced by three points to 81.

STOP PRESS

GALES CONTINUE IN RATNAGIRI

RATNAGIRI, Aug. 4.

The downpour has slightly abated but stormy gales continue. Through communication has not yet been restored.—A. P.

SEVERE GALE IN CAWNPORE

CAWNPORE, Aug. 4.

Many trees, branches, houses and sheds fell down due to gale which started yesterday at 3-45 p.m. Two persons are reported to have been blown off when they were walking with umbrellas on a bridge. Many persons received injuries from falling trees. A part of the town was engulfed in darkness for a few hours. Telephone cables were torn off. Overhead cables were also damaged. Mills were closed immediately.—A. P.

CLASH WITH STRIKERS.

STRASBOURG, Aug. 4.

Four policemen were knifed and a score of men were injured in an affray with strikers who extinguishing the lights barricaded the centre of the city, and held up motorists and pedestrians. Strikers' casualties were about 50 and numerous arrests include Germans armed with daggers.—Reuter.

ENCOURAGING INFORMERS.

CAIRO, Aug. 4.

Egyptian terrorist Ibrahim Fellah who was sentenced to 15 years' imprisonment last September, after turning King's evidence and then retracing his confession has been released by a Royal Decree, and awarded £1,000.

It is understood that the Government's action is intended to encourage informers to come forward with evidence in connection with the recent bomb outrages.—Reuter.

MISUNDERSTANDINGS REMOVED.

LONDON, Aug. 4.

The evidence of Sir S. Hoare before the Select Committee had cleared up differences, and removed misunderstandings, said Sir V. T. Krishnamachariar, interviewed by Reuter, prior to his departure for India.

The viewpoint of Indian Princes had received ample consideration. Delegates were returning conscious of the fact that a decisive step had been taken in the direction of All-India Federation. Main portions of the White Paper relating to States had been accepted readily by the Select Committee and also by British Indian delegates.—Reuter.

MUSLIM LEADERS' INFORMAL TALK

LUCKNOW, Aug. 4.

An informal conference of Muslim leaders was held to-day at Salempur House. Maulanas Shaukat Ali and Shafi Daudi who arsived here to participate in the conference left for Simla this afternoon. Raja of Salempur, Chaudhari Khaliquzzaman, Syed Zakirali and about 20 others took part in the deliberations.

The following press statement has been issued from Salempur House:—

"Maulana Shafi Daudi specially came to have an informal discussion with the Raja of Salempur and Chaudhari Khaliquzzaman. The Raja also invited Shaukat Ali to participate in this informal meeting. It was in the nature of an informal talk on the present political situation. There were free and frank expressions of views and very fine spirit prevailed throughout. It is expected that within a week it will be possible to give a definite shape to the result of to-day's deliberations."—A.P.

RAILWAY TIMINGS

TIMINGS AT VICTORIA TERMINUS.

Trains	Arrivals. H.M.
Madras Mail	6-00
Peshawar & Lucknow Express	7-20
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7-50
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	9-15
Madras Express	10-15
Deccan Queen	10-25
Poona Mail	11-40
Nagpur Express	14-00
Punjab Mail	15-10
Poona Past Passenger	16-00
Poona Express	19-30
Allahabad Express	20-40
	Departures.
	H.M.
Allahabad Express	7-15
Poona Express	8-00
Poona Fast Passenger ..	11
Madras Express	13-45
Punjab Mail	15-15
Poona Mail	15-30
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	16-45
Deccan Queen	17-15
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	21-00
Peshawar & Lucknow Express	21-15
Madras Mail	22-00
Nagpur Express	22-15

WIGHTMAN CUP SINGLES PLAY

Wills Moody Unable To Play Due To Ill-Health

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
NEW YORK, Aug. 4.

Mrs. Wills Moody was unable to play in to-day' Wighiman Cup singles owing to injury to her back.

She was replaced by Sarch Palfrey, who was originally included principally for doubles.

Later.—Mrs. Wills Moody's trouble has been diagnosed as sprain due to the recurrence of an old injury aggravated by strenuous practice.

Mrs Moody is acting as a non-playing captain.

She hopes to play after examination to-morrow, in singles and doubles; if not in both, then in the final match in doubles.

COUNTY CRICKET

Notts' Big Victory Over Sommerset

LONDON, August 4.

Notts vs. Somerset: Notts won by ten wickets.

Notts 402 for eight, and declared and 89 for no loss. (Keeton 57 not out). Somerset 242 and 248 (Ingle 67 J. Lee 51).

Worcestershire vs. Warwickshire: Warwick won by an innings and 122 runs. Warwickshire 524 for seven and declared. Worcestershire 185, and following on 217 (Qualife 88).

Lancashire vs. Gloucestershire: Lancashire won on the first innings. Lancashire 262, Gloucestershire 234, (Hammond 120).—Reuter's Special.

ESSEX BEATS MIDDLESEX

LONDON, August 4.

A match between Essex and Middlesex, which commenced on Wednesday, resulted in a win for Essex by seven wickets

SCORES.

Middlesex 368 and 97. (P. Smith four for 38). Essex 378 and 91 for three.—Reuter's Special.

Surrey vs. Northamptonshire: Surrey won on the 1st innings. Surrey 257 and 229 (Squires 68, Watts 53, not out). Northants 256 and 139 for seven).

TATA STUDENTSHIPS

List Of Candidates Selected For 1933

At a meeting of the Committee of the J. N. Tata Education Scheme held on Friday at Bombay House, Fort, Bombay, out of a large number of applicants from all over India, the following candidates were selected for the Tata Studentships for the current year:—

1. V. K. Chowdhari of Bombay University for Physics.
2. Sisir Kumar Datta of Calcutta University for Economics.
3. K. Nageswaran of Madras University for Physics.
4. K. R. Ramaswami Iyengar of Madras University for History and Economics.
5. M. Virasami of Madras University for Engineering.
6. S. R. Dolasa of Nagpur University for Mechanical and Electrical Engineering.
7. G. L. Chandratreya of Bombay University for Mathematics.
8. M. R. Subba Rao of Mysore University for Sugar Technology.

TRIBESMEN CROSS INTO SYRIA

Serious International Situation

BAGDAD, August 4.

A serious international problem is arising as a result of the presence, on borders of Iraq, Syria and Turkey of 1,300 Assyrian tribesmen, who recently crossed from Iraq into Syria.

The Turkish authorities, it is reported, have threatened any refugees crossing the Turkish frontier with death, while the Iraq government warned the Assyrians in Iraq that if any of them join their friends across the frontier they would not be allowed to return.—Reuter's Special.

Madras.—The remand period for persons taken into custody by the City Police following their enquiries throughout the Presidency in connection with an alleged conspiracy expires tomorrow.

The police have brought here a youngman from Vizagapatam following certain information they gathered during the investigation.—A. P.

26 PERSONS KILLED?

Drowning Tragedy In Ganges

4 OUT OF 30 SAVED

Plight Of Villagers Going To Benares

BENARES, August 4.

A boat with about 30 persons including some women capsized this morning, in the Ganges, near Ramnagar Fort, due to a strong current in the river which is in floods.

According to a report received so far only four persons have been saved. All others have evidently been drowned. The police are making inquiries.

All persons on board were coming from villages to sell their wares in the city.—A.P.

MISS DOROTHY WRIGHT'S SUICIDE

Multi-Millionaire's Son's Name Involved

PARIS, Aug. 4.

In connection with the suicide of Miss Dorothy Wright, the man's name is given as Roland Coty, aged 25, a son of Francois Coty multi-millionaire, scent manufacturer, newspaper proprietor and politician.—Reuter Special.

SEDITIOUS LEAFLETS

Medical Practitioner Gets 6 Weeks' R. I.

NOAKHALI, Aug. 3.

Jogendra Kumar Das (25), a private medical practitioner has been sentenced to six weeks' rigorous imprisonment under the Bengal Terrorist Outrages Suppression Act, for possessing certain seditions leaflets.—A. P.

OFFICIAL & PERSONAL

4th AUGUST.

The following communique is issued from the Viceroy's camp:—

"Viceroy granted interviews to Mr. Meyer Nissim, Sardar M. A. Raste.

The Viceroy received the Raja of Mudhol.

Her Excellency granted interviews to Sir Chimanlal Setalvad, Major Sir Hashmatullah Khan.

Her Excellency received Her Highness the Rani of Sawantwadi.

Their Excellencies received His Highness the Nawab of Sachin, and Her Highness Begum Sahiba.

The following had the honour to be invited to luncheon: His Highness Maharaja Jamsahib of Nawanagar, Captain Clarke, Mr. Egerton, Sir Victor Sassoon, His Highness the Raja of Sawantwadi, Dewan Bahadur Moreshwar B. Rane.—A. P.

A NEW MEDICAL IMPROVEMENT

PROLONGATION OF HEALTHY AND ACTIVE LIFE TREATMENT OF ALL AILMENTS.

Men of science whose names are world renowned, have proved beyond doubt that the weakening of the human organism, uric acid poisoning, innumerable ailments, precocious senile decay and death itself are caused by feeble vital glands unable to carry out their essential functions properly. They no longer supply the constitution with the necessary active life-giving ferments. These savants have shown that lost physical health and virility can be rendered to impoverished organisms by means of the introductions into the body of extracts of vital glands such as KALEFLUID.

KALEFLUID rejuvenates and strengthens every element of the human body; it replaces lost vigour and brings back health, speeds up the nutritive forces, dissolves and eliminates uric acid and its salts and poisons. After a course of the KALEFLUID treatment you will find pains and maladies disappearing as well as your nervous depression. You will become cheerful and alert and you will enjoy a healthy life full of youth.

KALEFLUID has earned five Grands Prix and five Grandes Medailles d'Or in Paris, London, Brussels, Rome and Florence.

KALEFLUID is on sale in Paris at the LABORATOIRE DU KALEFLUID 49, Rue Balagny, PARIS and in BOMBAY, from KEMP and Co. Ltd., Charni Road Queen's Street.

Ask for the explicative booklet free of charge.

BADRINATH IN DANGER

Erosion Of Alaknanda Causes Several Houses To Collapse

As a result of the scouring and undercutting action of the river Alaknanda and the abrupt rise of three water springs near the Ramanujkot, wires the Rawal of the Badrinath temple, several buildings on the right bank of the river have suddenly collapsed. The incident took place on July 19 in day time and since then buildings and walls adjoining Ramanujkot are daily giving way. Half of the big court-yard, known as Naubatkhana which lies on the northern end of the bazar and from where the steps lead to the temple and the Taptkund, has been destroyed. Cracks have appeared in the Bhagmandir building wherein the bhog is cooked for Bhagwan Badrinath and which is only 20 cubits distant from the main temple buildings. Loss of grains stored in the buildings amounting to several thousands of rupees has been sustained by house-owners. Further damage to the Puri and the temple is seriously apprehended.

The Rawal has wired to the authorities concerned and has actually started work with the advice and assistance of a P.W.D. supervisor who happens to be at Badrinath these days. It is hoped that under the supervision of Mr. Nautiyal the temporary measures which are at present being adopted to protect the temple and the Uuri would be successfully carried out inspite of the great risk attendant on such work which has to be accomplished at a place surroupnded on the one side by the river which appears to have made its way underground up to the Naubatkhana and on the other side by the half-damaged and the falling buildings. These measures are only temporary and unless a stone embankment is consructed from Brahmakapal to the Rishiganga the whole Puri, including the temple, is sure to be destroyed and damaged.

This is exactly what Mr. L. B. Gilbert, executive engineer, and Mr. G. Sanden, assistant superintendent of the Geological Survey of India, have written in their book on "The Glacier in the Arwa Valley." According to them quite apart from and danger of abnormal flood, Badrinath needs the protection of a stone embankment and an apron of articulated cement concrete blocks, else the scouring action of the river even in a normal annual flood will gradually undercut and destroy all the buildings on the bank.—"The Leader."

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET REPORT

CALCUTTA, August 4.

Jute Shares ruled steady with moderate inquiry. Coals were steady with moderate business passing. Teas were firm. Miscellaneous disclosed no fresh feature. Securities were firm. Following were the closing quotations:

Securities:—3-1/2 per cent. paper 85|10; 3-1/2 per cent New Loan 1947|50 94|14; 4 per cent loan 1960|70 98|6; 4 per cent loan 1943 102; 5 per cent loan 1945|55 113 small lot; 5 per cent loan 1940|43 106|14; 6-1/2 per cent Treasury bonds 1935 107|10.

Banks:—Central Bank 23|14 cum div; Imperial Bank conty 296|8 small lot.

Railways:—Darjeeling Himalayan (pref.) 90 small odd lot.

Cottons:—Dunbar ordy. 101; Kesoram 3|4.

Coals:—Bokaro and Ramgur 7|6 Katras Jherriah 30|12 small lot; Mundulpur 3|14; Nazira 7|8; New Beerbhoom 9|12; Raneegunge 31|4.

Jutes:—Anglo India ordy 354; Bally 151; Barnagore 140 small lot; Caledonian 503 small lot; Champdany 135 small lot; Chitavalsah pref. 114; Clive 274; Fort William 257|8; Howrah 50|6; Howrah "A" pref. 119; Kamarhatty 490; Kanknarrah 452|8 cum div; Lawrence 477|8 small lot; National 22|3; Orient 208; Reliance 72|4 small lot.

Miscellaneous:—Indian Galvanizing 9|10; Indian standard Wagon ordy. 41|12; B. I. Corporation pref. 121; Indian Wood Products 32|14; Midnapore Zemindary 67|8; Calcutta Landing and Shipping 7.

Sugar Shares:—Champaran 27|12; New Savan 15|14.

Teas:—Betjan 25|2 swall lots; Central Cachar 93; Hantapara 402|8; Ledo 179; Patrakila ordy. 823|8; Rydak 46; Seajul 34|4; Teleijan 12|10.—A.P.

KANARA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION.

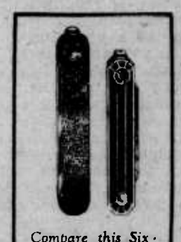
To meet the successful students at the University and other examinations, Mr. D. N. Nagarkatti Vice-President, Kanara Saraswat Association, will be "At Home" in the Kanara Saraswat Association Hall on Saturday at 4 p.m. (S.T.).

Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar, Vice-Chancellor of the University of Bombay has consented to address the students.

The smartest Kodaks ever made—*and as good as they look!*

KODAKS SIX-16 and SIX-20

Here's the Six-16, taking pictures 4¼ x 2¼", rapidly becoming the most popular size. Prices from Rs. 49. The Six-20, from Rs. 45, takes pictures 3¼ x 2¼". F6.3 Anastigmat lenses are available



Compare this Six-16 (right) with an older model taking the same sized pictures! Although so much more compact, the Six-16 carries two more exposures.

THESE are the newest of all the Kodaks. Inside their smart modern cases they have all the good Kodak features you know—and some special new ones of their own!

How compact they are! They carry 8 exposures, yet even with this extra capacity they are much smaller and flatter than other roll-film cameras taking the same sized pictures.

Quick in action, too! Just open the front, and the lens snaps instantly into position, with all adjustments ready to hand. On four of the models exposure, aperture and focus can all be set from above: on two of them there is also a built-in exposure guide. The Six-16 and Six-20 do *everything* to help you make fine pictures!

We can't explain *all* their features here: your Kodak dealer has these fascinating models for you to see.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

SATURDAY, AUGUST 5, 1933

JUSTICE AT LAST!

Justice has at last been vindicated in the notorious Meerut "Conspiracy" Case to a considerable extent. The Allahabad High Court has acquitted nine of the accused, one of whom, Mr. M. G. Desai, had been given five years' transportation and three to four years' rigorous imprisonment by the Sessions Judge, Mr. Yorke. The sentences on five have been commuted to the period already undergone and the sentences on the rest have been substantially reduced. The reduced sentences, however, though merciful in contrast with the monstrous ones imposed by the Sessions Judge, are heavy, and, in our view, even if guilt is admitted, excessive, considering that the accused have been in jail for over four years.

The Defence Counsel pointed out that English Courts in Communist cases give a sentence exceeding three years only on two occasions, while sentences of one year all round were recorded in the great Communist trial of 1925. It is monstrous to justify the higher sentences in India on the plea that in this country the standard of punishments is higher. There is no reason why the Indian standard should be higher and if it is so, it is time for the inequality to be rectified. The public, however, will be chiefly impressed by the fact that the High Court judgment demonstrates that the Sessions Judge's general view of the case was wholly at fault, even apart from the vindictive sentences he thought fit to inflict.

WAS THERE A CONSPIRACY?

Referring to those accused whose conviction they upheld, their Lordships observed that their offence was a serious one and ordinarily would deserve long and heavy sentences. We have not yet before us the full text of their judgment and till we receive it we must withhold our final detailed comment on the case. But the evidence adduced before the Sessions Judge and ably discussed by the Defence Counsel in the High Court, leads us to the inference that, whatever else the accused might have been guilty of, the charge of conspiracy to wage war against the King has not been conclusively proved against them.

The evidence may be presumed to establish that most of the accused were in sympathy with the general principles of communism, that they carried on an intensive propaganda against capitalism and Imperialism—the latter being carefully explained as exploitation by British capitalists—and that in this propaganda they received general guidance from Russia. But, as Mr. Justice Young pertinently remarked in the course of the hearing, "the question was whether there was an actual agreement to deprive the King Emperor of his sovereignty."

SCANDALOUS DELAY.

For ourselves, we believe with the Defence Counsel, that there is nothing in the evidence to establish such an agreement. "A conspiracy," said Dr. Katju, "should be founded on an agreed course of action, and provisional and conditional conspiracies based on agreements which might be arrived at in future were not covered by Section 121A". It appears to us fantastic to base a charge of conspiracy against the King on the relation between contemporary propaganda and a distant hope of some kind of politico-economic revolution evolving in an undefined future.

One of the most notorious features of the whole case is the scandalous delay in its conduct. Its practical effect amounts to imprisonment in advance of conviction. It is quite unjust to put the blame on the accused. The High Court Judges themselves have remarked that the prosecution was mostly responsible for the delays in the lower courts by producing much needless evidence. It is to be hoped that their Lordship's strictures will have a wholesome effect on the prosecuting authorities and induce them not to prolong cases hereafter by introducing unnecessary and confusing evidence.

ADVICE TO GOVERNMENT

It may be confidently asserted that, if this case had been tried by a High Court Judge and Jury the accused would have obtained justice and that far more speedily. As they have already suffered much, Government might now gracefully remit the sentences that remain and make it unnecessary for the case to be taken to the Privy Council. They would be wise to do so, for a discussion of the case in Britain and the world publicity it would then have is hardly likely to enhance the credit of judicial procedure and executive intelligence in this country. For many reasons this trial has created scandal and evolved criticism and indignation abroad and the sooner it is removed from the arena of public discussion the better it will be for the credit of the Government and all concerned.

Getting More Involved

The Government Press is hard put to it in defending the action of the military in bombing Bajauri villages. The "Times of India" in a leader which reads as though it had been written to order in Simla, again speaks of "international obligations" which compelled the Government to resort to this action and writes that the Afghan Government were "entitled to ask us to stop the open hatching of a conspiracy in Bajaur against the peace of their country", and that the Government of India "must respond effectively to their demand." The Afghan Consul, however, categorically states that "there is no unrest or tribal war within the territory of Afghanistan. Peace and tranquility prevail all over the country," though Nadirshah can demand the arrest of Liwani Faqir.

The "Civil and Military Gazette" is more honest and says the Indian authorities are not to be influenced by anything that may be written in the London Press, and that Frontier bombing is regarded as the exception justifying the reservation made at Geneva! Further on, it writes that there is nothing strange if the Army authorities favour the "speedier, less costly, less dangerous and equally efficacious method" of aerial bombing. But that is not all. The local champion of bombing suggests that the very existence of Amanullah in far-off Italy is at the bottom of the unrest in Afghanistan, though the Afghan Consul avers that there is nothing like unrest in his own country. We do not know whom and what to believe in all this confusion. But this much is certain that there is a good deal of questionable propaganda going on, under instructions from interested parties.

What is most surprising is the anxiety of the Government Press for the disarming of some of the Frontier tribes. If arms in the hands of the tribes are a menace to civilisation, they are equally a menace in other peoples' hands, as we have been hearing at the Disarmament Conference. We do not suppose these warlike tribes are willing to sell their independence for a mess of pottage, even to satisfy Simla scribes. It seems as if the expedition into Bajauri territory is not going to be a holiday excursion, but a gruelling affair that may last several months and possibly cost crores. Is all this expenditure justified even under the new code of "international obligations"? Roads have to be repaired and bridges built, before the forces can proceed near their objective, and all this is not an easy thing to do in a hostile country. It means money and probable loss of lives. The Indian tax-payer will have to bear it and not the Anglo-Indian Press which is encouraging the Government to go from one extreme to another. This warfare ought to stop immediately.

Adulteration In Corporation

Having last week treated a proposal for the proper disposal of "katchra" as a matter for ribald laughter, the Bombay Corporation on Thursday frivolously threw out a motion for dealing efficiently and effectively with adulteration of milk, butter and ghee. The motion moved by Mr. M. N. Talpade asked for a report from the Commissioner on the desirability of appointing a special staff of inspectors to check the growing import and sale of adulterated ghee and called upon the Executive to be more vigilant in taking legal action against dealers in milk, butter and ghee. The adulteration of ghee is a very old question but the Municipality jogs along in the old grooves and the dealers in the adulterated commodity continue to enjoy their profits at the expense of the health of the ghee consuming community.

The extent to which milk is adulterated in the city is notorious and we have no hesitation in saying that nothing but inefficiency in the work of supervision and inspection can be responsible for the extent to which this nefarious practice prevails in the City. Recently the exposures in the columns of this journal of wholesale adulteration of butter with fish oil led to revelations which have scandalised the whole City. These revelations, to which the "Chronicle" first gave publicity had the effect of stirring up the staff of the Health Department and demonstrating that the plea that the fault lay with the inadequacy of the law and the inertia of the Magistracy was all bunkum.

Much more remains to be done to ensure that the people get their supplies of milk, ghee and butter in a pure state and one would have supposed that the Corporation, which has the power at least to stimulate the Executive to greater activity, would have gladly availed themselves of the opportunity afforded by Mr. Talpade's motion to do so. But the Commissioner once more frivolously and erroneously pleaded the inadequacy of the law and the want of expedition on the part of the Magistrates. He then entered into an irrelevant discussion of some personal dispute between himself and the mover of the motion in which the public are not interested and with which they have no concern. The effect of this diversion, however, was that the motion was lost, the majority of our City Fathers being peculiarly susceptible to the temptation of leaving the trail for the smell of a red herring. It is deplorable that the Corporation, to which the care of the health of the City is entrusted, should be incapable of appreciating its obvious duty in a matter of such grave importance.

Press Views

Overshot The Mark

While we deplore the Congress decision we cannot be, at the same time, blind to the very unreasonable and certainly altogether unstatesmanlike attitude of the Government towards Gandhiji's offer to discuss the present situation with a view to exploring possibilities of peace. For once at least Satyagraha offered to strengthen rather than weaken the Government's position, because Gandhiji's request to the Viceroy for an interview was apt to be construed as an act of submission on the part of the Congress. But the Government determined on a fight to a finish preferred to stick to its guns and who knows it has not overshot the mark. In his idealism and even in his methods Gandhiji may be an extremist but those who have studied his career know that when it comes to settling with an opponent on a practical issue he is always on the side of moderation.—"Mussalman."

"Blunder Out Of India"?

There is no purpose to be served by denouncing the Government as having committed a great blunder. The British have blundered into the possession of India. Viceroys, like Lord Willingdon, however, much they may be praised for their firm policy to-day, are paving the way for Britain to blunder out of India. The future historian will, at any rate, record that Mahatma Gandhi was not an enemy of the British Empire; the he made persistent efforts to make peace on honourable terms consistently with national self-respect; that wisdom was denied to the politicians in power, and that the Omnipotent Power shaping the destinies of men and nations used kingdoms and rulers and their subjects to exhibit its own sovereign purposes of which mortals could have no glimpse at present.—"Sind Observer."

Culminating Blunder

The R. T. C. plan, proceeding on its lifeless, listless course, has nearly approached its end though its fruits the country refuses to taste. Disillusioned cooperators are themselves doubtful whether the constitution has any chance of success in the present political confusion which exists in India. And to add to this confusion, the culminating blunder is committed by denying Gandhiji once again the privilege of breathing the free air, and silencing his voice. The one man, who is regarded as the only safe bulwark against all forces of disorder, is, it seems, considered by the Government as a danger to peace. Such is the irony of circumstances and such is the meed of the most peace-loving and pure-intentioned of men. But its lesson is very simple. Neither the incarceration of Gandhiji nor the keeping of Congress under indefinite duress is something which can ever contribute to lasting peace in India. Peace will come only when Government have made peace with Congress.—"Hindustan Times."

WARE BAZAAR PRODUCTS

Adulterations Which Cause Many Diseases

By HASHMATRAI T. MOTWANI.

Everybody knows that it is very hard to get anything genuine whether food stuffs or othei things of daily use. We should therefore be very careful as to their quality before using them, as neglect in this direction will impair our health and bring on several dangerous ailments for which we have to knock at the doors of the doctors and pay their heavy bills.

We should try to remove the root cause of this by exercising proper care in using bazari goods, otherwise by using such things we are purchasing the disease with our own hands. Take a simple example of ice cream or aerated water and other things of daily use.

ICE CREAM.

Ice cream and "cuifies" which we take in summer should be of good quality. Most of the ice cream sellers adulterate the ice cream and culfies with a powder which makes them flavoury to the taste. But it must be remembered that this powder is the harbinger of such diseases as consumption, asthma, slow fever indigestion, etc. The Municipal authorities should take special care in this connection to prevent the spread of these deseases.

The test is simple enough to know whether the ice cream contains the powder. Drop a few drops of Tincture Iodine into a plate of ice cream. If the colour of the ice cream turns black, it proves that it contains the powder which is the cause of all this trouble. If the colour remains unchanged it is free from the powder.

AERATED WATER.

By using water containing saccharine, we fall a prey to desease as it affects the whole system. We can easily know if the water contains saccharine, by opening the bottle and exposing it to air for 5-10 minutes and then drinking it. If it tastes bitter, it means it contains saccharine but if its taste is swwet, it is harmless.

HAIR OILS.

We have so many home industries producing different varieties of hair oils out of certain inorganic substances by applying which not only the hair gets weakened and consequently falls off, but the brain is also weakened. This develops into brain desease and eye trouble etc.

(Continued on next Page.)

Frankly Speaking

CUI BONO.

The release and re-arrest of Mahatma Gandhi, yesterday, at Yerawada and his subsequent trial and conviction in the jail constitute a comedy, which unfortunately has its tragic aspect.

If the Government really think that Gandhiji's liberty is a menace to peace, the best thing they could have done was to intern him as they did before under the Regulation which gives them that power over States subjects.

To go through the absurd formality of releasing him, with the certainty that he would immediately defy the order to quit the jail, and then to subject him to the process of a formal trial and a sentence of imprisonment is straining public tolerance to the limit.

We do not know what the Governments of Lord Willingdon and Sir Frederick Sykes can suppose they have achieved by this treatment of the man who a few weeks ago held out to them the hand of peace, with the sole reservation that he should not be asked to repudiate a principle, which the moment they grasped the proffered hand, would have become a mere academical abstraction.

SELF-STULTIFICATION.

The Bombay Municipal Corporation has once again stultified itself by persistently rejecting the adjournment motions moved obviously in connection with Mahatma Gandhi's arrest.

The Corporators, who threw out the motions, showed as usual, we are afraid, how much they are out of touch with public sentiment. The adjournment was required both as a protest against the policy of Government and as a mark of respect for Mahatma Gandhi, regardless of whatever views anyone may hold about Civil Disobedience.

It was from this point of view that numerous municipalities in the country have unanimously or almost unanimously adjourned on the first occasion after the arrest.

STOP IT!

The Aga Khan is opposed to setting a time limit to the present farce that is going on in London under the name of consultations and examinations before the Joint Parliamentary Committee.

Now it is the Communalists who are actively participating in the discussions. The Hindus came first and the Muslims have now taken the field.

The Muslim witnesses are opposed to giving women any vote, on the specious plea that women and men who want votes should have the same qualifications. This exposes reactionaries at their worst.

The Joint Parliamentary Committee seems to have been constituted to give the fullest play to these communal differences, and we are not surprised that the witnesses do what they are expected to do.

Is this wrangling to go on perpetually, according to the Aga Khan, to the amusement of the British public and the sorrow of all patriotic Indians?

WHY FOR EUROPEANS.

The Municipal Commissioner, in reply to a query from the Government regarding the St. George's Hospital, after examining several alternatives, believes the only course is to throw the Hospital open to all communities and reserve some beds for Europeans.

He believes that, if about 40 beds are reserved for Europeans, they would meet the requirements of the situation, the other beds being kept open to the Indian community.

We fail to see why there should be a reservation for Europeans. Europeans do not pay more taxes than Indians, and nowhere in the city are any hospital beds reserved for any community.

We do not know either, why when every endeavour is being made to increase the number of beds in hospitals, such a large number should be left unused. The expenditure of St. George's Hospital is huge, and it is a white elephant.

Every community, whether Europeans and Indians, should stand on the same footing as far as hospital accommodation is concerned.

EFFECTS OF SWADESHI.

The annual Factory Report of the Bombay Presidency for the year 1932 reveals a welcome increase in the number of factories from 1541 to 1575 and in the number of workmen from 381,347 to 389,647.

This progress in spite of abnormal depression all over the country and the world is undeniably due to the beneficent effects of the Swadeshi movement. The progress was naturally most perceptible in the textile factories owing to the peoples' solemn pledge to adjure all foreign cloth.

Even better results may be achieved if the factory owners, instead of being selfishly content with exploiting the Swadeshi sentiment, actively help the movement financially and otherwise.

The public, too, should make it a point to show special preference to those millowners who are loyal and generous to Swadeshi.

ORGY OF ABDUCTIONS.

"The last few weeks have witnessed what might be described as a regular orgy of abductions of married women in the outlying districts of Bengal," says the Calcutta correspondent of an Anglo-Indian paper that cannot be suspected of exaggeration in such matters.

Scarcely a day has passed during the last month, the correspondent adds, when one or more such occurrences have not been reported in the Indian papers.

One naturally wonders what the police are doing that they are unable to prevent or trace many of the abductions even carried out in broad daylight.

If such things happen when Law and Order is in the charge of Ministers, the Anglo-Indians and their organs will rend the air, with cries of inefficiency and the incapacity of the Ministers to maintain peace and order.

But as things are, the police are praised by the Anglo-Indian Press.

Readers' Views

ADULTERATION OF BUTTER

From Byramji Cowasji, President, Butter Manufacturers' Association.

It is a matter of great regret that, after the vigorous propaganda in the press and by all concerned in the matter of butter and ghee adulteration and the recent debate thereon in the Corporation Hall, no tangible results have so far been achieved.

With my experience extending over three decades in the manufacture and export of Indian butter, I can say that the most heinous adulterations are of modern invention viz., fish oil etc., though ingenious devices of short weight, false description, overchurned butter and admixture of vegetable products etc., were more or less already in vogue.

As a student of current events and controversies in the matter I have come to the conclusion that nothing further could be achieved until and unless all the flaws in the existing laws are remedied.

I for myself firmly believe that the staff of the Health Department of our Municipality is both sufficient and vigilant to meet the existing demands but they are more or less helpless on account of defects in law.

In view of the above facts, unless we are assured that the Government of their own initiative bring forth a new bill embodying all the necessary points in the next meeting of the Council, it is of the utmost importance that some elected members of the Council will please earnestly take up this most vital question of public health in consultation with those who can give them all the necessary particulars, such as the Health Office, Prosecutors, Chambers of Commerce, Butter and Ghee Merchants' Association etc.

Thanking you for opening your valuable columns in the interest of public health.

GOAN MASS MEETING.

From "C. C."

In to-day's issue of your well-read journal, Mr. J. B. de Costa, writing on the above subject, states, whilst concluding, that it is advisable for all Goans to naturalize themselves as British subjects.

I fully support him in his view, provided that these British subjects should on no ground whatsoever interfere with Portuguese politics.

The President, Vice-President, Secretary, and many other members of the so-called Central Council of the "Goan Union" are British Subjects or Naturalized, and it is really annoying to see these people interfering with Portuguese affairs.

The Portuguese subjects residing in this "Urbs Prima in Indis" are capable enough to look after their own intrests.

BAREFACED UNREALITIES

From A. J. Francis.

For barefaced unrealities the letter of "Realities" in your yesterday's issue will be hard to beat. I agree with every word that Mr. J. B. de Costa has written in your to-day's issue but I can say that he must have exaggerated the figure of attendance at the Cavel Meeting—I would put it down at 30 and I think this figure is correct because by a slip of the pen "Realities" must have added a zero to it.

How representative this Cavel meeting was "Realities" could tell us by just telling us if there were any doctors, professors, lawyers, etc., at the meeting.

But why all this "halloo-balloo"—is there any self-respecting Goan who is in favour of the 'Acto Colonial'. No need to tell us that this and that does not understand the significance of the 'Acto'. Explain it to us as to what it really is.

Undoubtedly, till a better man comes, I would believe what men like Braganca Cunha, Dr. Cato de Costa and Editors of the "Goan World" and the "Anglo-Lusitana" can tell us of the 'Acto'. If men like these cannot understand the significance of the 'Acto Colonial' then certainly a mere tally clerk would not be expected to.

RIDDLE OF PLAGUE

From "Parsi."

Plague is reported to have broken out in Poona and a rat-catching and inoculation campaign is being carried on.

May I draw the attention of the Poona Health authorities to a pamphlet "The Riddle of the Plague; How it May be Solved," by Dr. Walter R. Hadwen, M.D., J.P., and published for two pence by the British Union for the Abolition of Vivisection, 32, Charring Cross, London, S.W.I.

Here is an extract:—

".....an outbreak of plague occurred in Alexandria in 1899. Dr. Rogers, Director General of the Sanitary Department dealt with it promptly on sanitary lines, which, he declared, were 'directly opposed to Mr. Haffkine's views.' He scorned inoculation, just as Mr. Haffkine scorns sanitation, and stamped it out in seven months.

"Plague has always followed in the wake of war, famine and the presence of putrefying organic matter. The remedy for this pestilence lies not in adding disease to disease in the shape of vaccines and serums or in injecting morbid material into healthy bodies but in removing the conditions which cause it.

"Rats are nature's scavengers they are under the conditions of insanitation, the friends of man and not his foes, and the remedy for plague lies not in killing rats, but in removing the foul conditions which encourage their presence and which in all eyes have been the source of plague epidemics."

"DEFENCE OF GAMBLING"

By "Tomahawk".

In your issue of even date, "Sportsman" avers in 'Defence of Gambling' that "Satta" gambling has served to solve the financial difficulties of many families and in justification of his statement, adduces his own case as being able not only to maintain his children's school going and other household expenses but also to set aside a sum towards helping the needy.

It is not my aim to disparage "Sportsman's" alacrity and adroitness in making a study of Liverpool and New York Cotton Markets, coupled with the planetary system and perhaps, solar and polar effects in determining ahead the morrow's accurate figure, but what I cannot comprehend is how the bet receivers could afford to lose nine to one if all "satta" gamblers could achieve the so-called blessing in disguise, unless of course, Sheikh Memonians are so philanthropic and altruistic towards their needy brethren.

Our common sense evinces that, for every nine rupees paid out to a successful bet-layer, at least 12 to 15 unfortunates (providing for bet-receivers' profit and commission) should contribute a rupee each and if satta scholars are one against 12 or 15, then of course, "Sportsman's" illogical motion is hopelessly lost to the highest credit of Mr. Surve whose proposed resolution seeks to protect the majority of illiterate and indextous gamblers and theirs from plunging into the most miserable abyss. No gambling would be a vice if all who indulge in it knew the way to profit therefrom and this applies to racing, poker and joker games too.

AN APPEAL TO TENANTS

From P. P. Kesharia.

Within a few days time two Memorials will be submitted before His Excellency the Governor of Bombay and the President of the Legislative Council with thousands of signatures of the Bombay Citizens appealing to them to give their support and do everything in their power to make Mr. Bakhle's Rent Reduction Bill a success.

It is necessary and of vital importance to collect as many signatures as possible on the Memorials, and so I hereby appeal to the rent paying Citizens of Bombay not to miss this opportunity of convincing the authorities about their miseries, and so, considering it to be the most important work of their own interest, everybody must find some time during the day not only to give their own signatures but to collect signatures from those who are not enthusiastic or are unaware of the same. The Memorial forms for signatures can be had from the undersigned at Nyaya Sagar Printing Press, 413 Kalkadevi Road, Bombay.

SWARAJ CONSISTENT WITH DHARMIC IDEALS

All-India Varnashram Swarajya Sangha Demand Safeguard For Religion As Primary Consideration

LONDON, Aug. 4.

"Swaraj on truly Indian lines, consistent with India's dharmic Ideals," was the basis of self-Government envisaged in a memorandum, submitted by Mr. Acharya when he, Mr. L. M Desnpande and Mr. J L Bannerjee appeared before the Select Committee on Wednesday on behalf of the All-India Varnashram Swarajya Sangha.

In addition to the individual memoranda, witnesses submitted an agreed joint memorandum which insisted, as a primary consideration, on safeguard for religion.

ABROGATE POONA PACT.

The memorandum also advocated the establishment of second Chambers in Provinces, and complete abrogation of the Poona Pact. It expressed the opinion that provincial autonomy should be broadbased on rural autonomy through village Panchayats, and favoured full provincial autonomy and irrespective of the inauguration of Federation certain measure of central responsibility.

"SPEAKING FOR 95 P.C. OF HINDUS"

Witnesses who stated that the Sangha was formed in 1929, claimed to speak on behalf of 95 per cent of Hindus. They explained that safeguard for religion implied a statutory provision that it should be impossible to introduce a bill until it was recommended by recognised religious heads and organisations of the community affected and should need the support of two-thirds of the legislators of that community.

Lord Lothian suggested that regious heads would thereby become in effect a third chamber.

Mr. Acharya disagreed.

REPRESENTING HARIJANS.

Mr. Foot inquired if witnesses claimed to represent depressed classes. Mr. Acharya replied in the affirmative, and said that hard and fast division introduced in Madras really did not exist, and no political or civil disabilities were imposed on depressed classes by higher classes. There were social disabilities incidental to the caste system, but every caste Hindu was subject to certain disabilities.

Replying to Chairman, Mr. Acharya agreed that the Sangha had not yet propagated any ideas with regard to the improvement of village amenities and similar matters.

DELEGATES EXAMINE WITNESSES

Witnesses were closely examined by a number of Hindu delegates who warmly contested their title to speak on behalf of Hindus.

Numerous questions were asked about their attitude to such matters as child marriage, age of consent, divorce, ex-communication and untouchability. The Chairman at one point suggested to Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas that one particular matter was sufficiently elucidated.

Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas replied: "I very stoutly resist their claim to speak in the name of 95 per cent of Hindus. The major part of what they have said is unfair to Hindus. They represent only five per cent."

IMPOSSIBLE TO CHANGE CUSTOMS

Sir Purshottamdas, later, pointed out that there was no difference of opinion with regard to religious tenets, but declared that if it was impossible to change customs which had grown up, it would perpetuate evils in which connection the Hindu public had strong grievances.

PATRO SNUBS ACHARYA.

Dr. Ambedkar contended that the Sangha's proposal was to place the destiny of all Hindus in the hands of Brahmins.

Mr. Acharya disagreed. When Mr. Acharya denied Sir A P Patro's suggestion that Brahmins occupied every position in Madras, Sir A P Patro retorted: "You will deny everything; I have known you for 30 years".

Mr. Acharya later protested that the statement made by Sir A P Patro was a downright untruth.

Sir A Chamberlain remarked: "I hope we can preserve some measure of politeness in this rather acute family quarrel."

WHY HAVE YOU COME HERE?

Mr. Cocks remarked that witnesses opposed the empowering of legislature to raise the age of consent, prevent child marriages or make voluntary suttee a criminal practice and asked: "Why have you come here?"

Mr. Acharya replied: "Because we felt that measures may be adopted which will affect our religion detrimentally, and will not be in the best interests of India even politically".

LADIES' STATEMENT.

Opportunity was given to Indian ladies to make a statement of their views before a full Select Committee, and explanation was given of their main points.

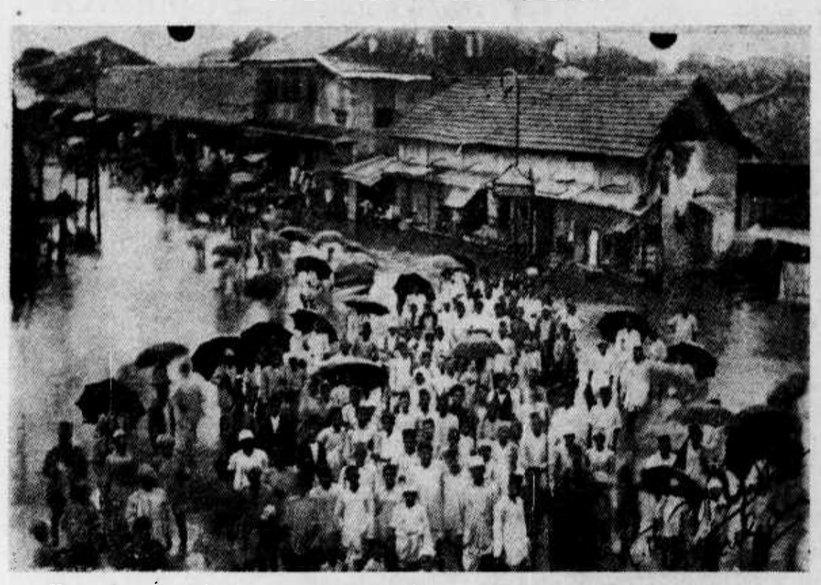
Mrs. Sen and Mrs. Mukerjee stressed the importance of enfranchising an adequate number, and failing adult suffrage, they were prepared to accept any reasonable measure to secure their object.

Smti Amrit Kaur, and Smti. Muthulakshmi Reddi and Mrs. Hamid Ali expressed their unqualified disapproval of the White Paper proposals, and advocated adult suffrage but as the second best were prepared to accept their alternative proposals.

"REACTIONARY BODY"

Ladies were asked about the Sangha. Smtl. Muthulakshmi Reddi said that it was a very reactionary body, and others had not heard of it. Mrs. Mukerjee asking. "Do you refer to Gandhiji's Ashram."

FLOOD HAVOC AT KALYAN



Heavy downpour of rain caused havoc at Kalyan. The Shivaji Chowk was one of the worst places affected, the water reaching the mark of the shop doors.

K. B. MURZBAN OF BHARDA NEW HIGH SCHOOL PASSES AWAY

Prominent Parsi Scholar And Educationist Who Founded Biggest School In India

We regret to announce the sudden death of Mr. Kaikobad B. Murzban, on Friday morning at 5 a.m. at his residence at Gamdevi Road at the age of 67.

Mr. Kaikobad was a well-known Parsi educationist and ex-chairman of the Bombay University Senate.

Mr. Murzban, together with the late Mr. Bharda founded the Bharda New High School in 1891, and both of them spared no pains to bring it up as the leading institution of Bombay.

MERITORIOUS SERVICES.

After the sad demise of his partner, Mr. Kaikobad continued to administer the affairs of the school and raised it to the enviable position of not only the biggest school in India, but the second best school in the British Empire. In 1931, some of the ex-students of the school, who are now prominent citizens, celebrated the 40th anniversary of the institution and presented a purse to Mr. Murzban for his meritorious services.

PREMIER EDUCATIONIST.

Mr. Murzban was a great scholar and was mainly responsible for raising the standard of education in the city. His high qualities as a teacher are best known to thousands of students who have studied under him. To his pupils, he was more of a father than a teacher and he helped them not only to pass examinations, but trained them to be men, fit for fighting the battle of life.

His death will be mourned not only by his family and his pupils but by the entire Parsi community, whose cause was ever dear to him.

Mr. Murzban was a great scholar of Shakespeare and he used to claim that the great poet was his "guru." His sad demise will be an irreparable loss to the educational world.

DEATH FROM DOUBLE PNEUMONIA.

Mr Murzban, for some time past, was suffering from typhoid which latterly developed into double pneumonia which proved fatal.

Late Mr. K. B. Murzban.

MEMBER OF SENATE.

Mr. Murzban was a member of the Senate of the Bombay University. He was a brother of the late Mr. Jehangir Behramji Murzban, and was the senior Trustee of the Charities managed by the "Jam-e-Jamshed," and also a member of the Executive Committee of the J. N. Petit Institute

The Bharda New High School and several other schools of Bombay were closed on Friday as a mark of respect to the dead.

FUNERAL.

The funeral took place on Friday evening which was very largely attended not only by students, present and past, of the Bharda New High School, but by members of all communities, and prominent citizens and leaders including Sjt. Bhulabhai J. Desai, at Mr. Murzbans' residence on Gamdevi Road. A very large number of citizens of all communities went as far as the Towers of Silence and paid their last respects.

May his soul rest in peace!

INDIAN STERLING SECURITIES FIRM

Cotton And Silver Quiet

(From Our Commercial Correspondent.)

The 3½ per cent. Indian Sterling Loan ruled firm, on Friday, on the London Stock Exchange, and prices advanced by 10 shillings to £83.

The Liverpool Cotton Market opened at a decline of 4 points. Owing to weakness in sterling, prices ruled very steady and closed at a decline of 1 point.

The New York Cotton Market opened at a decline of 2 points, at the time of Liverpool close New York was quoted 9 points down, but later on the decline increased to 16 points.

The London Silver Market ruled quiet but steady. China and India bought but Continental operators sold.

Prices closed as under:—

Spot Silver	17 7-8
Difference	nil
Forward	18
Difference	+1-16

Prices in the local market were as under:—

SILVER

	Rs. a.
First settlement	56 1
Second settlement	56 7

GOLD

	Rs. a. p.
First settlement	30 12 3
Second settlement	30 12 9
Third settlement	30 13 3
Sovereign	Rs. 19-12

The dollar-sterling cross rate was quoted 4.50 1-2 and Franc 84.65

LONDON NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotation

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.
London, Aug. 4.

Previous Closing	4.55 1/4
To-day's Opening	4.49 1/2
To-day's Closing	4.51 1/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.
New York, Aug. 4.

Previous Closing	4.53 1/8
To-day's Closing	4.40 1/2

LATEST COTTON PRICE

(Cotton Information Bureau 21, Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay).

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

OCTOBER.
New York, Aug. 4.

Previous Closing Rate	10.42
To-day's Opening Rate	10.40
Difference	—.02
To-day's Closing Rate	10.26
Difference	—.16

BROACH EXPECTATION.

July/August	Rs. 207
April/May	Rs. 226

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.
OCTOBER.
Liverpool, Aug. 4.

Previous Closing Rate	6.00
To-day's Opening Rate	5.96
Difference	—.04
To-day's Closing Rate	5.99
Difference	—.01

FRANC RATE
Paris, Aug. 4.

Previous Closing	84.65
To-day's Opening	84.65
To-day's Closing	84.51

"ILL-TREATED BY HUSBAND AFTER HIS SECOND MARRIAGE"

Tailor And Cousin Of Deceased Give Evidence In Santa Cruz Murder Case Describing Mental State Of Accused

More or less a corroboration of the evidence tendered on the previous day was made in the evidence given at the resumed hearing of the case on Friday against Rambharos R Misra who stands charged before the First Class City Magistrate of Bandra, with murdering his wife Rania and her two children and then burning them in his house at Santa Cruz on the night of June 21 last.

The day's witnesses included a tailor who had his shop at the house of the father-in-law of the accused at Dahigaon Gosavi, a maternal cousin of the deceased Rania (wife of accused), and lastly the Electrical Fore. the Okha Cement Factory of Dwarka.

CORROBORATED

The first two witnesses corroborated the evidence given by Sunderbai Savlaram the mother-in-law of the accused. Ramnarain the tailor further deposed that it was he who wrote the letters on behalf of Savlaram to the accused. About three or months after Rania's confinement at her father's house witness wrote a letter to the accused at the request of Savlaram asking him to take away accused's wife. In reply accused wrote two or three letters intimating that accused would come in a few days but he actually came on June 20 by the 3-45 p.m. train. Accused had an umbrella in his hand and brought no luggage.

Witness stated that when accused asked him where his daughter Leela was, he ran inside the house and told Raniabai that the Engineer had come. Raniabai then came out to meet her husband who told her that they were to leave immediately. She entreated him saying "you have just come and my father is lying ill in bed."

"LOOKED MOROSE"

The accused told her that there was urgent business in Bombay which required his presence there, and that he could not make repeated visits to Dahigaon. Rania then consented to go and witness was asked to pack the things. Witness told the accused that the next train was at 7-30 p.m. Accused answered it was best to go early. Witness requested the accused to take leave of his sick father-in-law, which he did and immediately left for the station. Witness took the luggage and accompanied Rania and her two daughters to the Station. The accused told him at the station that he would first go to Bombay and after halting there for 4 or 5 days he would proceed to Dwarka. Two and a half tickets for Dadar were then purchased. Witness describing the condition in which he found the accused at the station steps when he went there with Rania, her children and the luggage stated that the accused looked morose and in a pensive mood. Witness came to know of the tragedy in Bombay four days later when the Ville Parle police had sent a telegram to Savlaram. Witness stated that he read the contents of the telegram and interpreted it to Savlaram and his wife, when Savlaram suddenly collapsed and expired.

ILL-TREATED BY HUSBAND

Ramnarayan Bechalal, cousin of the deceased Rania in his evidence stated that he knew the accused and related the fact of the marriage of the accused to the deceased and then about 10 months ago of the second marriage of the accused. Witness stated that he was a constant visitor to the house of Savlaram and there he learnt that Rania had been ill-treated by her husband the accused after his second marriage. Witness also testified to Rania's request to return to Dwarka and the reply sent by the accused who telegraphed that he would be coming to fetch her.

Witness last saw the accused at the Tnljapur station where he had told the accused that he should have stayed in Dahigaon at least for a couple of days. Witness was in the house of Savlaram when the telegram from the Vile Parle Police was received.

TWO WIVES IN ONE HOUSE?

Mukundrao Amrutrao Ambegaonkar the Electrical Foreman of the Okha Cement factory at Dwarka in his evidence stated that the accused was employed in the factory as a boiler foreman on a salary of Rs. 150 per month.

Accused was staying in the quarters provided for the staff. After four months accused brought his wife Rania, two sons and a daughter to Dwarka. In April or May 1932 accused contracted a second marriage. Both wives lived in the same house Rania and her daughter left for Dhaigaon about six months ago. The accused got leave and left Dwarka on June 10. Accused had told witness that his wife Rania was very ill and that he was going on leave to see her at Dahigaon. Witness stated that on June 25 he read in the "Times of India" of the tragedy at Santa Cruz.

On June 25, Yasrao the father of the accused's second wife came to Dwarka and two days later took away the whole family to his home. Witness then narrated how the police came and searched the house of the accused and took possession of certain papers. Witness was one of the panchanama.

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WARE BAZAAR PRODUCTS

(Continued from previous Page.)

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If we find a white foam at the top of the oil, it shows that it is taken out of oil seeds and is fit for use, while the oil made up of minerals will simply make bubbles which will very soon disappear.

ADULTERATED GHEE.

Similarly it is very hard to get pure and genuine food stuffs. Adulterated ghee is very common in towns and villages. It is becoming impossible to get pure ghee. Even wheat flour is adulterated, with a kind of powdered wood, having the colour of wheat flour. This is very injurious, to health and results in indigestion, diasrrhea and constipation which is the common complaint of the day.

Every care should therefore be taken specially by the municipalities in big towns to see that we get the right quality of food stuff and other things.

AIR MAIL IN KARACHI

KARACHI, Aug. 4.

The inward air mail arrived at 3-40 this afternoon

The Calcutta airmail left at 4-50 p.m.—A. P.

MAHATMA GETS ONE YEAR'S S. I.

might fall to my lot. That was the only way in which I could relieve myself of some of the agony that was burning in me.

"It is for reasons such as that I am offering all resistence to this system of Government—a resistance that is within my capacity and resistance that a peaceful man like me could offer."

CLASSIFICATION DISLIKED.

Proceeding Gandhiji stated: "One word more. I think you, Sir, or Government would, after sentencing me, classify me. I must state I intensely dislike the procedure of classification of prisoners into A B and C classes. I have no desire whatsoever to enjoy the special comforts to which other fellow prisoners might not be entitled. I would like to be classified amongst those whom the Government may consider to be the lowest. I would like, in conclusion to state that the authorities with whom I had come in contact during these few days have treated me with courtesy, and consideration for which I am thankful to them."

After making the above statement, Gandhiji read through it as recorded by the Magistrate and stated that it was alright.

CHARGE FRAMED.

The Magistrate then framed a charge under Section 14 of the Bombay Special Powers Act, 1932 for intentionally disobeying an order of the Government under Section 4 of the same Act requiring him among other things to remove himself before 9-30 a.m. outside Yeroda village limits.

Asked if he pleaded guilty, Gandhiji replied in the affirmative.

Gandhiji also stated that he did not want to call defence witnesses. At this stage the police prosecutor said that considering Gandhiji's age he did not press for a deterrent sentence.

CONVICTION.

The Magistrate delivered judgment and observed that it had been proved that Gandhiji disobeyed an order of the Government. As such he convicted him under Section 14 of the Bombay Special Powers Act of 1932 and sentenced him to one year's simple imprisonment.

The Magistrate added: "I am passing a light sentence considering your age and the present state of your health and also because the prosecution has not pressed for a deterrent sentence".

This concluded the trial and Gandhiji rose after bowing to the Magistrate and was taken by the jailor to his cell.

Gandhiji has been placed in "A" class.

MAHADEV DESAI'S TRIAL.

Mr. Mahadev Desai was then brought before the Magistrate and two prosecution witnesses, namely the D.S.P. and A.S.P. were examined. They deposed to the effect that Mr. Desai was also served simultaneously with Gandhiji with an order under Section 4 requiring him to leave Yerovda village limits before 9-30 a.m. and that he along with Gandhiji failed to comply with the order, and was arrested at 9-50 a.m. along with Gandhiji.

NO CROSS-EXAMINATION.

The Magistrate in asking him if he desired to cross-examine witnesses stated that he assumed that he did not desire to do so, like Gandhiji.

Mahadev Desai: "Thanks for the assumption. I do not desire to cross-examine them."

For occupation Mahadev desired the Magistrate to put down anything he pleased, and stated that his place of residence was Yerovda Central Prison.

Asked if he pleaded guilty, Mahadev stated that he thought it his duty to disobey the order and so he disobeyed it.

MAHADEV GETS 1 YEAR'S S. I.

The Magistrate in convicting him under Section 14, sentenced him also to one year's simple imprisonment.

Mahadev Desai has been awarded "B" class.

Gandhiji's trial lasted over half an hour.—A. P.

Function Of Science Not Rightly Understood

Sir C. V. Raman Explains Why Science Is Losing Friends And World's Evils Are Laid At Its Door

"The appeal of the humanities —of art, sculpture, music etc.—is world-wide, but that of science is not so. To-day science is losing its friends. All the evils of the world are laid at the door of science."

This observation was made by Sir C. V. Raman, Director of the Indian Institute of Science, in an address at the inaugural meeting of the Mathematics and Science Association of St. Joseph's College Bangalore on Friday last.

Science has certainly a smaller appeal to people in general than the purely emotional or aesthetic subjects, said Sir C. V. Raman, but this is because the spirit of science is not rightly understood. Science is essentially analytical in spirit. I think that in the ultimate analysis all human knowledge draw its inspiration from the same source.

Science was thought to have as its chief aim the promotion of wealth and prosperity. Science claimed to do a number of things which were only incidental to its purpose. To-day the world is suffering from a glut or an excess of production of luxuries. The fault is said to be that of science. But I really believe that it is not so. The function of science is not rightly understood. I wish to put it to you that the real purpose of science is not the creation of wealth. Its function is more fundamental: it is a fundamental activity of the human mind. It serves as an outlet for the human spirit and in this sense its object is precisely the same as that of the other subjects I have mentioned.

MOTIVES OF ART.

Let me make myself more clear. Let us try to understand the motives of art for example. Consider the great painters they took their ideas from nature herself. Beautiful scenery, landscapes, the human form, etc.; these form the the sources of the inspiration of art. Is this not also the true source of science? The beautiful objects of nature have as strong an appeal to the scientist as to the artist. All the natural sciences derive ultimately their inspiration from nature and her handiwork.

The object of science is to try to analyse, to interpret and transform; to present an intelligible picture of nature. It must also be an attractive picture just like that of the painter. Science is essentially a creative activity. In external nature what we find at first sight, is an extremely complicated mass of details. Science seeks to bring order out of this chaos. She tries to paint a beautiful and intelligible picture. In this sense science is as much a creative activity inspired by a fundamental aesthetic impulse as is art. Every great scientific discovery is in itself as beautiful as any picture. These things are rather difficult to realise and it is rather unfortunate that science is not intelligible to many. Just as in this world there is an underground of crime, so also it is thought that there is an underground of science; a secret society, a sort of an underworld to which people in general are not admitted. In reality the great achievements of science are intelligible to all. They can be brought home to the millions. One fact stands out pre-eminently—the simplification that science effects. We have in nature innumerable chemical compounds but science reduces them to a few elements. In physics out of a great mass of complexity, simple laws are brought out. The progress of science tends to a simplification of concepts.

THE AESTHETIC SIDE.

I come now to the aesthetic side of science. The beauty of science is complex but its fundamental motives are simple. It is aesthetic. Take for instance higher mathematics. Who among you have not in certain secret moments regretted the birth of Euclid! Mathematics seems to be one of those subjects whose appeal is highly restricted. A celebrated mathematician once uttered the following prayer: "May mathematics grow and flourish and may they never be of any use to anyone". But those who know mathematics best understand that the subject has not purely an intellectual appeal. Its appeal is also aesthetic; in the beauty of its symmetry. Every mathematician is delighted when a beautiful new formula is derived. No true human spirit in whatever branch it works, is happy unless it springs, not only from the intellect but also from the love of beauty, of harmony, and of simplicity just as much as in art, musc and literature. Men of science have got their inspiration straight from nature herself.

When you take a pleasant walk in the forests and when the wind sings through the foliage, you are thrilled at the sounds, but you do not strive to seek the cause The physicists think of the vortices of the air that cause the sounds. It is the aesthetic emotion that gives the impulse to the intellect. The beautiful sounds set up an emotional pleasure in human beings but the scientist transmutes the emotion into something less tangible but nevertheless just as aesthetic. The artist transfers his emotion to paper or canvas but the scientist transfers it to the intellect. He analyses things.

I would wish you to take a more friendly view of science than you have hitherto done. I have been accused of being quite partial to science, and once I went so far as to suggest that science was the only thing worth studying in the universities. But I say that science is not worth studying if it does not appeal to you. The appeal must come from nature: all around you, you have nature to investigate.

FLOWERS AND MUD.

Bangalore has ben called a city of flowers. I am reminded of it by the beautiful flowers before me. Their beautiful colours, shades, forms, etc., cannot fail to charm you. Should not these colours nspire you to something more than unintelligent fascination? Who can be so blind not to respond to this appeal to his intellect? You would ask why this is yellow, why that is crimson, etc. You have, therefore, an impulse for the study of organic-chemistry. On all sides about you you have nature calling. You see for instance so many muddy pools. Muddy water does not seem to be in any way aesthetic. but the study of it is really beautiful. You wish to know why the mud, which contains silica and other heavier substances remains suspended in the water. Every muddy tank calls out to you to take up the study of colloids. You walk out and feel the breeze, the dew and the rain and you have an unceasing call to the study of meteorology. You see so many noxious insects and vermin which are as plentiful in Bangalore as elsewhere in India. You have, therefore, a stimulus to the study of zoology. I do not mean to say that zoology confines itself to the study of noxious pests, for even the beautiful birds come under its scope.

Nature is a great picture, a great poem. The great world with all its beautiful trees and animals, the stars in the sky—these lovely things call me persistently to the study of science. The ultimate impulse to science comes from the love of nature. Nature may be called the mother of science, and science the fulfilment of the great aspirations of the human mind. To understand this we must perceive science in its true light. The incidental advantages or disadvantages it may have, for example to make money, do not in any way matter. The real object is to open to us the book of nature to tune us to our environments. We cannot become true devotees of science unless we know its true spirit. India will take her due place amongst the nations of the world only when science takes her rightful seat in the heart of young India."

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CARETAKER HOLD £5,000 WHOOPEE PARTIES

He Had Seen Service In France And India, But Trail Of Gold Leads Him To Prison

The red wine flowed at Richard Gordon Brodie's whoopee parties. Gaiety was made gayer; laughter and dancing enhanced by choice foods and rare wines.

But few of the guests knew that the handsome host who entertained them so lavishly in a Belgravia mansion was just—the caretaker, writes "The People."

Or that the wines—old brandies, rich ports and vintage champagne —were taken from his Belgian employer's excellent cellar.

For Richard Brodie threw into these parties all his longing to be a gentleman—and his pose was perfect.

In four continents Richard had followed the trail of gold. But always it had eluded him.

For four years he did his bit as a machine gunner in France. Then adventure called him and he joined the South African Police.

He saw service again in India and joined the Indian Military Prison Service, where he held a position of high rank.

But he did not stay there long. Off he went again in search of fortune in Canada and Australia before he came back to England practically penniless.

His excellent character recommended him to Madame de Goreynd, a woman with large estates in Belgium, and he got a job as caretaker in her house in Belgrave-square.

£5,000 ORGIES.

During the absence of his employer he was left in charge of the large mansion.

He was tempted and fell. Richard represented himself as her secretary.

"He engaged safe breakers, who believed they were acting quite properly when asked to force open Madame's safe."

They explained to Brodie that they could not open the safe without damaging it. Brodie then left the room and pretended to have a conversation with his mistress.

"Madame is very angry," he told them. "She insists on having her safe opened at once."

Richard cleared the safe of antiques, old silver and jewels to the value of £5,000.

Then he set out to enjoy himself. He ransacked the wine cellar to provide drink for his parties.

He made gifts of Madame's jewellery to his girl friends. He sold some of the trinkets as old gold and pawned the rest.

Eventually he realised the game was up. He fled to Cardiff. Det.-Sergt. Philpott arrested him there and he appeared at Westminster Police Court the other day.

Mr. Claude Hornby, prosecuting, said that Richard had had the time of his life, and the magistrate remarked that it was a pity that a man who had served his country so well should have behaved in that way.

Brodie was sentenced to a year's hard labour.

HITLER GOVT. INTERNS EX-CHANCELLOR'S FAMILY

Scheidemann Complains Alleged Incriminating Article Is Forgery

The former Social Democratic Chancellor of Germany, Herr Philip Scheidemann, has addressed a letter to the Executive of the Social Democratic party of Germany, which now has its headquarters in Prague, stating that the article for which his family has been interned in Germany was a forgery. Herr Scheidmann says that the article represents his views only in as far as it protests against the present regime in Germany, and continues:

And for that five absolutey innocent and non-political people have had to go into concentration camps. As a result of excitement caused by nasty political intrigues my wife died in 1926 from a stroke of apoplexy; two months ago my eldest daughter and her husband, committed suicide after twenty years of happy married life. They were the victims of the intrigues and jeers of the mobs. Wife, daughter, and son-in-law driven to death; now all other relatives have had to go into concentrative camps.

My pension was taken away, then they deprived me of my salary as a deputy. The last hope was a small pension from the Printers' Union, and this now has also been taken away. According to competent persons in Berlin, I still have the choice between the guillotine and suicide. I have no hurry for either kind of death, as I want to be present when the day of judgment on the Nazis comes.

Dispute Over Sweep Money Leads To Police Court

European Lady Charges Chemist With Misappropriation Of Prize Money

A Rawalpindi court is trying an interesting case in which a chemist named Mr. O. Martyr is alleged to have committed a breach of trust wth regard to a sum of Rs. 15,700 being the amount of the second prize in the sweepstake organized by the Galle Gymkhana Club on the Viceroy's Cup Race, run in December last.

It is alleged that in November last the accused sold a ticket No. R. 678 for the above mentioned race, to Mrs. M. Picton Cox, of the Picton Wool Depot, Rawalpindi, (complainant in this case).

On the New Year's evening, the accused is stated to have called at the shop of the complainant and congratulated her with the information that her ticket had won the prize of Rs. 15,700 as it had drawn the horse "Shipshape" which came second in the Viceroy's Cup Race. Claim forms were, in due course, brought by the accused, signed by Mrs. Cox in the presence of the accused and some witnesses and despatched to the Secretary of the Galle Gymkhana Club for payment. The claim form which in reality is an advance receipt for the sum, also stated that the money should be paid to Mrs. Picton Cox.

EVERYTHING IN ORDER

Everything had been done in order and as it ought to have been, but subsequently Mrs. Cox was surprised to discover that the counterfoil of the sweepstake ticket did not bear her name, but that of the accused (Mr. O. Martyr) instead of hers. As according to the rules of the Galle Club the sale or part sale of a ticket is not recognized, Mrs. Cox obtained a letter from Mr. Martyr to the effect that he had sent for this ticket for her and that he had no claim whatsoever to the prize money; and that the prize money of Rs. 15,700 belonged to her. Owing to some strict rules of the Club, this letter had had no effect.

Having no other course to adopt, Mrs. Cox got a letter addressed by Martyr to the Club, to the effect that as the rules of the Club did not permit the sale of the tickets, the money should be paid to him, the ticket being purchased in his own name, and that Mrs. Cox was agreeable to this. This letter was countersigned by Mrs. Cox.

DRAFT CASHED

Accordingly Mr. Martyr received a bank draft of Rs. 15,700 on the Mercantile Bank of India, Calcutta in his favour, and he had it cashed and when Mrs. Cox asked for her money the accused is alleged to have replied that the money was his and that she should go to court if she wanted to claim it.

A report was consequently made in the Police and the accused was arrested. The case having come up in the court, some prosecution witnesses were examined and charges were framed against the accused for criminal breach of trust and for cheating.

It is also understood that before his arrest, the accused offered Mrs. Cox a sum of Rs. 4500 in full settlement of the claim, which she refused to accept.

With Indian Contingent To World Jamboree

All "Boys" Keeping Quite Fit : Fun And Play On :: Way To Port Sudan :::

(From Our Correspondent.)

PORT SUDAN, July 24.

The Indian Contingent to the International Boy Scouts' Jamboree embarked, on the s.s. "Castalia", on the 13th of July, 1933, at Bombay from the Alexandra Docks. They were given a grand send off by the Bombay Scouts. Thousands of people had collected at the Docks to wish these 72 smart Indian lads "bon voyage." There were many touching farewells. The Indian boys appeared a very smart lot in their Scout uniform and the India scarf and with their badges. They seemed quite sanguine of making a good show in Europe.

SEA SICK.

The ship moved off from the docks punctually at 3-30 p. m. amidst great cheering, yelling, and waving of handkerchiefs. Hardly had the ship come out of the Bombay Harbour, the sea become rough and the pitching and rolling of the boat began. It was a first voyage that most of these Indian lads were undertaking, and not being used to the sea, several felt sea-sick. One after another the Scouts slipped to their bunks and in this way nearly half the members of the Contingent were lying sea-sick in their beds. The other half of the Scout camp proved too good for the sea and were up and doing, playing games and amusing themselves. The sea continued to be rough for six days and during that period all official activity of the Scout Camp remained suspended.

The contingent consists of 73 Scouts and Rovers of all ages drawn from the various provinces of India, Punjab and Bombay contributing nearly 75 per cent. of the Camp. In their private life these lads follow different professions; among them are students, teachars, doctors, lawyears, railwaymen, architects and bankers. They represent some of the best families of India and they profess different faiths. There are among them Hindus, Muslims, Parsis, Christians, Sikhs, Brahmins and Non-Brahmins. In short the contingent is truly representative of India. In spite of this heterogenous composition of the group, a great fellow-feeling provails and like real brothers they all sit down at one common table for their meals.

MR. BEVOOR TO LEAD.

Mr. G B Bevoor, C. I. E., of the Indian Civil Service, the Postmaster-General of Bombay, has been nominated to head the Indian Contingent at the Jamboree. He is a keen Scouter himself, being the District Scout Commissioner and one of the chief organizers of the great All-India Scout Jamboree of 1,400 Scouts held at Bombay in 1927. He is at present on leave in Europe and he joins the Contingent at Marseilles on 31st July 1933.

Till Mr. Bevoor takes over, Mr. A. C. McKoy of the National Bank is in charge of the Contingent. He too is an enthusiastic Scouter and has done a great deal to foster Scouting in Cochin, where he is posted for the last three years. He has been taking parental interest in all the lads and they all love him for it. He is receiving full co-operation from the leaders of different groups in his endeavour to see that "India", as he himself has Christened the contingent, puts up a show worthy of the great country which it represents. In his work Mr. McKoy is ably assisted by Captain Dr. P. M. Petigara, who is next in command and also a very keen Scouter and has been running a sea Scout Troop in Bombay the only one of its kind in India.

DAILY ROUTINE.

It is the 11th day of the Contingent on the boat and since the sea because calm they have revived their activities and have made the voyage pleasenter for even other passengers on board the ship. They begin their programme with physical training at six in the morning and have their kit inspection at 8 and the rest of the day they play games and amuse themselves. They have organized both open and interprovincial tournaments of deck tennis and deck golf. Perhaps the most noteable item of their programme is Carap-Fire every evening, where they have music, dancing, story-telling, gymnastics, recitations dialogues and many other things.

All the boys are keeping excellent health and there are with them two very competent doctors to look after their health. On the whole, they have had a very comfortable voyage. Yesterday, the boat touched Port Sudan and they got an opportunity to land for a few hours and visit the Town.

BOOKS RECEIVED

"India Analysed (Vol. I: International)." Edited by Freda M. Houlston and B. P. L. Bedi. Victor Gollancz, Ltd., 14, Henrietta Street, Covent Garden, London. 5s. net.

GUJARATI.

"Grihashiksha," by Mahashanker Indraji Dave. Navyug Pustaka Bhandar, Rajkot. Re. 1/4.

"Ithibasana Ojasama" by Mahashanker Indraji Dave. Navyug Pustak Bhandar, Rajkot. As 14.

"Shotashl," by Yajnesh H. Shukla. "Gunasundari" Karyalaya, 114, Girgaon Back Road, Bombay, 4. Re. 1.

Renewing Complexions By Absorption

If your complexion is marred with sallowness moth patches, pimples or freckles, it is useless to potter with powders and paints, lotions, creams and things, in an effort to get rid of the trouble. Unless you have some ability as an artist, you will mar your appearance still more.

The new and rational way is to take off the complexion itself with all its offensive marks. Just get some pure mercolized wax at the chemist's, and use at night the same as cold cream. Remove next morning with water and soap following with dash of cold water. The mercolized wax absorbs the half-dead scarf skin in flaky particles, so gradually no one guesses you are treating your face—unless it be by the result which is truly wonderful. There is nothing like it for bestowing a natural healthy and beautiful complexion.

Life's a joy with health like hers...

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Running a home, caring for children, the rough and tumble of daily life, make tremendous claims on your reserves of energy. And if, added to this, worry in these hard times has frayed your Nerves, set up Indigestion, Malnutrition, and disturbed the regularity of your feminine self, it is time to turn from danger to the Health and Safety of Feluna Pills.

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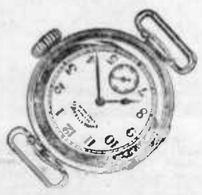

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WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS

(From Our Special Correspondent) Bombay, Aug. 4.

MONEY.

Money continued easy with call funds available at about 3/4 per cent. There were unwilling borrowers even for short term deposits, six months money being quoted at about 1-1/2 to 1-3/4 p.c. Treasury bill maturities this week are short of sales by about Rs. 33.75 lacs, but the yield on fresh sales has been further reduced this week to 15 annas per cent. The outstanding treasury bills now amount to Rs. 23.43 crores as against Rs. 14.17 crores at the beginning of June last. The trade demand shows a fall of Rs. 90.77 lacs. The following are the fixed deposit rates:—One to three months 1 p.c.

IMPERIAL BANK.

The statement of the Imperial Bank of India as on July 28, 1933 shows an advance of Rs 239.09 lac in the cash balance of the Bank, now standing at Rs. 27,75,70,000 as compared with Rs. 29.67 crores at this time last year. The percentage of cash to liabilities is 33.09, an increase of 2.55 p.c. Loans, Cash credits and Inland Bills discounted are all down by Rs. 5.25 lacs, Rs. 45.10 lacs and by Rs. 38.81 lacs respectively. Government deposits have increased by Rs. 81.06 lacs to Rs. 8.90 crores and Other deposits by Rs. 3.77 lacs to Rs. 73.98 crores. The bank rate remains unchanged at 3½ p.c.

GILT-EDGED MARKET.

The gilt-edged were buoyant with a general advance in prices due largely to the monetary situation. There was a fair investment demand in short as well as long-term scrips. Advices from London were also steady where 3½ p.c. India Sterling Stock improved from £81-7/8 to £82½. 3½ p.c. Rupee Paper advanced from Rs. 85-1 to Rs. 85-12 at the close, and 1947-50 new loan to Rs. 94/14. 4 p.c. 1960-70 Loan rose from Rs. 97-12 to Rs. 98-3, while 1934-37 loan was unchanged at Rs. 101-14 and 1943s at 101-14. 4½ p.c. 1955-60 Loan gained about 6 annas to Rs. 105-6 with 1934 bonds unaltered at Rs. 102-8. 5 p.c. 1939-44 loan kept steady at Rs. 106-12, 1940-43s at Rs. 106-14 and 1935s at Rs. 104-9. 5 p.c. 1945-55 tax free loan is quoted at Rs. 113-3 5½ p.c. 1938-40 loan steadied to Rs. 108. 6½ p.c Bombay Development Loan showed no change at Rs. 107-12 and 6½ p.c. Treasury Bonds at Rs. 107-9.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling exchange remained steady with limited business passing. Rates, however, were stable with sellers of ready T.T. at 1s. 6-1/32 and buyers at 1s. 6-5/64d. It may be mentioned that these rates have prevailed in the market for the past 3 months without even a temporary change.

The forward market was also steadier owing to some business being transacted in gold for these deliveries. Merchandise export bills on the other hand continue negligible. The following are the forward rates:—August to March 1/6 -1/32.

The dollar sterling quotation after opening at dolls. 4.45-3/4 improved to dolls. 4.59, but after reacting to dolls. 4.43-5/8 closed at dolls. 4.53. The Paris-London cross rate opened at 85.06 and rising to 85.28 declined gradually to 84.65. The Belga finished at 23.72 and the Italian lira at 63.15.

GOLD.

Prices in the gold market tended to be steadier on weaker London-Paris cross-rate and purchases by banks for export. The business transacted was largely for forward and moderate in volume. The price of ready advanced from Rs. 30/10/9 to Rs. 30-13-6 and at that was about one anna under the quotation for September settlement. Arrivals from upcountry continue on a fair scale and stocks in the market are estimated at about 5 lacs tolas. The decrease in the stock is due to deliveries having been effected to banks in respect of outstanding August contracts. The daily offtake is no better than 3000 to 4000 tolas. The price of sovereigns moved up in sympathy and is quoted at Rs. 19-12-0 for ready and Rs. 19/12/6 for delivery September 5. In London the quotation for gold after declining to 123s. 8d closed at 124s-7d. Last week's shipment per s.s. "Rawalpindi" amounted to Rs. 61.22 lacs. In our market the highest andlowest rates were Rs. 30/13/6 and Rs. 30-10-9 for ready, Rs. 30/13/9 and Rs. 30-11-3 for August 7 settlement and Rs. 30/-14/6 and Rs. 30/11/9 for September 5 settlement. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 107,420 in bar and coin.

SILVER.

The silver market was hesitant and in mid-week on unfounded rumours regarding the reduction in the import duty of silver, there was some excitement in the market and prices moved up by about 8 to 10 annas per 100 tolas. The difference between near and forward and one month forward, which stood at about 3 annas, widened to as much as 8 annas but has narrowed to about 5 annas at the close. The quotation for ready advanced from Rs. 55/15 to Rs. 56/7, but declined and closed at Rs. 55/14. The volume of business is still restricted, the daily offtake averaging some 25 bars, while stocks aggregate the large figure of 10,000 bars. In Shanghai the dollar after declining from 1s. 3-1/4d to 1s 2-15/16d. improved and closed at 1s. 3-1/16d. In London the highest and lowest rates were 18-3/8d. and 17-3/4d for ready and 18-7/16d. and 17-7/8d for forward. In our market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 56-7 and Rs. 55-14 for ready, Rs. 56-8 and Rs. 55/15 for August 10 settlement and Rs. 57/0 and Rs. 56-3 for September 9 settlement. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 2000 in coin.

SHARES

While prices in the cotton Mill Section tended downwards, shares in the miscellaneous section showed improvement particularly in the Iron and Steel and in the Electric group, the latter being influenced by the declaration of a dividend of Rs. 5 for the 2nd Pref. shares. It may be pointed out that Rs. is the accumulated dividend on these Pref. shares. The following are the fluctuations in some of the leaders:—Bombay Dyeings Rs. 788/12—790—782/8; Century Rs. 235/10—231/4; Central India Rs. 327/8—326/4; Crescent Rs. 59/6; Fazulbhoy Rs. 338/12—322/8; Kohinoor Rs. 164/6—161/4; New Great Rs. 168/2—165—156/4 Pearls Rs. 233/12—231/4—220; Simplex Rs. 83/12—83/2; and Swadeshi Rs. 255/12—255.

In the miscellaneous section Tata Iron and Steel Ordys. improved from Rs. 55/2 to Rs. 57/6 with Defds. from Rs. 216/4 to Rs. 221/4. Tata Hydros steadied to Rs. 160/10. Tata Powers rose from Rs. 1023/12 to Rs. 1042/8 and Andhra Valleys from Rs. 1471/4 to Rs. 1472/8. Alcock shares gained from Rs. 190 to Rs. 197/8 and Bombay Burmahs from Rs. 386/14 to Rs. 389/6. Bombay Trams were steadier at Rs. 139/1 and Bombay steams at Rs. 284/6. Scindia steam shares were almost unchanged at Rs. 11/15. Bundi Cement shares closed at Rs. 26-10; Indian Cements at Rs. 295 and Katni Ordys. at Rs. 291/4 with Defds. unchanged at Rs. 1060. Railway shares showed no change in prices.

Imperial Bank shares after a slight improvement from Rs 1196/4 to Rs1205 closed at Rs 1202/8. Contributories similarly rose to Rs. 300 but ended at Rs. 298/2. Bank of India shares were steady at Rs. 103/4xd and those of the Central Bank at Rs. 23/10.

LONDON BULLION MARKET

Keen Demand For Gold

Messrs. Samuel Montagu & Co. have issued the following weekly Bullion report dated July 19:—

GOLD.

The Bank of England gold reserve against notes amounted to £189,694,971 on the 12th inst. showing no change as compared with the previous Wednesday.

No purchases of importance hape been made by the Bank during the week.

Demand for the moderate amounts of gold available in the open market was keen and prices continued to rule at a premium over franc parity. Purchases were made for the Continent, but a good proportion of the supplies was again taken for destinations not disclosed.

Quotation s during the week:—

	per fine ounce	of £ Sterling
13th July	124s/1d	13s/8.32d
14th July	124s/2d	13s/8.21d
15th July	124s/3d	13s/8.10d
17th July	124s/3d	13s/8.10d
18th July	124s/5½d	13s/7.82d
19th July	124s/4d	13s/7.99d
Average	124s/3.08d	13s/8.09d

The following were the United Kingdom Imports and Exports of Gold registered from midday on the 10th inst. to midday on the 17th inst.

IMPORTS.

	£
Germany	20,062
Netherlands	926,574
Belgium	316,884
France	1,914,226
Switzerland	30,124
Iraq	12,314
United States of America	676,749
British South Africa	1,454,231
British India	576,624
British Malaya	42,416
Australia	74,516
New Zealand	14,514
Canada	509,000
Other Countries.	16,700
	£6,584,934

Gold shipmentsl from Bombay last week amounted to about £255,000 consigned to London and £31,000 to Paris; the s.s. "Gange" carries £316,000 consigned to Naples and the s.s. "Castalia" £80,000 consigned to Liverpool.

The figures given below of United Kingdom Imports and Exports of Gold for June last show an excess of Imports of £21,252,089. For the siy months ended June 30th 1933 United Kingdom Imports of Gold amounted to £120,816,569, as compared with Exports £43,157,528.

IMPORTS (June 1933)

	£
Germany	4,154,310
Netherlands	2,021,749
Belgium	15,225
France	405,554
Switzerland	513,692
Forward	7,110,530
West Africa	198,360
United States of America	4,004,781
Central America & West Indies	28,286
Brazil	86,873
Union of South Africa & South-West Africa Territory	4,565,552
Rhodesia	369,196
British India	3,217,345
British Malaya	368,050
China	705,840
Australia	476,931
New Zealand	86,505
Canada	2,357,617
Salved from s.s. "Egypt"	144,611
Other Countries	255,185
	£23,975,664

EXPORTS.

	£
Germany	2,424
Netherlands	37,168
Czechoslovakia	42,020
France	149,249
Switzerland	17,337

EXPORTS (June 1933)

	£
Germany	2,089
Netherlands	280,305
Belgium	8,350
France	2,261,900
Switzerland	128,405
Forward	2,681,049
West Africa	2,681,049
	£2,723,575

SILVER.

A quieter tone has prevailed during the past week, and prices showed only small variations. American support and speculative buying following the proposals submitted on the 13th inst. by Senator Pittman at the World Conference, imparted some steadiness to the market, but the demand was offset by Continental selling and re-sales by speculators.

The Indian Bazaars have bought and yesterday buying by China followed firmer exchange advices from that quarter.

Reports received to-day of further discussion at the World Conference seem to indicate the failure of efforts to reach an agreement to secure international control of silver, in which case the outlook of the market would appear doubtful in view of the speculative bull position built up in the hope of a more favourable outcome.

The following were the United Kingdom Imports and Exports of Silver registered from midday on the 10th inst. to midday on the 17th inst:—

IMPORTS.

	£
Soviet Union (Russia).	191,500
Germany	20,842
Japan	32,317
Australia	11,19
British West Africa	4,699
Canada	8,000
New Zealand	2,365
Other Countries	2,838
	£ 173,740

EXPORTS.

	£
France	2,041
French Possessions in India	12,000
Persia	3,000
Straits Settlements	5,030
Channel Islands	1,050
Other Countries	4,161
	£27,282

Quotations during the week:

IN LONDON.

(Bar Silver per oz. std.)

	Cash Delivery	Two Months' Delivery.
July 13th	18.5/8d	18.3/4d
July 14th	18.11/16d	18.13/16d
July 15th	18.11/16d	18.13/16d
July 17th	18.11/16d	18.13/16d
July 18th	18.3/4d	18.7/8d
July 19th	18.9/16d	18.11/16d
Average	18.666d	18.791d

IN NEW YORK.

(Per ounce 999 fine)

	Cents
July 12th	38.13/16
July 13th	40.7/16
July 14th	40.1/4
July 15th	40.1/4
July 17th	40.5/8
July 18th	40.13/16

The highest rate of exchange on New York recorded during the period from the 13th inst. to the 19th inst. was dolls. 4.87 and the lowest dolls. 4.75.

The Stocks in Shanghai on the 15th inst. consisted of about 126,400,000 ounces in syce 277500000 dollars and 6300 silver bars, as campred with about 126200000 ounces i nsyce, 277500000 dollars and 6300 silver bars on the 12th inst.

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OPERATORS AWAIT COTTON BUREAU REPORT

Wall Street Demand Absorbs Southern Selling

MARKET SHOWS SIGNS OF CONFIDENCE RETURNING

Bears Disposed To Cover Short Interest

Bombay, Aug 4

The New York cotton futures market was easier on absence of any important buying and also by unfavourable conditions in dry goods markets and liquidation As usual there was pre-Bruea absence of any business. Southern hedge selling was absorbed by scattered Wall Street buying. The market reacted both the highest and lowest levels of the day during the first hour and later on marked time with a limited turnover of business. The market is well liquidated and operators are now awaiting the Bureau report. Private estimates received here so far expect the crop from 10½ to 11½ million bales. In view of the reduction in acreage it is a difficult task to form any reliable idea about the crop at the moment but if the report is bearish and prices decline. we think it will be safe to buy It is confidently expected that Washington administration will make use of extraordinary powers to save prices from any material decline.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The market opened at the highest level of the day at a rise of 10 points but under long liquidation and Southern hedge selling declined 28 points from the opening level which was the lowest level of the day. Later on the market ruled quiet but steady and closed at a decline of 14 to 15 points. Spot cotton prices declined 15 points at 10.30c

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of 10 points. Spot cotton prices declined 11 points at 10.29c

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of one point The market was quiet and featureless. Fluctuations in Dollar exchange rate checked business. There was continued trade calling and later straddle selling on reported rains in Texas. The market closed quiet but steady at a decline of 3 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices declined 3 points at 6.28d. per lb.

East Indian cotton futures ruled quiet and closed at a decline of 2 oints with October 5.38, January 5.41 and March 5.44.

Sakel Egyptian cotton futures ring was so quiet and closed at a decline of 2 points with spot cotton one point lower to 7.93. Uppers were steady and closed unchanged to a rise of 2 points.

PRIVATE CABLES.

Bombay, Aug. 4.

N. Y. October highest 10.66 plus .10 up at 10 a.m.; Lowest 10-38—.18 at 10-21 a.m.

Messrs. Sarupchand Prithiraj have received the following cables:—

Liverpool—Market shows signs of confidence returning: bears disposed to cover. With the lights before us we advise purchases owing to more favourable rumours regarding Inflation.

New York—Market feverish await U. S. Bureau Report: do not think Market will change much either way for the near future.

Cotton trade demand appears to be satisfied for the time being pending development of larger consuming demand. Crop prospects are favourable Market needs fresh stimulus.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta & Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool:—Market shows signs of confidence returning. Bears disposed to cover. With the lights before us we advise purchases owing to more favourable rumours regarding inflation.

New York—Opened higher but declined during the forenoon on Wall Street, commission houses, local operators and southern selling. **Prefer** buying. Cotton goods market—yarn market—**continue inactive**.

New York—Largely local affair with scattered Wall Street demand absorbing southern selling.

Messrs. Patel Brother have received the following cables:—

N. Y. December highest 10.82 opening; Lowest 10.60 at 10-12 a.m.

Their Liverpool Agents cabled:

8-42 p.m.:—New York market dull, waiting Agricultural Bureau Report.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, Aug. 3.

October 1933	10.42—.14
December 1933	10.64—.14
January 1934	10.72—.15
March 1934	10.87—.15
May 1934	11.04—.15
July 1934	11.20—.15
Middling Spot	10.30—.15

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, Aug. 3.

October	10.39—.10
December	10.61—.10
Middling Spot	10.29—.11

NEW YORK.
New York, Aug. 3.

New York 10-55 a.m.:	
October	10.59
December	10.72
New York, Noon Call:	
October	10.41
December	10.60

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York, Aug. 3.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	10.000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	3.000
Day's Exports to the Continent	16,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, Aug. 3.

	10-10 a.m. Quotations	To-day's Closing
August 1933		5.98—.03
September 1933		5.98—.04
October 1933	6.02	6.00—.03
November 1933		6.01—.03
December 1933		6.03—.03
January 1934	6.07	6.05—.03
February 1934		6.07—.03
March 1934	6.10	6.09—.03
April 1934		6.10—.03
May 1934		6.12—.03
June 1934		6.13—.03
July 1934		6.15—.03
August 1934		6.16—.03
Middling Spot		6.28—.03

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, Aug. 3.

SAKELLARIDIS	
October 1933	7.93
November 1933	7.99
January 1934	8.06
March 1934	8.13
May 1934	8.21
June 1934	8.28
F.G.F. Spot	8.34

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, Aug. 3.

BROACH (Good Staple):	
Fully Good	5.30
Fine	5.42
Superfine	5.54
C.P. OOMRA (No. 1 Staple):	
Good	5.30
Fine	5.45
Choice	5.60
BENGAL:—	
Good	4.19
Fine	4.29
Superfine	4.39
SCINDE:—	
Good	4.29
Fine	4.39
Superfine	4.49

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, Aug. 3.

T T LONDON ON:—	
Berlin	13.91
Amsterdam	8.21-1/4
Brussels	23.72-1/2
Madrid	39.71
Milan	63.15
Berne	17.13
Paris	84.65
Prague	111.75
T T London on New York	4.54-1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, Aug. 3.

Chartered Bank of I. A. China	15-7/8
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	129
P. & O. Banking Corporation	9-3/4
National Bank of India	45-1/2
Funding Loan 4 p c	109.7/8
Conversion Loan 3½ pc	99-3/8
Upper Paper 3½ pc	62
Indian Stock 3 pc 1938	70-3/8
Indian Stock 3½ pc 1931	82-1/2
Indian Stock 4½ pc 1950/55	106-1/2
Consols 2½ pc	72-3/4
War Loan 3½ pc	99
Victory Bonds 4 pc	109-1/2

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Aug. 4.

In response to a decline of 14 points in New York cotton futures market, the local market was expected to open at Rs 226 but the market opened weak at Rs. 224/4 on tired long liquidation. The decline in the local market being too rapid attracted short covering and prices improved to Rs. 225/4. There is fairly large short interest in the local market and some of it will be covered before the Bureau report. This covering will help the market and we look for steady markets in the near future The undertone of the market was good to-day

Liverpool market opend at a decline of 4 points but later on was quoted unchanged owing weakness of sterling. Prices in the local market steadily advanced to Rs. 226/4 and the market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:

	Rs. as.
Broach J./A.	207 0
Broach A./M.	225 12
Oomra D./J.	196 12
Bengal D./J.	164 12

COTTON TENDERS
Bomay, Aug. 4.

	To-day Bales	Total Bales
Broach J./A.	300	22.400

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, Aug. 4.

Bengal Superfine	172
Bengal June	169
Bengal FG	166
Sindh-Punjab Fine	169
Sindh-Punjab FG	166
Wardha-Hingt Fine	203/5
Nagpur Savner Fine	203/5
Yeotmal Fine	199
Arvi Fine	200
Ellichpur Fine	199
Amraot-Berar Fine	195
Khamgaon Fine	195
Mulkapur Fine	187
Khandesh Fine	183
Muthia FG	165
Jalna/Sailu FG	19
Burwah Sanavad FG	195
Ujjain/Shujaulpur FG	196
Broach FG	208/9
Punjab/American	2
Punjab/American mix	206
Cambodia	266/71
Miraj-Sangli	206/11
Compta Good	211
Bagalkot	196/201
Busoga	344
Kampala	348

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES
Bombay, Aug. 4.

Extra Spr-fine	Sup Fine	F. G.	Good
M. G. Bengal U. P. ...	169	165	161	157
M. G. Punjab ...	165	163	159	156
M. G. Rajputana ...	166	163	160	157
M. G. Oomra No. 3	203	198	196	193	...
M. G. Oomra No. 1	207	205	203	200	...
M. G. Oomra No. 2	203	201	199	196	...
M. G. Broach No. 2 ...	212	210	208	206
M. G. Punjab-Ame. ...	221	219	217	215
M. G. Surat ...	260	258	256	254
M. G. Rajpipla ...	260	258	256	254
M. G. Navsari ...	269	266	264	262

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.
Bombay, Aug. 4.

F. P. Bales	1932-33	1931-32
Receipts to date 3/8/33	40000	23000
Recepits Yesterday 3/8/33	10000	8000
Exports to date 3/8/33	47000	40.000
Stock at Forts 28/7/33	3107000	3396000
Stock at Interior Towns 28/7/33	1217000	1351000
Stock Liverpool 28/7/33	832000	743000
Visible Supply 28/7/33	6560000	6626000
Quantity in Sight 28/7/33	14029000	14784000
Quantity out of in Sight 28/7 33	14264000	13347000

NEW YORK SILVER

New York, Aug. 3.

The New York Silver market ruled very steady and prices advanced 1/2 cent for spot silver while September option closed at a rise of 20 points. Spot quotation 36 cents and September 36.45c.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

Alexandria, Aug. 3.

The Cotton futures market was irregular and nervous. There was somewhat better enquiry for Sakel contracts which closed at a rise of one point. No. 48, January 15.84 and March 16.23. Ashmouni Section was weak on increased selling which depressed prices 11 to 7 points with August 13.09. October 12.86 and December 12.96.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Aug. 3

Messr. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing closing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

DOLLARS.

Amer. Power Light Com. 13
Amer. Power & Light Pfd. 6 dol. 33-1/2
Amer. Power & Light 5 pc P A 27
Amer. Form Power Com. 12
Amer. Form Power Gold D 50
Amer. Form Power 7 pc P. 24
Electric Bond Common 24-1/2
Electric Bond 5 dol. Pfd. 48
Electric Bond 6 pc Pfd.
Consolidated Gas 53-1/2
Columbia Gas 20
United Power & Light A. 5
North American 26-1/2
United Corpn. 10
American Super Power 5
American Tel. & Tel. 125-1/2
Western Union Telg. 60-3/4
Radio Corp. 3-1/4
Cheasapeake & Ohio 43
New York Central 43-1/4
Union Pacific R R 115
Pennsylvania R R 35
Baltimore & Ohio R R 28-1/2
Guaranty Trust 324
International Carniers 8-1/2
Bush Terminal 4-1/2
Alaska Juneau 25-1/2
Noranda Mines 32
United States Steel 52-1-2
Bethelehem Steel 40
Youngstown Sheet & Tube 264
American Smelting 33-1/4
Int. Nickel Common 18-1/2
International Harvestor 34
Anaconda Copper Mining 17
Kennecott Copper 20-1/4
Cerro de Pasco Copper 32-1/4
Glidden 15
General Motors 29-1/4
Packard Motor 5-1/4
General Electric 23-1/2
Goodyear Tyre 37-1/4
United Aircraft 32-1/4
Curtiss Wright 3
National Dairy 30-1/2
Standard Oil of N. J. 35
Mid. Con. Petroleum 11-1/2
Philips Petroleum 13
St. Regis Paper 5-1/4
American Radiator 15
National City Bank 33
Chrysler 34
Sun Life of Canada 475
American Ice Co. 12-1/4
Mac Intyre 33-1/4
Kelvinators 10

Market a shade lower with exception of steel group, notably Bethelehem steel. National Shipbuilding Co. dol. 20-1/4 on news large contract award made by Navy Department.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT.
Liverpool, Aug. 3.

October	57 7/8d.
December	70d.
March	71 5/8d.

CHICAGO WHEAT.
Chicago, Aug. 4.

July	1-00 3/4
Sept.	1-04 1/4
Dec	1-08 3/4

THE TATA OIL MILL'S QUOTATIONS.

Ex. Godown.
Bombay, Aug. 4.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Ready. Rs. 265 per ton.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil per case of 84 lbs. Rs. 20.

Cocoanut Cake Ready. Rs. 70 per ton.

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.
Bombay, Aug. 4.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.
Since 1st September.
In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year
Khandesh		219.476
Central India		206.665
Barsi and Nagar		132.817
Hyderabad-Gaorani		55.611
Berar	103	468.948
Central Provinces		136.164
Total Oomras	103	1.218.681
Dholera	644	293.528
N.-W. Provinces		8.055
Rajputana		84.075
Sind-Punjab	100	106.420
Broach		327.729
Coompta & Dharwar	164	88.072
Westerns-Northerns	139	71,124
Cocoanada		a 13
Tinnevelly Cabodia	60	57.627
Persian	8	7.260
American	504	72.718
Egyptian & African	2.652	149.938
Comila, Burma & other sorts		88
Total	4.920	2.485.328

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.
Bombay, Aug. 4.
1st Sept. to 27th July.
Yesterday
In full-pressed Bales

		This year
Europe	2,055	387.869
Japan & China	1.817	1.160.543
Coast Ports	100	26.288
Up-country by Rail		127.553
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		13.446
Total	4.773	1,715,699

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Aug. 4.

SETTLEMENT SCRIPS TAXABLE

3 1/2 per cent. G P N Sett.	85-11
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	85-11-6
4 per cent 1960/70 Sett	98-3-0
4 per cent 1960/70 Cash	98-4-0
5 per cent 1945/55 Sett	113-2
5 per cent. 1945/55 Cash	113-3
TAXFREES.	
p c 1950 Mysore	111-8
5 1/2 p c 1938 Mysore	108-12
6 1/2 p c 1935 B D L	107-13
TAXABLES.	
3 1/2 p c 1947/50	94-14
4 p c 1934/37 Cash	101-14
4 p c 1943 Cash	101-14
4 1/2 p.c. 1934 Cash	102-8
4 1/2 p c 1955/60 Cash	105-4
5 p c 1939/44 Cash	106-11
5 p c 1940/43 Cash	106-14
5 p c 1935 Cash	104-9
5 1/2 p c 1938/40 Cash	108
6 1/2 p.c. 1935 T.B. Cash	107-8
CORPORATION LOANS TAXABLES.	
4 per cent. B P T 1974	93
4 p c M Deb. 1974	92-0
5 p.c. M. Deb 1959	105-0
6 p c M Deb. 1954	115-0
6 p c K P T 1956	115-0
6 1/2 p.c. B.I.I. 1937	107-8

3 1/2 per cent. paper opened today at Rs. 85/10 and after improving to Rs. 85-12 closed at Rs. 85-11. The tone was good.

SHANGHAI EXCHANGE

Shanghai, Aug. 4.

T T ON LONDON:—
Previous close 1 3 1/16
To-day's opening 1.3
To-day's close 1.3
Difference —1/16

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Aug. 3.

Broach July/A. Opening 208-3/8 Highest 198-1/2 Lowest 196-3/4 close 207.

Broach A May Opening 227-1/4 Highest 227-1/4 Lowest 225-3/4 Close 22D5-3/4

Oomra D/J. Opening 198-1/2 Highest 198-3/4 Lowest 196-3/4 Close 196-3/4.

Bengal D/J. Opening 166-1/4 Highest 166-1/4 Lowest 165 Close 165-1/2.

HOLIDAY IN LIVERPOOL

The Liverpool Cotton Exchange will remain closed on Saturday and Monday the 5th and 7th instant

SEEDS.
London, Aug. 3.

Cottonseed Bombay, (Hull) C. I. F. ton. No offers.

Castorseed Bombay, (Hull) C. I. F. ton. £11:0:0 Aug/Sept sellers.

Rapeseed Toria, Hull/Continent, ton. £10:15:0 Aug/Sept. sellers.

LINSEED.
London, Aug. 3.

Linseed Calcutta, (London) ton. £12:1:3 Aug/Sept. Sellers.

Linseed Laplata C I F Hull ton. £11:7:6 Aug/Sept. Sellers.

Linseed Bombay, (London) ton. £12:6:3 Aug/Sept. Paid.

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET
London, Aug. 3.

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25 C & F Calcutta. per cwt 7/10-1/2 Sellers Aug/Sept. C & F Bombay. per cwt 7/10-1/2 Sellers Aug/Sept.

C & F Karachi per cwt 7/10-1/2 Sellers Aug/Sept

NEW YORK SUGAR.
New York, Aug. 3.

Sept.	1.38 plus 01
Dec	1.46 plus 02
March	1.52 plus 02
May	1.57 plus 02

BOMBAY SUGAR.
Bombay, Aug. 4

	Rs. as. p.
Java Ready	14 12 0
S. S. "Nawab"	4 14 6
July Shipment	4 14 3
A./S. Shipment	5 0 0
O./D. Shipment	5—1—6
Tone:—Quiet.	

LINSEED & WHEAT.
Bombay, Aug. 4.

In sympathy with quiet but steady Liverpool and Chicago advices, the local market opened steady but later on prices declined on increased selling. There was marked absence of any important buying. Mandvi Seeds Exchange was closed to-day and will remain closed to-morrow owing to Holidays:—

Linseed September delivery opened at Rs. 6/12/6 and declined to Rs. 6/11 while May delivery after opening at Rs. 6/15/0 eased off to Rs. 6/15. Wheat September opened at Rs. 4/13/6 and declined to Rs. 4/13 which May delivery after opening at Rs. 4/15/6 declined to Rs. 4/15. Later on there was improved buying:—

	Rs. as. p.
Linseed Sept.	6 11 9
Linseed May	7 0 3
Wheat Sept.	4 13 3
Wheat May	4 15 9

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Bear Covering In Mill Shares

HEAVY LIQUIDATION IN STEEL SHARES

Bombay, Aug 4.

It being a clearing day, the Share Bazar was open for one hour for forward business Within a short period there was a fairly large turnover of business. Some prominent Bear operators who were heavily short in Mill shares were covering which resulted in a rise in Mill shares Cement and Hydro Electric shares were active with a good enquiry. Tata Steel shares ruled quiet on long liquidation. It is reported that some 7,000 ordinary shares were liquidated and Second Preference shares were also unloaded In view of abundant supply of cheap money both Government Securities and Industrial shares are likely to rule firm in the near future.

Bombay Dyeings were done at 782/8/ at the outset and finished at 787½. Fazuls opened at 322/8/, dipped to 315 and closed at 326/4/. Pearls sagged to 215 to close at 221/4/. New Greats declined to 155 and closed at 160/10/. Nagpores were steady at 327½ and Swadeshis were quiet around 256/1/. Pabanies eased to 95/ and closed at 101/4/. Andhras closed at 1480 and Powers strengthened to 1045. Indian cements closed at 296/4/ and Shahabads were steady at 282/14/. Bombay Burmas started at 388/12/ and closed at 398/12/ buyers. Tata Steel ordys closed at 56/10/, after touching 57/6/. Tata Deferred advanced to 222/8/ to close at 221/4/.

Highest 208-3/4 Lowest 207 Close 225-3/4

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.
Bombay, Aug. 4.

Bom. Dyeing 781; 79; 87
Century 321; 30; 34
Central India 326; 25; 27
Colaba 91-14
Crescent 52
Fazalbhoy 321; 18; 16; 26
Kohinoor 158; 60; 62
New Great 155; 60
Pearl 218; 21
Simplex 82; 84
Swadeshi 255; 56
Bundi 26-8; 10
L. Cement 295; 96
T. Steel Dfd. 220; 19; 20
T. Steel Ord. 57-4; 2; 56-12; 57; 56-10
B. Steam 283; 86
B. Burma 388; 89; 91; 98
Tata Hydro 160; 61-9
Andhra 1472; 81; 80
Tram Ord. 139-1; 139-6

Bombay, Aug. 4.

Ahmedabad Advance	338/12
Bombay Dyeing	787-8
Century	234-6
Central India	327-8
Colaba Land	91-14
Crescent	57-8
Dawn	448-12
Ebrahim Pabaney	102-8
Fialny	105
Fazulbhoy	326-4
Gokak	123/2
Hindustan	1905
Indian Mfg.	1.725-0
Indian Bleaching	190
Indore Malwa	365-10
Kastoorchand	6
Khatau	78/12
Kohinoor	162-8
Lakshmi	862-8
Morarjee	490
Model Nagpore	60
Mysore	102-8
New Great	160-10
Oosmanshai Mills	121
Pearl	221-14
Phoenix	336/4
Sholapur	3300
Sassoon Silk	48-12
Swan	70-10
Simplex	84-6
Swadeshi	256-4
Tata Mills	30-4
Vishnu Mills	1,505-0
BANK SECTION	
Bank of India	103/4
Baroda Bank	89-0
Bombay Provincial	51
Central Bank	23-10
Imperial F P	1.202-8
Imperial P. P.	298-0
Union Bank	4.6 1/2
HYDRO ELECTRIC SECTION	
Ahmedabad Electric	152/8
Andhra Valley Ordy.	1480-0
Bombay Tram Ordy.	139-6
Broach Electric	12
Karachi Electric	185/0
Surat Electric	167/8
Suburban Electric	132/8
Tata Hydro Ordy.	161-9
Tata Power Ordy.	1956-4
CEMENT SECTION.	
Bundi Cement	26-10
Gwalior Cement	76/4
Indian Cement	296-4
Katni Ordy.	293-2
Katni Cement Def.	1060
Okha Cement	115-10
Punjab Cement Ordy	15-8
Shahabad Cement	281-14
Shivrajpore	19
United Cements	65-0
PREFERENCE SHARES.	
Andhra Valley Pref.	1215
Bombay Steam Pref.	270-0
Bombay Tram Pref.	75-12
Central India Pref.	498/12
Katni 1st Pref.	115
Tata 2nd Pref.	94-8
Punjab Cement Pref.	14/1
Tata Hydro Pref.	122/8
Tata I & S 1st Pref.	160/10
Tata 2nd Pref.	94-8
Tata Power Pref.	1.290-0
Vishnu Pref.	632/8
DEBENTURES.	
6 p.c. Andhra Valley Deb.	108-4
6 1/2 p c Bombay Tel. Dep.	56/4
7 p c Sholapur Deb.	96/10
6 p.c. Tata Hydro Deb.	108-10
RAILWAY SECTION.	
Ahmedabad Prantej	802/8
Amritar Pfatti Old	112
Central Provinces	80
Dhond Baramati	80/8
Guzerat	58/4
Hoshiarpur Doab	80
Larkhana	81/8
Larkhana	81/8
Mandra Bhon	75
Mymensingh Rebate	82/8
Mymensingh Gtd.	82
Pachora Jamner	61
Sara Sirajgunj	81
Sialkot Narowal	92
Sind Light	50/10
Tapty Valley	702-8
Upper Sind Light	87
MISCELLANEOUS SECTION	
Alcock Ashdown	200-0
Br. Burma Petro 1	2-15-6
Bombay Burma Old	398-12
Bomway Burma New	135
Bombay Steamer	286-4
Bombay Telephone	86-4
Belapur Sugar	189-8
Indian Radio Ordy.	476/4
Indian Rado Def.	478/2
Indian Mercantile	42/4
McKenzies	59
New India Assurance	25-2
Jupiter Insurance	11/4
Oriental Insuance	3.000
Vulvan Insurance	8
Port Canning	662-8
Scindia Steam	11-13
Tata Construction	64-12
Tata I and S Ordy.	56-10
Tata Def.	220-0
Tata Oil	21-4

COTTON STRADDLES

Approximate Differences

New York. Liverpool:—October 154 Jany. 134 March 127.

Bombay. Liverpool:—Broach A/May (225)—Liverpool May 6.10 Rs. 40-1/2 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay. New York:—Broach A/May (225)—New York May (11.04) Rs. 45-3/4 at 4.53-1/8 Cross Rate.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.
London, Aug. 3.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate	0-7/16 p c
Bank Bills 6 months market rate	0-11/16 p c to 0-3/4 pc
Fine trade Bills 3 months market rate	2 pc
Fine trade Bills 6 months market rate	2-1/2 p c to 3 p c
Interest day to day Loan	0-1/8 p c
Interest 7 day's Market Loan	0-1/4 p c

COFFEE NEW YORK MARKET.
London, Aug. 3.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) Spot. 8-1/4.

LONDON RUBBER.
London, Aug. 3.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed lb. Spot., 4-3/32 Sellers.

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

Weekly Weather Report

The Official Weather Report states that moderate temperatures and cool weather prevailed in the cotton belt during the week review. Substantial amount of rainfall occurred in most sections, except in a few of the more Western districts where moisture is needed and in the South Central area, where heavy rains are detriumental to the crop. Cotton continued to make fairly good progress generally.

BANK OF ENGLAND.
London, Aug. 3.

	This Week. £
Total bullion	191500000
Public deposits	21500000
(A) Other deposits	143300000
Government Securities	90000000
(B) Other Securities	23600000
Notes and coins	69300000
Notes in Circulation	382200000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	42.07 p.c.
(A) Other Deposits include Bankers	39500000
(B) Other Securities include Discounts and Advances	11200000

The fastest and funniest musical comedy of the season

at

The CARLTON

4, 6-30 and 10 P.M.

SUNDAY MORNING SHOW AT 10 A.M.

If laugh and grow fat is a true axiom everyone who sees

"THE LOVE RACE"

IT'S ONE LONG LAUGH FROM START TO FINISH

"THE LOVE RACE"

WITH

THE ACE OF COMEDIANS

STANLEY LUPINO

aided and abeted in his non-stop laugh race by

JACK HOBBS

DOROTHY BOYD

DOROTHY BARTLAM

Directed by

LUPINO LANE

The catchy song hit

"JUST DANCE"

will make you dance too.

THE EDWARD

Kalbadevi Road.

R.C.A. Double Sound System

Daily 6-30 & 10 P.M.

Saturday, Sunday and Holidays Matinee 4 P.M.

SUNDAY Morning Show 10 A.M.

GREAT LITERARY CLASSIC of R. L. Stevenson's Famous Mystry Thriller, now a Great Screen Masterpiece

DR. JEKYLL AND MR. HYDE

with

FREDRIC MARCH

MIRIAM HOPKINS

ROSE HOBERT

PARAMOUNT'S SUPERB ACHIEVEMENT.

OUR NEW PLAY

ANAND SANGIT MANDALI

BOMBAY THEATRE

SATURDAY 5-8-33 (at 3-30 p.m.)

SUNDAY, 6-8-33 (at 3-30 p.m.)

Written by Dr. Mhaisalkar

PRAJECHA RAJA

WELLINGTON

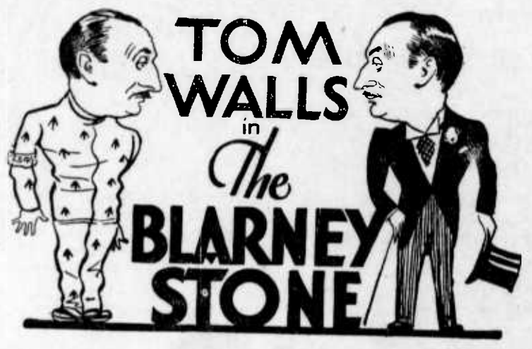
TALKIES, Dhobi Talao.

Daily 6-30 and 10 p. m.

Sat. and Sun. 3-30 p. m.

Hilarious Comedy Drama of an Irishman who has a "gift of the gab" !

His romance with a titled lady lands him in jail—but see how he gets his freedom



Supported by Charming Actress

ANNE GREY

and other noted players

Programme includes all-colour SILLY SYMPHONY

'THE BABES IN THE WOOD'

and the latest UNIVERSAL NEWSREEL

'GAIRSAMAJ,' a light social com edy by Mr. VAIDYA will be shortly staged, watch for date.

5 Performances Only

BALWANT SANGIT MANDALI

at the

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

SATURDAY, the 6th August, at 3-30 p.m.

SANGIT

BRAHMAKUMARI

(in 3 acts)

SUNDAY, the 6th August at 9-0A.M.

Sangit

MANAPMAN

(in 5 acts)

Dhairyadhar: MASTER DINANATH. Bhamini: Mr. MOHITE

MONDAY, the 7th August, at 8-30p.m.

SANGIT

RANDUNDUBHEE

(in 5 acts)

WEDNESDAY, the 9th August, at 8-30 p.m.

SANGIT

BHAVBANDHAN

(in 5 acts)

Booking at the Theatre from 8 to 11 a.m. and 4 to 8 p.m.

GLORIOUS THIRD WEEK ! BRILLIANT PICTURE !

SHREE MAHALAXMI CINETONE'S UNIQUE TALKIE THAT SHOOK EVERYBODY'S HEART

MOST EMOTIONAL AND TOUCHING ROMANCE OF PUNJAB

WITH ZUBEIDA BANU & MASTER MODAK IN HINDI

Supported By YAKUB, YUSUF, POWAR, REWASHANKER and Miss SHAHZADI

Directed By: Mr. NANUBHAI VAKEEL

FAIRY OF PUNJAB

MOST ENTICING MUSIC AND SONGS BRILLIANT DIALOGUES. CHARMING SCENERY & SUPERB ACTING S-RECORDING on "FIDELY TONE" SYSTEM.

SHOWS: 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee: Saturday and Sunday at 2-30 p.m.

Programme adds also Sjt. SEN GUPTA'S FUNERAL PROCESSION Topical

KRISHNA CINEMA DUBASH THEATRE— NEW CHARNI ROAD.

RUBBER OUTLOOK

Hectic Condition In New York Exchange

RESTRICTION PROBLEM

Messrs. Symigton and Wilson have issued the following rubber market report dated London, July 19:—

Since our last Report the Rubber Market has had a sensational advance amounting at one time yesterday to nearly 1d. per lb. The lead has come from New York where the inflationary movement on Wall Street and in all commodity markets continued to gain strength up to yesterday when some reaction set in. Judging by fluctuateions and by the large daily turnover, conditions on the Rubber Exchange of New York must have been hectic. The buying would appear to have been mostly speculative and to have been inuuenced by three main factors. Firstly there is the general inflationary movement. secondly there would appear to be a belief amongst American speculators that measures for restriction of output or export will be put into force quite soon, and thirdly, the excellent June consumption figures. to which we refer below. gave a final impetus to the advance at the week-end.

Following the lead set by New York the Market here advanced on Thursday and Friday, prices on Friday evening showing a rise of more than 1/4d. over those quoted here last Wednesday. On Saturday the tone in London was dull and prices were inclined to sag somewhat. but the Market in New Yo k. which is of course five hours later than ours, experienced boom conditions and showed advances from 1 to 1-3/8 cents, according to position. Closing prices in New York on Saturday were more than 1d. per lb. above the London parity. The advance in New York continued on Monday and Tuesday resulting in a strong demand on this Market and the East from American dealers who had to find Rubber somewhere to fill the speculative demand on the Exchange. Prices here reached new high levels on Tuesday afternoon with buyers of Spot at 4-9/16d. and of April-June at 4-29/32d.

A sharp drop took place yesterday afternoon in New York with falls ranging from 60 to 1.00. The Market here this morning opened at slightly below yesterday's levels. but later a sharp break took place carrying prices down sharply. At 12 noon to-day with Svot at 4|7/32d. and April/June at 4 1/2d. prices showed a decline of 5 16d. from those ruling yesterday.

RESTRICTION PROBLEM.

At 12.51 p. m. to-day a "Reuter" message from Amsterdam came through reading as follows:

"It is learned that Dr. Colijn is leaving for London to-day accompanied by Dr. V. D. Waalls. head of the Economic Section of the Dutch Colonial Office. Dr. Waalls will discuss with the British Experts the question of co-operation between Dutch and British Governments regarding Rubber restriction."

Up to the receipt of this message the Market had been in an exceedingly nervous condition and a further decline seemed not unlikely. The rise in America, as we explained above, had been based partly on the hopes of an early announcement regarding restriction and the break there yesterday was partly due to the lack of any further news. On receipt of the above message the Market immediately turned firmer rising about 1/4d. per lb., making the nett loss since yesterday only 1/4d. Prices at 3-45 will be found quoted below.

In connection with restriction there is another aspect of the situation which must not be forgotten namely that thet the present relatively high price is apt to bring out considerable quantities of Rubber, both by way of estate production and native production. The increase in native production is already beginning to show in the figures. Imports of wet native Rubber into Singapore.—principally from the Dutch East Indies,—for the past four months have been as follows:—March 5.783 tons, April 5.653 tons. May 10.065 tons, June 13.044 tons, while production on estates under 100 acres in Malaya (mostly native Rubber) for February was 12,803 tons March 14.836 tons, April 14.89[illegible]s and May 18.401 tons. The figu[illegible] for June production in Malaya [illegible] not yet available. As regards estate production, we have heard of several estates in the past week or ten days, the directors of which are considering re-opening and with that object in view are making for and sales.

We sincerely trust that the powers that be will not be misled by the present advance into thinking that the situation in Rubber is now curing itself and that no further steps for restriction are necessary. It is perfectly true that for the next two or three months with renewed activity in America and elsewhere consumption will probably exceed production but at anything like the present price level production is sure to increase fairly rapidly till we come to the Autumn when a normal decline in consumption will coincide with a normal increase in production. The output both of estate and native rubber has always shown a regular seasonal increase towards the end of the year.

We have received by cable from New York the American 'Questionnaire' figures for June which we give below togethe with the figures for May 1933 and June 1932 for comparison:—

Arrivals June 1933 22729 tons May 1933 27556 tons June 1932 41394 tons.

Consumption June 1933 51326 tons May 1933 44.581 tone June 1932 39.116 tons.

Consumption per working day June 1933 1974 tons May 1933 1715 tons June 1932 1504 tons.

Stock June 1933 333954 tons May 1933 364623 tons June 1932 345702 tons.

Afloat June 1933 63608 tons May 1933 43342 tons June 1932 43079 tons.

Consumption Reclaimed June 1933 9674 tons May 1933 7770 tons June 1932 7031 tons.

Ratio Reclaimed to Crude June 1933 18.8 per cent May 1933 17.4 per cent June 1932 18.0 per cent.

The consumption constitutes a new high record. The previous record was in May, 1929 when the total was 49,233 tons. It has of course been known for some time that June consumption would be high. We predicted a figure of over 50.000 tons in our Report dated 21st June. It will pe noted that while stocks in America are down by about 30,000 tons the Afloat is up by about 20,000 tons. making a nett decrease in Stock and Afloat of 10.400 tons. which is satisfactory.

The closing price of Ribbed Smoked Sheet on the Spot in New York yesterday was 9 3/8 cents buyers (flat parity 4 21/32d. at exchange 4.84), being a rise of 2 cents on the week. The Rubber Exchange of New York closing prices yesterday were:—July 9.30 (last week 7.40). September 10.05 (7.65). October 10.25 (7.78) December 10.65 (8.05). January 10.77 (8.10) March 10.97 (8.25) and May 11.17 (8.48).

THE STATE-AIDED BANK OF TRAVANCORE,

LIMITED

Head Office:—ALLEPPEY.

Branches:—TRIVANDRUM CHANGANACHERRY, COCHIN, QUILON, KOTTAYAM, KAYENKULAM & ERNAKULAM

(Under the patronage of the Government of His Highness The Maharajah of Travancore).

CHAIRMAN:—Mr. K. C. PANDALAI, B.SC. (ECON.)

Fixed Deposits are now received at the following rates:—

For Six Months ... ... 4 per cent. per annum.
For One Year ... ... 4½ " "
For 2 Years or more ... ... 5 " "

The interest is payable half-yearly. The Bank has made arrangements at Madras, Bombay, Calcutta and Bangalore for receiving and paying the Deposits At PAR. For further particulars apply to:

C. KRISHNA MENON, M.A., Manager, or

THE CHAIRMAN, COLLEGE BUILDINGS, ESPLANADE, MADRAS.

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Aug. 4.

B. C. RATE:—
T T and D D 1|6

LONDON:—
Banks Selling T. T. and D. D 1/6 1/32
Banks Selling T. T. 1/6 1/32 to Dec.
Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 3/32.
Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32
Ban Buying 3 Months 1/6 5/32 Aug/Sept.

New York B C. RATE:—
T T 297 nominal
Banks selling T T 295 nominal
Banks buying T T 291-1-2 nominal

PARIS:—
Banks selling D D 633
Banks buying D D 643

AMSTERDAM:—
Banks Selling D D 61|3|8

JAPAN:—
Banks selling T T 82 nominal
Banks Buying 60 Days 80|1|2 nominal.

HONGKONG:—
Banks Selling D D 94|3|4

SHANGHAI:—
Banks selling D D 84-1-4

SINGAPORE:—
Banks Selling D. D. 156 1/4

JAVA:—
Banks Selling D D 61|3|8

BERLIN:—
Banks Selling D D 103|1|2

CROSS RATE:—
New York/London 4.53 3rd instant
Shanghai/London 1/3 4th instant
Japan/London 1/2 5/8 4th instant
London/Paris 84.68 3rd instant.
London/Belgium 23.75 3rd instant
London/Switzerland 17.13 3rd instant
London/Italy 63.12 3rd instant
London/Berlin 13.91 3rd instant
London/Holland 8.21 3rd instant
London/Stockholm 19.39 3rd instant
London/New York 4.53 3rd instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
Gold £6-4-3 2nd instant £6-4-7 3rd instant
Silver London Ready 17 3/4 2nd instant 17 7/8 3rd instant
Silver London Forward 17 7/8 2nd instant 17 15/16 3rd instant.
Silver New York ready 36 2nd instant 36 1/4 3rd instant
London Discounts 3 mos 7/16 per cent 2nd instant; 7/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 mos 3/4 cent 2nd instant; 3/4 per cent 3rd instant
Imperial Bank Rate 3 1|2 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1 per cent.
3 mos. 1 per cent.
6 mos. 2 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

Bombay, Aug. 4.

	Bales.
Berar	103
Dhollera	644
Sind-Punjab	100
Compta-Dharwar	164
Weste n-Northerns	139
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	606
Persians	8
Americans	504
Egyptians	204
East Africans	2,448
Total Cotton	4,920
	Cwts.
Wheat	14,206
Linseed	14,394
Rape, Rai & Mustardseeds	270
Poppyseed	16
Groundnuts	4,574
Castorseed	1,529
Rice	3,085
Myrabollams	518
Cottonseed	200
Gram	800
Joowar	30
Barley	375
Bajree	1,605
	Tons.
Coal	1,091

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, Aug. 3.

Wheat. Rozario Santa Fe., Parcels, 26/- Aug. Sellers.

Wheat. Barletta Russo, Parcels. 25/9 Aug. Sellers.

Wheat. South Australian. Parcels. 28/6 Aug. Quoted.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Clan Monroe arrived at Suez on Tuesday.

The Clan Murdoch left London on Wednesday.

LONDON METAL.

London, Aug. 3.

Copper Braziers	51
Yellow Metal	40-3/4
Spelter Hard Indian Brands	17
Corrugated Sheets 24	16-1/4
Tin English Ingots	215

LINSEED OILS.

London, Aug. 3.

Linseed Oil Naked London per cwt., 20/9 Aug Sellers.

Linseed Oil Naked London per cwt., 21/9 Jan/Apl Paid.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!

RARE OPPORTUNITY!!!

Melodious Music by

Professor

SAWAI GANDHARVA

BOMBAY THEATRE

Grant Road

SATURDAY 5-8-1933

at 9-30 p.m.

Commencing From TO-DAY

IMPERIAL'S

Mythological Marvel

SATI ANSUYA

Featuring:

CHANDA, MUSHTARI, JAMSHEDJI

with a powerful cast

A moving picture from the Mythological lore, depicting the life of a great Sati and the birth of Trimurthi Shree Dattatraya.

Director: MADANRAI VAKIL

Shows: 5, 7-45 and 10-30 Saturday, Sunday and Holidays extra at 2-30 p.m.

MAJESTIC

CINEMA

Girguam, Bombay

A NECKLACE REVEALS THE SECRET !!

But how he deceives his wife with plausible lies !!

ENJOY THIS HILARIOUS FARCE

LET ME EXPLAIN DEAR

Starring the inimitable Comedian and funster

GENE GERRARD

Supported by brilliant cast including

CLAUDE HULBERT, Viola Lyel, Jane Carr

A Scream of laughs from start to finish

4, 6-30 and 10 p. m.

ROXY

New Queen's Road

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Aug. 4.

The local Silver market ruled dull to-day with scattered selling. There was marked absence of any important buying and Shravan delivery after opening at Rs. 56/1 declined to Rs. 55/85. Gold market was also easy with increased selling.

Ready Silver	55-14-0
Shravan	55-15-0
Bhadarva	56-4-0
Ready Gold	30-12-3
Shravan	30-12-6
Bhadarva	30-13-3

LONDON GOLD.

London, Aug. 3.

Gold Bars fine per oz. £6/4/7

LONDON SILVER.

London, Aug. 3.

Silver—Small Offerings.

Spot	17-7/8
Forward	17-15/16

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JUPITER
AND
INSURANCE
go hand in hand.
J1

REGD. NO. B. 1035

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR FHIROZESHAH M MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, AUGUST 5, 1933

JUPITER
GENERAL
is doing all classes of
INSURANCE Business.
J2

MEERUT APPEAL TO PRIVY COUNCIL?

Prominent K. Cs. Volunteer To Appear For Prisoners

RELEASE COMMITTEE AWAITING INSTRUCTIONS FROM INDIA

(Special Cable)

LONDON, Aug. 4.

The Meerut Prisoners' Release Committee which met this evening to consider the result of the appeal, decided that agitation should continue for the release of the remaining prisoners.

A Member of the Committee in a statement to Reuter said that Counsel Katju and the prisoners themselves would decide regarding the next step, ie. appeal to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council and also regarding the question of compensation for the detention of those now acquitted. He said that prominent K. Cs. had intimated their willingness to conduct the case, if brought before the Judicial Committee.

KOTAKAI BOMBED

No Sign Of Hostile Lashkar Noticed

SIMLA, Aug. 4.

News received this morning from the Frontier relates only to air action on Kotakai which was bombed yesterday forenoon by six planes in two formations.

The machines were not sniped at.

The next aerial objective will be decided by Air Officer Commanding in conjunction with the Governor. No sign of hostile lashkars has been noticed now for the last four days. The Peshawar Brigade camping at Ghalanai will remain there till the road is up.

It is understood that Brigadier General Hartley, Director of Military Operations leaves Simla to-morrow for Murree and may from there visit Peshawar returning to Simla on Friday 13th. —A. P.

PINE FOREST ON FIRE

Lives Of 300 Portuguese In Danger

LISBON, Aug. 3.

Troops are engaged in a fight against a raging ten-mile forest fire, which started a week ago. It is now endangering the lives of 300 inhabitants of a small village in the middle of pine plantations in the neighbourhood of the city. The plight of the villagers is aggravated by the intense heatwave which the countryside is experiencing.—Reuter.

TEHRI STATE HOME MEMBER IN TROUBLE

Alleged Setting Up False Claim

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 4.

Justices Mukerji and King of the Allahabad High Court on the application of Pandit Sadanand Nainthani issued notices to Pandit Chakardari Jyal. Home Member of Tehri State and Pandit Chetram Kela to show cause why they should not be prosecuted for the alleged offence of setting up a false claim for nearly Rs. 18,000 against the applicant in the court of the subjudge of Dehradun on the allegation that the amount had been appropriated by the applicant from State funds.—A. P.

GRAVEST JUDICIAL SCANDAL

British Press On Meerut Judgment

LONDON, Aug. 4.

Commenting on the Meerut judgment, the "Manchester Guardian" describes complete reversal of sentences on one-third of the defendants as a startling commentary on the wisdom of the Government of India's initiation of prosecution. The only thing that Government can and ought to do, is to see that there is no repetition of such blemish on British justice.

The "News Chronicle" expresses the opinion that the affair is certainly a bad advertisement for speed and fairness of British justice in India, and ought to lead to prompt and drastic reforms in procedure.

The "Daily Herald" declares that one of the gravest judicial scandals in the history of the Empire has been mitigated, but mitigation is not enough, and as far as possible, it should be wiped out completely.

The acquittals and drastic scaling down of sentences constitute a searing criticism of the irregularity of the previous trial.

Other papers do not comment.—Reuter.

OMISSION OF NAME OF PRESS

Publisher Of Leaflets Jailed For 6 Months

CALCUTTA, Aug. 4.

Annanda Prosad Chowdhury was sentenced to-day, by the Fifth Presidency Magistrate to six months' rigorous imprisonment, under the Press Act, and to further six months, under the Criminal Law Amendment Act, the sentences to run concurrently, on a charge of having published "Bengali" leaflets without the names of the Press and the publisher, and for having been a member of an unlawful Association.—A. P.

STUDENT ARRESTED UNDER B. C. L. A. ACT

CHITTAGONG, Aug. 3.

A 15 year old student of the Chittagong Collegiate School, who is the brother of an undertrial prisoner in the Supplementary Raid case was arrested yesterday under the Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Act.—A. P.

Sir Basil Blackett has joined the General Council of the Union of Britain and India.

COLORADO DAM BURSTS

Inhabitants Flee From Houses In Night Clothes

SEVERAL GOLD MINERS MISSING

Damage Of Lacs Of Dollars: Entire Business At Standstill

DENVER (Colorado), Aug. 3.

Five thousand persons have been forced to evacuate their homes and hundreds of thousands of dollars damage has been caused by floods following the bursting of Castlewood Dam, Smith Place River, 40 miles from the city.

Residents of the city fled in night clothes from fashionable houses in the path of the rushing torrent and firemen and police rescued many persons marooned in their houses.

Electric cables are broken and business is at standstill in the lower part of the town owing to a bridge being swept away.

Several miners, panning gold below the dam, are reported missing.—Reuter.

DISAPPEARED WHILE ON SENTRY DUTY

Hutchings Surrenders Near Race Course But Was Marched To Military Guards

BANGALORE, Aug. 4

After 38 hours of fruitless search in the neighbouring countryside P. T. E. Francis Hutchings aged 20 of South Staffords, reported to be missing with a rifle bayonet, 20 rounds of 303 ammunition while on sentry duty on Tuesday night at Agram Entrenchment magazine was found lying down near the local race course.

Lance Corporal Allan, Military Police cycling on the race course road saw early in the morning yesterday an armed sentry resting on the ground with his bayonet pointing towards the sky. Allen circled round to see if the man was asleep when Hutchings jumped up shouting and surrendered all his arms.

Six cartridges were found empty and the rest of the ammunition in fact.

Hutchings was promptly marched to Military guards.—A. P.

ANOTHER STOVE TRAGEDY

Gujarati Admits He Did Stupid Thing In Allowing His Wife To Use It

"I have been repeatedly reading warnings given by the Coroner to Gujeratthies against the foolish way in which they use Primus Stoves. I admit that in allowing my young wife to use the stove, I did a very stupid thing admitted one Kuverji Gopalji before the City Coroner on Friday morning at the inquest held over the body of his wife, Surjabai, aged 21 years.

From the evidence it transpires that Surjabai living with her husband on the third floor of a building in Mirchi Street, was boiling water inside over a Primus Stove at about 8-30 a.m. on August 3. At that time Kuverji was sitting in the verandha, when he suddenly heard cries ofr help from his wife. When he ran inside the room he found his wife's sari in flames. In trying to tear away the saree, the witness himself got both his hands burnt. Later she was taken to the G. T. Hospital with extensive burns all over the body. She died in the Hospital later in the evening.

The Jury returned a verdict of death due to "shock from extensive burns accidentally sustained from a Primus stove."

NEW MINISTRY FOR C. P.

Messrs. Shareef And Chaubal Of Coalition Party

NAGPUR, Aug. 4.

The Governor appointed new Ministers at noon to-day from the Coalition Party, comprised of the new Democratic Party, Peoples Party and the Muslim Group of three nominated members.

The present coalition sprang after the fall of the Ministry and with the strength of 31 became the dominant Party in the Council.

Messrs. M. Y. Shareef, Nagpur Division and V. B. Chaubal, East Berar, are the new Ministers.—A. P.

VALLABHAI PATEL REMOVED TO NASIK

We understand that Sjt. Vallabhbhai Patel has been removed to Nasik Road Central Prison from Yeravda.

The transfer took place on August 1st, coinciding with the arrest of Mahatma Gandhi and his removal to Yeravda Jail.

FACE NEW ELECTORATE

Butler Advises Bombay Landholders To Adapt To Democracy

(Special Cable)

LONDON, Aug. 3

Landholders in England and India were facing the changing world, said the Parliamentary Under-Secretary for India, Mr. R. A. Butler, speaking at the dinner given by the Landholders of Bombay Presidency.

Associations such as those of Sardars and Inamdars of Bombay Deccan must adapt themselves to meet the changes due to the new political and economic forces. These Associations had made certain claims in their evidence before the Select Committee. As he was a member of the Select Committee, he did not wish to say more than that Government were fully aware of the importance which the hereditary Landholders of Bombay attached to their sanads.

He was certain that the Select Committee would give careful attention to their evidence. Meanwhile the hereditary landholders of India should take consolation from the fact that the British Conservative Party was founded largely on the basis of landowners, and yet it was able to hold its own in this democratic age. Indian landowners, therefor, should not be nervous in appealing to the electorate.

Let them organise themselves and come into the political lead. Government looked to them to provide the valuable element of stability in Indian Governments of the future.

PRESERVE OLD ORDER.

Sardar M. V. Kibe presiding emphasised the part landholding families had played in the history of India and said that it was for the good of India as a whole that their important Order should be preserved by the due safeguard of rights and privileges granted to them by solemn and repeated engagements.—Reuter.

BOY CRUSHED TO DEATH

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 4.

A boy was crushed to death last night under the engine while he was crossing the line on the Ahmedabad station.—A. P.

QUIT ORDER ON BRITON

Turkish Police Deport Representative Of Vickers

BRITISHERS SURPRISED

Detectives Escort Lander To Frontier And See Him Off

(Special Cable).

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 3.

Mr. T. E. Lander, the British Representatibe in Turkey of Vickers Armstrong, has been deported by the Turkish Police. No explanation is given. As it is known that business relations between the Turkish Goovernment and Vickers Armstrong are most friendly, the expulsion has caused a sensation in the British colony.

QUIT ORDER.

Mr. Lander, who was accompanied to the frontier by Turkish detectives, told Reuter that he was at a loss to understand what happened.

Mr. Lander, who only returned fsom London on Sunday, arrived at the headquarters at Ankara yesterday. Immediately thereafter, the police called on him and told him to go to Istanboul, and on arrival there, he was taken to the police headquarters and was ordered to leave the country immediately, though the reason for this was withheld.

Vickets Amstrong have many contracts with the Turkish Government.

ernment, including an order for six big seaplanes which was nearly completed.

GINNING FACTORIES IN BARRAGE AREAS

Sind Cotton Committee To Recommend To Central Committee

KARACHI, August 1.

(By Mail.)

The third meeting of the Sind Cotton Committee was held at Karachi on the 31st of July, in the offices of the Karachi Chamber of Commerce.

The Chief Agricultural Officer in Sind, Mr. W.J. Jenkins, presided.

The Committee considered a report on the regulation of the construction of new cotton ginning and pressing factories in the Barrage Areas submitted by a Sub-Committee appointed at the second meeting in January, 1933, to consider this question. It was decided that, in view of the present scarcity of ginning factories in Sind to deal with the development of cotton cultivation under the Barrage Canals, it would not be desirable to impose special regulation on the construction of factories in the meantime as such action might hinder the extension of ginning facilities and consequently be adverse to the interests of the cotton-growers.

At the same time, the Committee agreed that the local Government should have enabling powers to introduce legislation for the licensing of gins and presses in future, if such regulation was found to be desirable from the standpoint of the growers. Accordingly, it was decided to represent this decision to the Indian Central Cotton Committee for support, and for action in the direction of the necessary amendment of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories' Act (1925).

Ahmedabad.—The City Magistrate has received a report of the cutting of telegraph wires by some person between Kalol and Pansar stations of B. B. and C. I. Railway.—A. P.

I. T. U. C. VOTE FOR GERMAN BOYCOTT

Condemn Acts Of Terrorism Against Jews And Socialists

(SPECIAL CABLE).

BRUSSELS, Aug. 3.

A motion proposing the immediate general boycott of German goods and vehemently condemning acts of terrorism of Germany against Socialists, Trade Unionists, Pacifists, Jews was passed in the final session of the International Trade Union Congress which has been sitting here some days.

The Polish motion to urge workers to start a movement towards taking over the reins of Government was defeated.

ORDINANCE BAN ON SWASTIKA

(Special Cable).

WINDHOEK, Aug. 3.

Anti-Nazi protests here assumed a concrete form when the Legislative Assembly passed the Criminal Law Amendment Ordinance banning the wearing of uniform without permission, and prohibiting boycotting any race or community.

The Bill imposes a penalty not exceeding 100 sterling or in the alternative one year's imprisonment for wearing uniforms without the Administrator's permission, making threats of violence, inciting others to boycott any particular race, disseminating propaganda or becoming a member of a foreign organisation whose activities are subversive to peace.

It is understood that the German Union members are sending a protest to General Hertzog.

BRITISH COTTON DELEGATION FOR BOMBAY

To Confer With Indian Millowners

LONDON, Aug. 4.

According to "The Daily Telegraph's" Manchester correspondent, the British cotton industry's delegation proceeds to Bombay on August 25 to discuss thoroughly the situation with Indian Millowners, before the arrival of the Japanese Delegation.

It is headed by Sir William Clare Lees and comprises influential representatives of the Cotton Spinners' and Manufacturers Associations.—Reuter.

GAVE HIS LIFE FOR CONVICTIONS

London Indians' Tribute To Sen Gupta

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, Aug. 4.

The late Mr. Sen Gupta's memory was honoured at a special meeting of Indians at Essex Hall presided over by Mr. C. S. Ranga Aiyer.

A resolution was passed expressing admiration at his heroism in giving his life for his convictions and for the freedom of his country.

Sympathetic messages were received from Sir T. B. Sapru and Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose.

AGENT "UNABLE TO INTERFERE"

B. B. And C. I. Railway Workers' Grievances

(From A Correspondent.)

DOHAD, August 3.

A public meeting of the B.B. and C.I. Railway workers was held in the Freelandganj Railway Colony at Dohad, Mr. Nandurbarker presiding.

The meeting considered the replies given by the agent to the various points, such as, retrenchment, wage-cut, abolition of certain clauses in the service agreement bond, etc.

The Agent gave a patient hearing but expressed his inability to interfere in the matter that was decided by his predecessor.

The meeting passed a resolution appealing to the workers to strengthen the Union.

INCOME-TAX TRIBUNAL

Bombay Shroffs Demand Separate Body For Presidency

The Hon. Secretary, Bombay Shroff Association has addressed the following to the Deputy Secretary to the Government of Bombay, (Finance Department).

The Committee of this Association have considered the scheme proposed by the Government of India for the creation of a final Tribunal of Appeal for hearing and deciding Income Tax appeals It has given them great satisfaction to learn that Government have at last recognised the justice of the demand of the mercantile community to make the question of fact along with those of law appealable to the final Tribunal. My Committee on the whole approve of the main principles of the scheme subject to the following qualifications:—

(1) The scheme as adumbrated appears very costly and therefore proper attention should be directed to make it as economical as possible both for the Government and for the public. (2) Fees for appeals should not be so expensive as to be prohibitive. (3) Of the three referees on the Tribunal of Appeal, one should be a representative of the commercial community so as to inspire confidence amongst merchants, and (4) As the Income-tax work in the Bombay Presidency is very heavy, it is necessary to have one fixed separate Tribunal of appeal for the Bombay Presidency so as to cope with the work.

ABSCONDING YOUTH ARRESTED

MIDNAPUR, Aug. 4.

A young Bengali who is alleged to be wanted in connection with an important political case and who absconded from the Ferozpur sub-jail was arrested here by the Assistant Police Superintendent. A reward of Rs. 750 had been declared by the Government for his apprehension.

EMPLOYER ALSO ARRESTED.—The Medical Practitioner under whom the arrested youth was serving as compounder was also arrested.—A. P.

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